Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIII. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, AUGUST 3, 1868. NUMBER 184.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK M.

NEW YORK CITY MATTERS.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 1.—The steamer Louisiana from Europe has arrived.

Judge Cordoza to-day rendered a decision in the Supreme Court that the Fernando Wood leases must be executed by the city. This involves the payment of a yearly rental of $18,000 for buildings Nos. 115 and 117 Nassau street. The Judge also rendered a decision against the city in the claim of the New York *Times* for some $25,000 for advertising.

The deaths for the week were seven hundred and thirty, being fifty-one less than the preceding week.

The anniversary demonstration by the blacks in honor of emancipation in the British West Indies was postponed to next Tuesday.

The Pacific mail steamer Arizona, which sailed to-day for Aspinwall, took one thousand and ninety bars of railroad iron and other material for the Central Pacific Railroad, and one thousand and seventy-five packages of merchandize for Japan and China.

The new steamer Alaska sails next Saturday for Aspinwall.

The injunctions against the Rock Island Railroad Company were vacated to-day by Judge Cordoza and a motion for receiver denied, the plaintiffs being given leave to discontinue suits.

Mary Ann Broadwell was arrested for attempting to poison a girl named Hattie Ball, both employés on a canal boat.

An accident befell the diving apparatus employed in the supposed wreck of the British frigate Hussar yesterday, the purchase to the bell suddenly breaking, but the divers were rescued uninjured.

An old man named Newell was brutally beaten and robbed on his own door step in Washington street of $425. The perpetrators were secured.

Col. Fred Wood, nominally an Internal Revenue detective, but supposed to be a confidence operator, has been committed on a charge of larceny for obtaining a diamond ring valued at $1,000 belonging to Mrs. Harris.

Jas. Van Dersurfe, a young German, who attempted an indecent assault on a young woman named Gardner, who sought employment in his establishment on Bleeker street, was convicted of assault and battery and remanded for sentence.

A sail boat was struck by a schooner in the Hudson river this morning and upset. A boy named Humphreys was drowned. His father escaped.

NEW YORK, August 2.—The oil factory of S. E. Oppenheimer & Co., located at the foot of Eighteenth street, East river, last evening was destroyed by fire. Loss $300,000, insured for $150,000. The cause of the fire is unknown.

The turning mill of Henry Worner, in Schermerhorn street, Brooklyn, was destroyed by fire yesterday. A number of adjoining buildings were damaged. Loss $30,000, of which $26,000 falls on Worner; partially insured.

The steamer Caledonia, from Glasgow, has arrived.

General Schofield, Secretary of War, is at the Metropolitan Hotel.

One of the masts of the London Packet Ship Yorktown was shivered by lightning on Saturdny evening.

The long pending controversy between the Board of Health and the butchers has resulted in a compromise. The latter are allowed till the 1st of January to remove their slaughter houses from the city, and have agreed to acquiesce in any health ordinance or regulation the board may deem necessary.

Heinrich Schafer, arrested at Patterson, New Jersey, charged with the murder of his master, mistress and two children in the Grand Duchy of Hesse Darmstadt, was brought to New York to be transferred to the German authorities.

From the Pacific Coast.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—The Golden Age, from Panama, sailed to-day with $848,000 in treasure, $833,000 for New York.

The United States steamer Pensacola reports the Suwanee a total wreck. Eight of the Suwanee's crew arrived here to-day by the Pensacola.

A fire at Coburn's Station, Central Pacific Railroad, to-day destroyed fifty buildings. No insurance.

Late Arizona advices state the Indians attacked the mail escort between camps Reno and McDonald and killed four soldiers of Company E, Eighth Cavalry.

Mining news unimportant.

The United States steamer Pensacola, Admiral Thatcher, arrived at Victoria to-day.

Alaski advices to July 20th state that the troops were well. Business dull. Coal mines had been discovered near Sitka on the main land, considered unequalled in quality and extent, the seam being over thirty feet wide and traceable some distance. The United States steamer Saginaw tried the coal and pronounced it excellent. It has the appearance of pure anthracite, and superior to any Lehigh.

Yellow Fever in New Orleans—The Supreme Court.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, August 1.—Citizens returning from the North report that the impression exists that yellow fever prevails in New Orleans. This is a great mistake. But two deaths have occurred from yellow fever in this city during the whole season, and both were sporadic cases. The city was never healthier.

Governor Warmouth nominated and the Senate confirmed five Judges of the Supreme Court yesterday. Jno. T. Ludeling, Chief Justice, was a prominent Conservative member of the Convention and refused to sign and published a protest against the Constitution. J. G. Talliafero, one of the Associate Justices, was President of the Convention, has been latterly a Conservative Republican and was candidate for Governor at the recent election. Two of the others were already on the bench.

General Sheridan Arrested for Assault and Battery.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LEAVENWORTH, August 1.—Gen. Sheridan was arrested here to-day on complaint of Mr. Dunn for assault and battery. Dunn is Postmaster at Fort Leavenworth, but was ordered off the Reserve a few days ago for alleged misconduct, and refusing to obey the order was forcibly ejected, hence the action for assault.

Banker Charged with Larceny.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, August 1.—Chas. Pickering, formerly a banker in this city, was arrested to-day and confined in jail on a requisition from the Governor of Michigan, charged with grand larceny in relation to the sale of cattle taken from an Island in the upper lakes. He will be removed to Michigan for trial.

Departure of Hon. Reverdy Johnson for Europe—An Ovation.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, August 1.—Hon. Reverdy Johnson and family sailed for Southampton to-day on the steamer Baltimore, Baltimore-Bremen line, and was escorted down the river by a large number of personal friends on the steamer Chesapeake and about a dozen steamers and tug-boats crowded with passengers. The Baltimore was decorated from deck to top-gallant mast with flags and her rafling fore and aft with evergreens. The entrance to the ship from the gangway was arched with flowers and evergreens. Among those who escorted Mr. Johnson were Baron Geralt, Prussian Minister, Senator Van Winkle, General Van Vleet, Quartermaster's Department, General Brooke, Commandant Fort McHenry, Hon. C. C. Cox, Commissioner of Patents, ex-Governor, and many members of the press from Washington and Baltimore. On passing Fort McHenry a salute of thirteen guns was fired and flags dipped on board the ship. Mayor Banks, of Baltimore, toasted Mr. Johnson in behalf of the people of the city, whom he claimed to represent, and wished him a pleasant voyage. Mr. Johnson responded in appropriate terms, and in the course of his remarks said: "I go to England as a Minister of Peace. My instructions look to peace. And if I am able to carry them out in the spirit in which they are given me, peace will result. So obviously is this the interest of the two nations that the good men of both will strive to make more firm and enduring than ever the peace now existing. We are the same people, descended from the same stock, and no matter how much we may have differed in the past, and have met on sea or land, we are now satisfied. It does not pay us to be at enmity. We ought to stand together and maintain the principles of political liberty. There is another government which has stood by us in the past, whose interests and ours are the same, and I ask you to join me in a toast to the King of Prussia, and the able representatives of that monarch, who is always a consistent friend to the United States, and endeared to us all who have known him during the many years he has represented his Government in this country."

Baron Von Geralt expressed gratitude for this kind recognition by Mr. Johnson and reiterated a firm and devoted friendship to the Government and people of America on behalf of himself and his Government.

In response to the toast to the State of Maryland and her Minister to England, ex-Governor Bradford responded in eloquent and appropriate language.

The ovation to Mr. Johnson was by his fellow citizens, regardless of political feeling, and was a fitting endorsement of his unanimous confirmation by the Senate.

The Chesapeake parted from the Baltimore in the Bay at 5:35 p. m.

Shooting Affray in Columbia, S. C., Between Legislators.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

COLUMBIA, S. C., August 2.—An affray occurred last night, at midnight, between a party of ten or twelve negro members of the Legislature and five whites, which resulted in the mortal wounding of one of the latter, by a pistol shot through the head. The whites entered a boarding house in a disreputable portion of the town by mistake, supposing it to be a brothel, and were struck by one of the negroes. Upon the stick being wrenched from his hand the whole party ran in front of the house and commenced firing. Twenty or thirty shots were discharged, and the whites retreated, except the wounded man, and he was too drunk and remained on the sidewalk and was shot down. The author of the crime is unknown. No arrests were made. Much excitement prevails among the citizens. The whites are said to have been unarmed. No weapons were found on the body of the wounded man.

Alabama Legislature.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MONTGOMERY, August 1.—In the Senate to-day the militia bill passed. It authorizes the Governor to organize the militia when he sees proper.

The disability removal bill was hotly discussed. Mr. Pennington and others generally favor it, but Northern Republicans oppose it.

In the House Mr. McGraw, speaker, brought up the bill removing the disabilities of the people of Chambers county. This, it is hoped, will be the entering wedge for a general bill.

The common carrier bill introduced by a negro, of Mobile, is a bone of contention and is causing much hard feeling. The negroes are clamorous for it, and the mover says if it does not pass it will cause serious disturbance in Mobile. The bill provides that whites and blacks shall ride in the same railroad cars and steamboat cabins.

The Express Robbers.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, KY., August 1.—William and Simon Reno, charged with being engaged in robbing the Express Company of $94,000 on the 24th of May, were brought back to New Albany this morning by the Sheriff of Scott county, Indiana, and placed in jail, where they will remain until the 7th of September, when they will be taken back to Scott county for trial. Some disposition was made to mob the prisoners by men from Jackson county, but the precautions which had been taken deterred them.

Tennessee Legislature.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NASHVILLE, TENN., August 1.—Generals S. H. Cheatham, Forrest, Palmer and others had a conference to-day with a committee of the Legislature upon the political troubles in Tennessee. The result has not transpired, but the chances of a satisfactory solution of the difficulties are good. The inclination to call out the militia is abating, though strong efforts will be made by some Radical members to push the measure through the Legislature.

Application for Mandamus.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, August 1.—The application of Hudson E. Bridge for a mandamus to compel certain officers of the Pacific Railroad to allow him to examine the books, papers and records of the company was argued before Judge Rombauer, of the Circuit Court, but the final decision was reserved until Monday.

Drowned at Atlanta City.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ATLANTIC CITY, Aug. 2.—Henry Trough, a Mr. Van Pirk, and a son of Rev. Haza Balton, all of Philadelphia, were drowned here yesterday while bathing. This makes six cases of drowning which have occurred at this place within the past few days.

Alleged Murderers Held to Bail.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHARLESTON, Aug. 2—The parties charged with the murder of Mr. Dillin, who were recently turned over to the civil authorities by the military, have had a hearing on a writ of *habeas corpus*, and have been released on bail.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

Alaska Paid For—Admiral Dahlgren and Gen. Schofield—Patent Extended—Financial—Postoffice Department—Affairs in the South, &c.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, August 1, 1868.

ALASKA PAID FOR.

The warrant for the payment of the purchase money for Alaska, $7,200,000 in coin, was to-day signed by the Secretary of the Treasury and submitted to Baron Stoeckel, Russian Minister. The draft for that amount, payable in New York, was signed by General Spinner this morning, and the following was the receipt given for it by the Russian Minister:

"The undersigned, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of his Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias, do hereby acknowledge to have received at the Treasury Department in Washington, $7,200,000 in coin, being the full amount due from the United States to Russia, in consideration of the cession by the latter power to the former of certain territory described in the treaty entered into by the Emperor of all the Russias on the 30th day of March, 1867.

[Signed.] STOECKEL."

"Washington, August 1st, 1868."

FINANCIAL.

The fractional currency issued for the week amounted to $396,000; amount shipped $498,778. United States notes shipped to national banks $11,466. National bank notes issued $123,500; amount in circulation $209,907,218. Fractional currency destroyed $563,158.

PATENT EXTENDED.

The patent for A. C. Millich for making paper from wood and straw has been extended for seven years by the Commissioner of Patents. This is the patent that has caused so much litigation among various paper makers throughout the country.

ADMIRAL DAHLGREN.

Rear Admiral Dahlgren, Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, arrived last night and will take active charge of the office on Monday.

RUSTICATING.

Secretary Schofield left the city last night for Newport and will be absent only a few days.

WASHINGTON, August 2, 1868.

RESUMES HIS DUTIES.

Gen. Steedman left to-day for New Orleans to resume his duties as Collector of Internal Revenue.

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT.

The statements recently published respecting the financial affairs of the Postoffice Department are unreliable. The official exhibit will not be completed until September or October, and the greater part of whatever deficiency may be found will be owing to the establishment of expensive mail routes in new western Territories.

AFFAIRS IN THE SOUTH.

Senator Harris, of Louisiana, who is still here, has received many letters from Louisiana and Mississippi, but none of them allude to any organized opposition to existing affairs in either State.

Specials state:

About three hundred removals will be made in the Treasury Department next week, mostly females.

Caleb Cushing has resigned as one of the Commissioners to codify the laws of the United States.

The President has appointed Ex-Governor Bigler, of California, United States Commissioner to examine the Central Pacific Railroad, vice L. D. Smith, resigned.

The Postmaster General is having an official statement prepared to show the actual deficiency in the Department for the year is less than four millions.

Insurance Company Deposits in Canada.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

OTTAWA, August 1.—The different insurance companies have deposited about one million dollars in cash, a million in Canadian and British securities, and three-quarters of a million in United States securities in the Treasury. Discount on American invoices for the week is thirty per cent.

The Minister of Customs has published coasting regulations in lieu of former regulations of the province of Canada.

Non-Union Feeling in Nova Scotia.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MONTREAL, August 1.—A dispatch from Halifax says Mr. Howe has published a letter rebuking the violent articles recently published in the anti-union newspapers of Nova Scotia. He advises the people to give the Canadian Ministers, now on their way to Nova Scotia, a courteous reception, and the remedial measures proposed, a fair hearing. It is reported Dr. Tupper will retire from the Ministry, and that Mr. Howe will have a seat in the Cabinet.

Railroad Accident—Mortality in Boston.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, Aug. 1.—A misplaced switch sent a gravel train through the engine house at Beverly, yesterday, demolishing the building and severely injuring ten men, one of whom, Richard Barrett, had eight ribs broken.

The number of deaths in Boston during the week was 158, of which 107 were five years old and under, showing an unusual mortality among children.

Reunion of Army Officers.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 1.—A call for a social reunion of ex-officers of the Army of the James, viz: Tenth, Eighteenth, Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth Army Corps, to meet at Boston, September 2d, is issued. It is signed by Generals Hawley, Turner, Foster, Osborne and Shepley.

Republican Mass Meeting in Augusta, Ga.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

AUGUSTA, GA., Aug. 1.—A Republican mass meeting was held at the Court House to-day for the purpose of appointing delegates to the State Convention at Atlanta. A letter was read from Joshua Hill, saying he would stump for Grant and Colfax.

San Francisco Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, August 1.—Flour and Wheat quiet and unchanged. Legal Tenders 70. Mining Stocks moderately active with a slight improvement on most descriptions. Alpha sold at 43; Belcher, 115; Bullion, 21; Chollar, 143; Confidence, 35; Crown Point, 89; Empire Mill, 120; Gould Curry, 105; Hale Norcross, 88; Imperial, 500; Kentuck, 387; Ophir, 22; Overman, 81; Savage, 134; Sierra Nevada, 34; Yellow Jacket, 11,55.

LETTERS FROM EUROPE---NO. 3.

The Scenery of the Green Isle—The Lord Lieutenant—Dublin and its Places of Interest—Trinity College—The Church of England and its Impositions on the People—The Reform Pressure—Irish People, &c., &c.

(Special Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BELFAST, IRELAND, July 1868.

Ireland is divided into four provinces, and these contain, in the aggregate, thirty-two counties. It is nearly as long as the State of Pennsylvania, but on an average not so broad. Its natural scenery is varied, and much of it very beautiful. It has no range of mountains as lofty or extensive as the Alleghenies, but Mount Tove and Blue Mountain, around the lakes of Killarny, lift their proud summits high up into the air, present a bold, striking aspect, and on their brow rest the clouds ere "they depart for the islandless sea." Much of the country is beautifully rolling, and many fine landscapes present themselves to your view. There is no timber, and no forests but such as have been planted by human hands. Your readers know that "turf" is the chief fuel used here, and at this season of the year thousands of loads of it, drying in the sun, are piled up in every bog. The North of Ireland is under much better cultivation than the South. The towns and cities present a better appearance, and there is less squalor and beggary among the people. The South of Ireland is Catholic, the North is Protestant. Father Hecker's logic to the contrary notwithstanding, *facts* show—and facts are stubborn things—that where the influence of the Papacy prevails, there intellectual vigor, moral strength and progress in all that is good and noble and elevating are wanting.

The highest official in Ireland is "the Lord Lieutenant" appointed by the crown of England. He holds his office for life, or "during good behavior," and has his palatial residence near Phœnix Park in Dublin. Dublin is the largest city on the Island, and is well worth a visit from the traveler. It is an old city, and though it has a few fine streets, and some magnificent buildings, the "back slums" are narrow, very dirty and crowded with wretched, miserable human beings. Cork and Dublin are both very dirty and I never before saw such filthiness, squalor, wretchedness and poverty as in some parts of these cities.

In Dublin the Duke of Wellington was born, and in the Park a large splendid monument has been erected to perpetuate the glory of his name and his services in the cause of his country. Here also were born, and here lived some of the most eminent orators of the past age. Burke, whose noble statue in bronze, is in the front yard of Trinity College, Curran, Grattan, Emmet, &c., and it is now the home of the scholarly French, successor to Whately, in the archiepiscopate. Dublin has a fine Park. It is not so highly improved as some parts of Central Park, New York, nor has it so much variety of scenery, but it is much larger, containing 1,800 acres, and is surrounded by a substantial stone wall; herds of cows and young cattle feed on its pastures, and hundreds of deer roam over its broad acres. The zoological gardens are in it, and when at a distance therefrom, we heard the lion's tremendous roar. One part of the Park is devoted especially to flowers, and I may here add that from our first landing in Ireland, we have been constantly impressed with the exceeding richness, gorgeousness and brilliancy of the colors of the flowers. They are very beautiful indeed. The geraniums, fuchias, &c., of our latitude do not compare with them.

One object of much interest in Dublin is the Bank of Ireland. It is in the old Parliament House. In the room formerly occupied by the members of the House of Commons, a hundred and more clerks are now daily counting money from morning to night. The room used by the House of Lords is as it was when they left it. The large table in the centre on which they wrote, the chairs on which they sat, the statues of King William III and other notable characters that looked down upon them are there. It is a place of historic interest, and will not soon be forgotten by him who visits it.

Another institution to which a visit should be paid is Trinity College, the oldest college in Ireland under the auspices of the Church of England. It was founded by Queen Elizabeth, nearly three hundred years ago, and has thirty-one acres of most beautiful grounds in the very heart of the city. The original design of the institution was to educate and equip for their work ministers of the Episcopal Church, but it has been enlarged, and is now a University. Physicians are educated there, and barristers and engineers. There are now in the University thirteen hundred students, twenty-six fellows and nine senior fellows. We were conducted through its Museum by a gentleman who has resided in America, and who has for us and our institutions a warm sympathy. Goldsmith, as Irving tells us, was at one time ejected from Trinity College on account of stupidity. He was considered a blockhead and incapable of becoming anything. His statue, in beautiful bronze is now in the yard of Trinity College opposite that of Burke. He is represented as holding in one hand a pen and in the other a roll of manuscript. "Poor Goldsmith," as he was familiarly termed, immortalized himself and stands among the foremost of writers in the English language, but the world has never heard of the men who thought it best to dismiss him from the College.

While at Dublin we went into the Chapel Royal. It is a small building, as Chapels Royal usually are, but elaborately finished. Here the Lord Lieutenant worships. His seat is elevated and above the pulpit, to show that the State is above the church. He appoints the most eminent preachers in the Irish church, and in turn they fill the pulpit.

In my last letter I referred to the dissatisfaction and discontent that exist among many of the Irish people. It has been our aim, while passing through the country, to mingle as much as possible with *the people* and to learn their habits and customs, to see how they live and feel and what they think about. And it is evident that many of the people of Ireland are not content. Indeed I should wonder if they were! They are dissatisfied with the existing state of things. They groan under the heavy taxes and the treatment they receive at the hands of some of the large land owners. The pressure for reform, not only in Ireland, but throughout Great Britain, is tremendous, and the Government knows this. Why Ireland has to-day a police force thirteen thousand strong! Many of them are mounted—besides all are regularly trained—and policemen are not only in the cities and large towns as with us, but in all the country. They are everywhere, and wherever you go, you see soldiers. Dublin seemed to be full of them. Nearly every other man you met was dressed in uniform. Think of a police force of 13,000 men for so small a country as Ireland. Men will tell you: "It is necessary to keep the people in subjection. Lawlessness and violence cannot be tolerated." I grant it. But is not something radically wrong when so large a force is necessary to keep in subjection so few? The people cannot be satisfied or they would attend to the peaceful pursuits of industry and not break out so frequently in violence and disorder. John Bright, M. P. made a speech at Limerick the other day. He properly characterised the large police as an "armed force that should not exist in the country." On last Monday, July 13th, there were "Orange" processions and demonstrations in all the cities and towns. Soldiers were sent everywhere almost, even to small places, to preserve order and prevent outbreaks; but notwithstanding all the precautions taken, there were disturbances in many places, and in the town of Monaghan a man was murdered. The Catholics are most bitter in their feelings toward the Orangemen, and could not allow them to "march with fife and drum and play party tunes" without attacking them. The Irish have not learned, as our people have, to allow their fellow-men to have and enjoy their own opinion and think and talk as they please, so long as they keep in peace and violate no law.

The Irish Church question has been for some time, and still is, exciting much interest in this country. The question is: Shall the Episcopal Church in Ireland be "disendowed" and "disestablished?" The Catholics say, "Yes." And I am told that a majority of the Protestant population, outside of the Church of England, also say "Yes." Of course, Episcopalians say "No," at least most of them. Mr. Gladstone, however, a worthy member and firm adherent of the Church of England, is the leader of the movement in Parliament. Mr. Bright is with him. They both advocate vigorously the disendowment of the Irish Church. What are the facts? The "Church" population of Ireland, *i. e.* those holding to and being reared in the faith of Episcopalianism, is about 500,000. They receive yearly from the Government £600,000—*three million dollars in gold*—or six dollars for every man, woman and child, besides lands called "glibes," amounting to many thousands of acres. Every one must aid in paying this enormous sum, no matter what his religious belief may be. The disendowment of the Church would lift a great burden from the people at which they could not but rejoice. In County Tyrone there is a church composed of one family. On a wet Sunday the Rector sends over in the morning to see if the family are "going to church." If not, he stays at home, and there is no service that day. And yet he receives some hundreds of pounds sterling per annum for his labors!

A few days since Dean Stanley made a motion in the lower House of Convocation to endow the Catholic Church in Ireland. The Dean was consistent. Let *all* be endowed—nay, rather, let *all* be disendowed, and the voluntary principle become universal. The Catholics say *they* don't want endowment. The Dean's motion, however, will fail, and the signs of the times indicate that it will not be long till Ireland will be delivered from the "intolerable burden of an established church."

I had intended that this should be my last letter from the Emerald Isle, but a few words further concerning it and its people I must reserve for another. I write these letters *currente calamo*, and I trust my readers will not criticise too severely.

At eight this evening, July 17th, our party leaves Belfast for Glasgow, Scotland.

JOSEPH KING.

COLFAX'S SPEECH AT SOUTH BEND.

HON. SCHUYLER COLFAX, returning to his home at South Bend on the 30th, was welcomed with an enthusiastic reception, by a vast gathering of his neighbors of all political sentiments. From his speech of acknowledgement on this occasion, we make the annexed extracts:

"There is one thing that embarrasses me in speaking before you to-day. As I address you there comes through into my mind the great issues which the millions of the American people are to settle at the polls at the November elections, but my lips, from the position that I now occupy before this people, are to be sealed in regard to these issues. I can not speak in regard to the platforms, nor can I speak as I deem propriety forbids me, of the candidates that are arrayed against us. I have not deemed it proper or fitting, when one is presented by the people, or by a party representing a large portion or a majority of the American people, for the national offices for which General Grant and myself have been presented, to go into the political arena and there discuss these exciting and agitating questions. My record is made up before you. It is written on the pages of our country's legislation for the past fourteen years. It is inscribed there where I could not erase it if I would, and where I would not erase it if I could. It is there for good or evil. It is my convictions expressed in my votes, in my speeches, in my letters; the convictions of my life and of my heart, believed in with all my soul and strength and mind. Not one word of it shall I ever take back. Every word of it is confirmed to me by the experience of past years, and there is not, as I look back at it, one single sentence that, dying, I would wish to blot.

What may be the future for me, depends not now upon the people of this district alone, but upon the millions of the American people. I have faith—you know how my faith has been in the times of national and party reverses—never flagging, never quailing, never abating—I have faith to-day. I think I can see in all the signs of the times the triumphant victory that awaits the great leader of our Union hosts, rivalling in its brilliancy and its beneficient effects upon our country, the brilliant victories won by him against the armies of the rebellion. I believe an over-ruling Providence holds the destinies of our Union in his hands. He proved us as a Union when treason seemed to threaten our existence. He strengthened our hearts for every sacrifice required at our hands. He lifted us to a nobler plane of patriotism, because he had determined, as I believe, that treason should never rule in this fair land of ours. ["Good, good," and applause.] He saved our Union for us, and the same over-ruling Providence that watched over the armies of the revolution and led them to press on, year after year, until the glorious light of victory shone upon their banners, and then, in this late war, saved us when the rebellion that seemed to the world outside likely to destroy our national existence, will stand by us in this contest. And although the men who were put down by the arms of the American people may rise again and proclaim their treason throughout all that region, He who ruleth in the heavens will, as I believe, bring upon them a judgment which the polls shall manifest at the coming November election. (Loud applause.)

And now, my friends, to come to the conclusion of these remarks—for I shall not talk to you at great length—if there is one thing for which I long in this world to-day, if there is one thought that rushes uppermost and above all other thoughts in contemplating the condition of our country, it is that thought embodied in those four brief, sententious words of the great captain of our armies—embodying as much as a speech of an hour's duration, because it was suited exactly to the exigencies of our situation—those four words of his—"WE MUST HAVE PEACE!" [Cheers.]

There is no country in the world; there is no land beneath the circuit of the sun that longs for peace like this great Republic of ours. Peace and, with it, consequent prosperity; Peace and, with it, stability, law and order; Peace and, with it, progress and development; Peace—for I am opposed to all wars, as I have often told you, except those wars forced upon us for the preservation of our national existence. [Cheers.] We want no more war; we want no more violence; we want no more outrage—we want peace. We want no more blood-shed; we want no more carnage; we want no more debt—we want peace, and peace we shall have. [Cheers and enthusiastic applause.] The great hero of the country, who leads the Union armies to-day in this contest, President Johnson, "The will of the people must be the law of the land." And so say we all! [Loud applause.] The will of commanded peace on the battle-field. [Hearty applause.] He will, in the Executive chair, command peace in this Republic of ours [cheers with a will] from ocean to ocean, from frozen lakes to where the flowers bloom in perpetual spring upon the borders of the Southern gulf. [Cheers and most enthusiastic applause.] He will have peace, by protecting every man within our limits. Poor though he may be, down-trodden though he may have been, humble though he may be, friendless though he may be, obscure though he may be, the hand and the arm of Ulysses S. Grant will give to him peace, because he will give to him protection. [Shouts of applause—"Hurrah, hurrah for Colfax."]

That ought to have been "Hurrah for Grant," for I speak about him, as a candidate, and not about myself. [Cheers for Grant and Colfax.] I have nothing to say of myself as a candidate, for I have supposed that if Gen. Grant should happen to be elected I should probably be. [Applause. "Yes." "That's it."]

They say he cannot make a speech, and you will notice that I am saying nothing about the principles, or the platform, or the candidates of our opponents. I have a right to speak that which is in my heart about all those who have come and stood with me around these noble Republican principles of the past. ["You have."] They say he can't make a speech. But he made one when the Committee of the Chicago Convention announced his nomination to him at his residence in Washington. It was a speech of only eight lines, but there were two lines in it that were as weighty, and that were as valuable as if they had filled the teeming volumes that give to you the history of Confucius. They were these words: "If elected, I shall have no policy to enforce against the will of the people." ["Good! good!"—Immense applause.] That is the declaration. [Renewed bursts of applause.] It is a declaration worthy of the man. It is a declaration worthy of the cause. As he said in one of his letters to the people enforced, the law of the land obeyed, we shall have peace, and with peace a progress and development unknown in the history of our country before. With its magnificent area, with its boundless resources, washed by the waters of the two great oceans of the globe, checked in its continuous career by the horrors and losses of war—with peace it will step forward with gigantic tread, upward and onward, until it attains a prouder position among the family of nations than even it has attained to-day. We have, within our limits, all that makes a nation great. We have a nation brave, as they have shown themselves to be; a people self-sacrificing, devoted, patriotic. We have boundless resources, mineral, agricultural, commercial and manufacturing. We lie in the great Temperate Zone, which is the governing zone of the entire world,—for you see no proud and influential nations outside of the Temperate Zone. We have within ourselves all the elements of greatness. And with an administration which shall obey the will of the people, and which shall enforce the laws of the land, we are destined to a prosperity which in its glories shall eclipse, in the future, all the brilliant records of the past. [Great applause].

FOREIGN NEWS ITEMS.

—The steamer City of London, from Liverpool, arrived at New York yesterday.

—A statue in the market place and memorial window in Abbey Church, at Ramsey, were inaugurated on the 21st.

—The Grand Duchy of Baden had declined the invitation of Bavaria to take part in the Military Convention of the Southern States.

—Princess Charlotte has passed into a stage of violent madness, her fixed idea being that she is kept a prisoner by her family, and that she must escape and go to her husband.

—Gas from a still in Rockefeller, Andrews & Flaglers' Oil Refinery, Cleveland, exploded on last Saturday and one man was badly scalded. Loss, by burning of oil and building, $7,000 to $10,000.

—Advices from St. Domingo state that fifteen hundred of President Baez's troops were badly beaten by the Revolutionists and their commander, Gen. Brigham, killed. The reported English loan is a myth.

—At Miramon a council of Austrian Ministers definitely settled the title of the Austrian Empire as the Austro-Hungarian Monarchy. The Holy See is disposed to recommend to the Austrian Bishops an attitude on reconciliation, and in particular that they should avoid all steps which could be considered as interference in political affairs.

—News from Porto Cabello reports the adherents of the deposed President to the number of fifteen hundred, supported by a flotilla of five small vessels, had concentrated there. Laguayra is blockaded by another portion of the fleet. The new President, Monagas, has marched on Porto Cabello, and is determined to crush all opposition to his administration.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THE BOYS IN BLUE.

Now, boys, three cheers for Grant and Colfax—hip!

Hurrah! Hurrah! the Boys in Blue are coming in their might,
In soldier columns, firm and true, to battle for the right;
Brave boys are they, and well they know the country's chiefest want;
The air resounds, where e'er they go, with cheers for General Grant.

CHORUS.

Hurrah! Hurrah! mislead the Boys you can't;
Forever true, they wore the Blue, and followed General Grant.
Hurrah! Hurrah! deceive them now you can't;
The Boys in Blue, forever true, will follow General Grant.

Hurrah! Hurrah!! Hurrah!!!

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

Does Knowledge Cause Crime?

BY PERCEVAL BECKETT, M. E.

Some of the acts of the present generation are perfect enigmas to sound thinking people; the strangest whims, ideas and oddities abound, and how to account for them is considerably difficult. The greatest and strangest fancy is the horror of knowledge, either scientific or commonplace; all seem to shun anything that tends to study or is inclined to elevate either moral or intellectual culture, and yet this fact is not hereditary. Our noble forefathers, unfortunately, were not blessed with the grand and vast means of education we should enjoy, yet they held education as the highest endowment that could be conferred upon their children.

It may be that we of the present age, having as one might call a surfeit of means to ensure practical education or knowledge, do not value such blessings as highly as we should. The great trouble is that often persons not having had a chance of acquiring suitable education, or may be *have neglected* assistance when they could easily have had it, look upon educated people with jealousy and envy, and that not of the right kind, for although my assertion may shock some puritanical minds, yet envy of the proper kind is useful in its way; there are two classes of envy viz: False and natural; by themeans of the latter we are able to instill the seeds of knowledge firmly into the young mind by encouraging emulation or a feeling of go-a-head and pass all others. Oftentimes a child will put out its greatest efforts to learn a certain task, because he sees a playmate has just committed the same lesson. This spirit of emulation should be largely nurtured; more prizes or honors should be given at schools than is generally done. The proper kind of envy is such as upon seeing any associate versed either in elementary or scientific knowledge, and feeling that he is far ahead of us, we should feel stimulated and enervated to endeavor to accomplish whatever he has done, not as too often is the case, seek by foul aspersions and deliberate falsehoods to decry his talents. This act is indeed as Shakespeare truly says, *worse than theft*, and yet, alas, how often done and is one great trait easily discerned in people of the reptile breed; they upon seeing any one far advanced in any science or in any employment, especially that of mechanics, use their utmost endeavors to detract from all the good and noble qualities that arise from education. Fully aware of their own ignorance and weakness, and knowing also full well that they, lacking good dispositions, are unable to compete or even approximate the eminence attained by their superiors, these people fired in their hearts with false and malignant envy, use all possible means to lower their peers in the world's estimation. This is sad to think about and to dwell on, yet it is an every day occurrence. How often we note in *workshops for instance*, one who may not only be a first class workman, but also may enjoy some idea or smattering of the theory of his trade. This man is by reason of his knowledge, naturally of a modest and retiring disposition, and does not like to show what he does know, (*for knowledge invariably teaches how small we are.*) Take the opposite. An ignorant man is generally a noisy bully, gaining favor not by his merits, but by his vociferous and beastly language, and vile threats. But the student requires a great deal often of persuasion to let the world know that he possesses more knowledge than the generality of his associates, but when once started, will often explain ideas that others never heard of gladly; not with any thought of exhibiting his powers, or looking down upon his fellow workmen. This man excites and irritates ignorant people to such a degree that they call him a blowhard, a know nothing spouting from books, but even at the time these ignorami are foully aspersing their superior, they must certainly (*without conscience has entirely forsaken them,*) feel their own smallness; but they must, however, keep up their own reputation, never heeding the means they employ to attain their evil ends. To sum them up, they are *miserabile vulgus.*

Knowledge gives a higher culture to a man's mental qualities and capabilities, and will also teach politeness, without need of travel to Paris.

What a sad thing it is that such cases occur! What a source of pleasure it would be if all would work and live harmoniously, if a proper spirit of rivalry could be instilled into the minds of our mechanics, it would be a great source of joy, and also a great incentive for knowledge; for when any lacking in education say maybe some younger shopmate possessing a higher knowledge than they, they would endeavor to attain to the same, without this horrid crime of detracting credit, where credit is due, and drawing all their confreres to their own side, and isolating the poor student, and treating him outwardly as a criminal, as if he were suffering with some noxious and infectious disease, and consequently should be held aloof from. Are we to call knowledge to task for all these sins committed? and if so she has much to answer for; and as we are told by our divines that the cause of sin should be removed invariably, so we must consign poor knowledge to oblivion, which act in itself would be awful. For all should say "Knowledge, with all thy faults, I love thee still."

ALLEGHENY CITY, July 31, 1868.

Resuscitation of the Drowned.

In addition to the means already known for restoring life in cases of suspended animation from drowning, is the following proposed by M. Marchant: He thinks that the chief attention should be paid to respiration, by which the blood-making process is restored. Insufflation of the lungs is to be performed in the following manner—a tube of any kind, even a tobacco pipe, well washed, should be inserted into a nostril, and both nostrils be pressed against the tube. The mouth should be stopped by the operator's hand, and he should then blow with sufficient force into the tube to drive air into the lungs. The chest then is seen to rise. By removing the tube, and the hand from the mouth, expiration will spontaneously take place, and it may be aided by the open hand applied with moderate pressure to the lower part of the chest. This manœuvre being repeated ten or twelve times, the heart is felt to beat, if the patient had, at the beginning of the operation, any vitality in him.

The Vineyards of Ohio.

The Ohio Wines are principally produced in a small portion of the State, known as the Sandusky District, which includes as well the famous Kelly's Island and its vineyards. The leading vines are the Catawba and Isabella—the Catawba being especially adapted to the soil of that State, and being reckoned one of the most prolific vines known. Grape-growing was first begun in this district in 1848, though it was not until 1858 that the interest began to assume importance.

Kelly's Island was the the first part of this district to be devoted to the grape culture. Its vineyards comprise about 600 acres, and are planted almost exclusively with the Catawba, which as an original American wine has become really celebrated—having the advantage of any brand of European sour wine in delicacy of bouquet and general lightness conjoined to subtlety of action. It was not until 1858 that vineyards of any extent were planted outside of Kelly's Island, in the Sandusky District, but during that year numerous plantations of from five to ten acres were begun, and in many cases small vineyards of half an acre were materially increased in size. It was about this time that the celebrated Longworth (Cincinnati) vineyards began to fail, owing to the rot of the Catawba grape, and since then, or rather since 1860—the Sandusky District has regularly supplied the grapes for the Longworth manufacturers, for most of the Western city markets.

At the above date (1860) the Ohio wine fever began; the Sandusky District ran mad on Catawba—the wine interest having been nearly ten years in affecting their heads. Vineyard lands increased in value with a rapidly doubling per centage, which in one year ranged from $25 (the anti-fever price) to $400 and $500 per acre, while bearing vineyards easily sold from $1,000 to $1,200 an acre. An excellent quality of brandy is also manufactured from the Ohio grapes, while the Ohio sweet wines are of very superior quality. Less oppressively rank in sweetness than the California grape, that of Ohio, variety for variety, equals the California in sugar, as has been proved by frequent actual measurement. The following statistical tables, abstracted from the tables of Mr. H. T. Dewey—the pioneer and heaviest capitalist of the Sandusky District, as well as its most practical manufacturer—will serve to illustrate the value and extent of that interest. The table includes, as well, estimates and items of information of curious interest, in addition to the valuable statistics of the trade:

Number of pounds used in wine-making	4,800,000
Table grapes shipped	1,822,000
Wine grapes shipped	2,260,000
Total crop of 1867	6,682,000

Wine grapes (eleven and one-half pounds to the gallon of wine) give an aggregate of wine manufactured in 1867 of 400,000 gallons.

The pecuniary value of the interest for the year 1867 is exhibited in the following table:

Cash sales table grapes, 1,682,000 pounds, at 12 cents per pound	$227,750
Cash sale wine grapes, 260,000 pounds, at 6 cents per pound	15,600
Cash value wine, 400,000 gallons, at $1 25 per gallon	500,000
Cash value brandy, 1,500 gallons, at $5 per gallon	7,500
Total value of products for 1867	$750,950

A list of further interesting statistical items is subjoined:

Average yield per acre.....pounds	40,000
Number of acres under cultivation	3,341
Total cash value of vineyards	$750,850
Income per acre	227
Value per acre according to income	2,270
General average yield of farm land in Ohio	15
Average yield of grape lands	227
Difference in yield	212

It will thus be seen that the grape product is ten times more valuable than any other crop which can be raised in Ohio; and this fact is sufficient to account for the general prevalence of the wine fever. In fact, the entire State is being rapidly appropriated for vineyard purposes; and the Ohio wine interest bids fair to rival that of California in magnitude within a very few years.

Soda Water—What—How Made, &c.

Ordinary soda water is simply pure water, impregnated with carbonic acid gas—that which causes also the sparkle in champagne and in natural spring waters. The gas was formerly made from the carbonate of soda—hence the name, to which, by the present process, it has really no title. Carbonate of soda, Rochelle and other salts, are often added in England after the water is charged, the former being used here also at Hanbury Smith's Spa. The soda corrects acidity of stomach, and it is claimed, quenches thirst longer, and the other salts exert their respective medicinal effects. Most people in this country prefer the pure carbonic acid water as it is generally drawn.

Notwithstanding the apparently elaborate apparatus for making, cooling and drawing this beverage, its manufacture is a very simple process. Carbonate of soda, whiting, and chalk or marble (carbonate of lime), all yield the carbonic acid gas, of which they are about half composed, by the addition of ordinary sulphuric acid. Marble dust is usually employed, and the gas is passed through the water until perfectly pure, without any taint of the liquid acid. When it is generated in a close vessel, its own pressure is sufficient to charge the water; otherwise it is pumped in. This, then, is "plain soda."

The water is ærated in fountains, which are very strongly made of iron or copper, lined always with either glass, porcelain, or block tin, and holding from six to twenty-five gallons. The Croton is first poured in; gas is then admitted under pressure, and the fountain worked or rotated till both are thoroughly mingled; more gas is then introduced and the process repeated until the fountain sustains a pressure of from 135 to 320 pounds per square inch, or 9 to 21 atmospheres. In old times fearful accidents have happened by the bursting of fountains, but the care with which they are now made and tested—to double the possible strain—precludes anything of that sort in the present state of soda civilization.

The actual cost of soda water is thus only three-quarters of a cent per gallon, but wear and tear, rent, transportation and profit make the price to the retailer from twenty to twenty-five cents.

The Honey Ants of Mexico.

A most curious species of ants are found in Southern Mexico, known as the "honey ant." Among these curious insects a portion of the community secrete honey in the abdominal cavity until they swell up to the shape of small grapes. These individuals form the storehouses of the community, and during the winter they are dispatched in succession, to furnish food for the other members of the colony. They also bear much relation to the workers among the honey bees, and like them, do not possess the power of fecundity. It is a puzzling question among the inquirers into the "origin of species" from a scientific stand point, to comprehend how the sterility of the working ants and bees were ever introduced through the medium of modified descent—the Darwinian theory—or how it is kept up from generation to generation by those individuals who have no posterity to inherit their peculiarity of structure. How, by modified descent, is the honey-making capacity of the "honey ant" transmitted, when those who possess it are year after year systematically destroyed? These facts seem to point with almost irresistible logic to the theory of "special creation."

DENTISTRY

TEETH EXTRACTED

WITHOUT PAIN!

NO CHARGE MADE WHEN ARTIFICIAL TEETH ARE ORDERED. A FULL SET FOR $8,

AT DR. SCOTT'S.

278 PENN STREET, 3D DOOR ABOVE HAND.

ALL WORK WARRANTED. CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF GENUINE VULCANITE. my9:d&T

GAS FIXTURES.

GAS FIXTURES

AND

Chandeliers,

FOR GAS AND OIL.

Just received, the finest and largest assortment ever opened in this city.

WELDON & KELLY,

147 WOOD STREET, COR. VIRGIN ALLEY. mh24:n22

CEMENT, SOAP STONE, &c.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.

SOAP STONE.
PLASTER, CHIMNEY TOPS,
WATER PIPES.

HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap18:o79 35 Wood street.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT DRAIN PIPE.

Cheapest and best Pipe in the market. Also, ROSENDALE HYDRAULIC CEMENT for sale.

R. B. & C. A. BROCKETT & CO.

Office and Manufactory—240 REBECCA ST., Allegheny. Orders by mail promptly attended to. je22:r83

TRIMMINGS AND NOTIONS.

NEW & SEASONABLE GOODS.

PINK, WHITE AND BLUE MOSQUITO BAR; LADIES' AND GENT'S SUMMER UNDERWEAR; PALM FANS, LINEN FANS, SILK FANS; HEAD NETS; LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, LACE HANDKERCH'FS, EMBROIDREED HANDKERCHIEFS; COTTON HOSIERY; LADIES', GENT'S AND CHILDREN'S MERINO HOSE, SILK GLOVES, LACE COLLARS, LINEN AND PAPER COLLARS.

CORSETS,

A splendid assortment, for Ladies and Misses.

BULLION FRINGES, SEWING SILK FRINGES,

Also, a full line of

BULLION, to Match.

We have now a full line of the new

DROP SKIRTS ON HAND.

JOCKEY COLLAR, DICKENS COLLAR,
DERBY COLLAR,
EXPOSITION COLLAR.

We would especially invite the attention of Jobbers to our Wholesale Department, as we sell our goods at lowest eastern market prices.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

78 and 80 Market Street.

Jy25

AT JOSEPH HORNE & CO.'S,

DAILY ARRIVAL OF

NEW GOODS!

HAMBURG EDGINGS AND FLOUNCINGS;
HAMBURG INSERTINGS;
SWISS EDGINGS AND INSERTINGS;
LACE CAPES, COIFFEURS AND PARASOL COVERS;
LINEN COLLARS AND CUFFS.

HOSIERY.

SUPER STOUT AND SUPER FINE COTTON AND MERINO 1-2 HOSE;
LADIES' AND MISSES' HOSE, in Lace, Lisle, Silk and Cotton, of best English and German makes;
DOMESTIC HOSIERY, at very low rates;
ALEXANDRE'S DUCHESS KID GLOVES, a new line just received.

A full assortment of BULLION AND SILK FRINGES;
TASSEL FRINGES,
BEAD FRINGES AND TRIMMINGS;
GIMP HEADINGS;
TRIMMING RIBBONS AND SATINS;
PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.

STRAW GOODS.

At greatly reduced rates.

New style HATS—Ladies' and Misses.
CRAPES, MALINES, DOTTED NETTS;
RIBBONS, FLOWERS,
MILLINERY LACES,
BONNET SILKS, FRAMES,
SUNDOWNS AND SHAKER HOODS,

Wholesale and Retail.

CALL AND EXAMINE.

77 and 79 Market Street.

je1:MWF

PRICES MARKED DOWN!

AT

MACRUM & CARLISLE'S,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

ALL GOODS GREATLY REDUCED!

ON AND AFTER JULY 1ST.

HOOP SKIRTS. (Ladies',) for	50c
CORSETS, (Real French,)	80
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, 3 for	25
KID GLOVES, (warranted,)	1.00
PAPER COLLARS	10
200 Yds. SPOOL COTTON, (good)	5
POCKET BOOKS, worth 50c	25
MEN'S SUMMER UNDERSHIRTS	50
MEN'S JEAN DRAWERS	75

All kinds Bonnets and Hats at Half Cost.

CREAT BARGAINS!

IN ALL KINDS OF GOODS.

Special Rates to Merchants & Dealers.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

jy1:s81 19 FIFTH STREET.

PAINTERS.

WILL. S. TAYLOR,

PAINTER,

No. 45 OHIO STREET, Allegheny.

Thankful for the former very liberal patronage bestowed upon me, I assure my friends and the public generally that, in the future as in the past, I shall endeavor diligently to merit a continuance of the same, and will be always at the shop from 7 to 9 A. M. and from 1 to 3 P. M. my21:q14

DRY GOODS.

LINEN FOR PANTS.

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.,

No. 52 St. Clair St.,

HAVE A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

WHITE LINEN DRILLS, for Pants.
COL'D & STRIPED " for Pants.

LINEN DUCKS.
BLOUSE LINENS.
FRENCH LINENS.
STRIPED AND FIGURED SHIRT LINENS.
WHITE MARSEILLES.
BUFF MARSEILLES.

Stock all new and CHEAPEST IN THE CITY.

No. 52 St. Clair Street.

RED, WHITE AND BLUE FRONT. jy22:

87. MARKET STREET. 87.

GREAT REDUCTION

IN PRICES!

TO CLOSE STOCK OF

DRESS GOODS.

87 MARKET STREET.

THEODORE F. PHILLIPS.

Je30: 87....MARKET STREET....87.

115 WOOD ST. 115.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.,

WHOLESALE

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

AT LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.

Jy2:s64

168.....168.

NEW GOODS.
NEW ALPACCAS.
NEW MOHAIR.
BLACK SILKS.

HOSIERY and GLOVES.

F. SOUCY,

No. 168 Wylie Street.

168. [ap30:n40] 168.

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,

No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

SUMMER GOODS.

Boys', Youth's and Children's.

SUMMER CASSIMERE SUITS,
LINEN SUITS,
DUCK SUITS,
FLANNEL SUITS,
ALPACCA JACKETS,

In Every Style, of the Greatest Variety,

SUITABLE FOR THE PRESENT SEASON.

Gentlemen will find a fine assortment

White and Brown Duck Suits,

Alpacca and Flannel Coats, &c.,

Every garment being specially made for us by the best Eastern houses.

OUR PRICES

Are as Low as Good Goods can be Sold at by any Firm East or West.

GRAY & LOGAN,

47 St. Clair Street.

Je23:r

HENRY MEYER,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 73 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Constantly on hand, a full assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, &c. ap20:o86

CONFECTIONERIES.

HENRY W. HORBACH,

Confectionery and Bakery

No. 200 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Between Seventh and Liberty.

LADIES' OYSTER SALOON attached.

GEO. SCHLELEIN,

Fancy Cake Baker & Confectioner,

AND DEALER IN

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS & NUTS,

No. 40, corner Federal and Robinson streets, Allegheny. Constantly on hand, ICE CREAM, of various flavors.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

JULIAN ALLEN,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

LEAF TOBACCO AND SEGARS,

No. 8 SIXTH STREET, (National Bank of Commerce Building,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Branch of 172 Water street, N. Y.
ap4:n77 DANIEL F. DINAN.

EXCELSIOR WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.,

No 6 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

my8:l36

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.

CARPETS! CARPETS!

MANUFACTURERS HERE and in Europe HAVE NOW ADVANCED PRICES, but we offer all kinds of CARPETS for the present at the very lowest CASH RATES of the past season. Having made all our contracts previous to any advance, and invariably for cash, we are enabled to sell lower than they can be purchased this Fall.

McCALLUM BROS.,

51 FIFTH STREET.

jy17:

CARPETS.

NOTWITHSTANDING THE Manufacturers' recent advance in prices, we will continue to offer the Largest stock of Brussels, Velvets and Ingrain Carpets in the city, at the lowest prices reached this season. Just received, a few pieces of a new and exquisite patterns of Royal Axminster.

CLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.,

No. 23 Fifth Street

SUMMER STOCK

OF

CARPETS!

White, Red, Checked, Striped and Fancy

MATTINGS,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

Oil Cloths, Window Shades, &c.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

21 FIFTH STREET.

Je20:d&w3

71 73

NEW CARPETS.

McFARLAND & COLLINS

HAVE JUST RECEIVED THE

NEWEST AND BEST STYLES OF

ENGLISH VELVET CARPET,

SIX-QUARTERS WIDE;

Tapestry and Body Brussels,

WHICH THEY ARE SELLING AT

The Lowest Prices Reached this Season.

SUPERFINE INGRAIN CARPETS

DOWN TO $1.10 AND $1.15 PER YARD.

McFARLAND & COLLINS,

Nos. 71 and 73 Fifth Street,

SECOND FLOOR.

STEAM

CARPET BEATING

ESTABLISHMENT.

Which TEN YEARS' TRIAL in New York and other Eastern cities has proved a complete success.

ITS ADVANTAGES:

1st—Fading and Shrinkage are completely avoided.
2d—No ripping apart necessary.
3d—When freed from dust, moths or their larvae, the Carpet looks nearly as good as new, save the natural fading from wear.
4th—When perfectly clean, a Carpet will wear as long again, a desirable matter as a mere point of economy, to say nothing of looks.

ALL ORDERS LEFT AT THE OFFICE,

No. 179 Liberty Street

Or addressed to P. O. Box 473, will receive prompt attention.

GEO. L. McCLINTOCK,

mh10: PROPRIETOR.

HAY RAKE.

TO FARMERS.

THE HAY RAKE "WELCOME."

PATENTED 1865 AND 1867.

Is the best Rake made. It will rake heavier hay, carry it farther, load and unload itself easier than any other rake. It is self-operating; a child 8 years old can do the work of a full hand. Hundreds of certificates could be given, one of which is below:

"GIRARD, Erie Co., Pa., July 5, 1867.

"I have used the *Welcome* Hay Rake, manufactured by W. W. Wallace, Pittsburgh, Pa., and recommend it to farmers. It is good in light and heavy hay; is easy on man and horse; is a complete *cleanser of grass and stubble*; is simple in construction and easily kept in order.

JOSEPH ARBUCKLE."

All orders directed to 319 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., or at the works in Columbiana, Ohio, promptly attended to. Sold wholesale and retail by W. W. WALLACE.

Send orders in early, as supply is short.

my25:d&T

BUSINESS CHANGES.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the firm of STRICKLER & MORLEDGE was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of July, A. D. All debts due to said firm will be paid to CHAS. H. MORLEDGE, by whom all debts due by the firm will be paid, and he is authorized to sign the name in liquidation.

J. E. STRICKLER
C. H. MORLEDGE

Having sold out my interest in the above establishment, I cheerfully recommend Mr. MORLEDGE to all my friends as an honest, upright business man, and hope that they will continue their favors and patronage heretofore bestowed.

J. E. STRICKLER

IRON CITY SPICE MILL

C. H. MORLEDGE, Proprietor,

Fifth Street Extension,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Dealer in Unadulterated ROAST COFFEES, SPICES, and Concentrated

FLAVORING EXTRACTS

DISSOLUTION.—The Partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of

ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,

Is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled by our successors, Messrs. ANDERSON & WOODS, at the office of the Pittsburgh Steel Works.

R. J. ANDERSON
J. W. COOK.
WM. WOODS.

The undersigned having disposed of his interest in the late firm of ANDERSON, COOK & CO. to Messrs. ANDERSON & WOODS, begs leave to commend his successors to the patronage of the former customers of the former firm.

J. W. COOK.

Pittsburgh, July 25th, 1868.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The Partnership heretofore existing under the style of

SAMUEL HASTINGS & CO

Is this day dissolved by mutual consent. D. EWING withdrawing from the firm. The business will be carried on as usual, under the old name, S. HASTINGS & CO., Carpenters and Builders, corner of West street and North Avenue. The business of the old firm will be settled by the undersigned.

SAMUEL HASTINGS
DAVID HASTINGS

Allegheny, July 6th, 1868.

NOTICE.

The undersigned has associated with him in business, dating from April 1st, 1868, FRED S. WALL, his son ASA S. GILLESPIE, and LOUIS ENGLERT. The style of the firm will be J. GILLESPIE & CO. J. J. GILLESPIE.

Referring to the above, the undersigned takes pleasure in stating that they will continue to

LOOKING GLASS AND PICTURE BUSINESS

At 86 Wood street, where they intend to offer inducements to purchasers second to no house in the United States.

J. J. GILLESPIE &

my9:p93

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.

ELECTIC SUMMER CORDIAL

An infallible remedy for Summer Complaint, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Vomiting, Sour Stomach, Cholera Morbus.

DR. HARRIS' CRAMP CURE

A specific for Cholera, Cramps and Pain in the Stomach, for sale by

HARRIS & EWING

Corner of Liberty and Wayne Streets

AGENTS FOR

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON'S

PURE WHITE LEAD

AND

McCOY'S VERDITER GREEN

The only green paint that will not deteriorate by exposure. It will look better, last longer and give more perfect satisfaction than any paint in the market.

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY

100 WOOD STREET.

CHINA, GLASS AND

QUEENSWARE,

SILVER PLATED WARE,

PARIAN STATUETTES,

BOHEMIAN GLASS,

And other STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS, a great variety.

100 WOOD STREET.

RICHARD E. BREED & CO.

mh27

100 WOOD STREET. 100 WOOD STREET.

HATS AND CAPS.

CLOSING OUT SALE!

OF

STRAW HATS

AT REDUCED PRICES,

AT M'CORD & CO.'S,

Jy17 131 WOOD STREET.

MARTIN LIEBLER,

DEALER IN

HATS, CAPS AND FURS

Also, Manufacturer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in TRUNKS, VALISES, &c., No. 132 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed

SEWING MACHINES.

THE GREAT AMERICAN COMBINATION.

BUTTON-HOLE OVERSEAMING

AND SEWING MACHIN

IT HAS NO EQUAL,

BEING ABSOLUTELY THE BEST FAMILY MACHINE IN THE WORLD, AND INTRINSICALLY THE CHEAPEST.

Agents wanted to sell this Machine.

CHAS. C. BALSLEY,

Agent for Western Pennsylvania,
Corner FIFTH AND MARKET STREETS, over Richardson's Jewelry Store. my26:q

DYER AND SCOURER.

H. J. LANCE,

DYER AND SCOURER.

No. 3 ST. CLAIR STREET

And Nos. 135 and 137 Third St

PITTSBURGH, PA.

my19:d84

ıancial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 145¼@145¾.

(Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, August 1, 1868.

MONEY AND GOLD.

he supply of money continues exces-, and call loans are easy at 3@4 per t. The Bank statement is favorable, ing a continued contraction on loans a material increase in deposits and tenders; loans, $279,311,654, decrease 33,592; specie, $20,502,737, decrease $301,- circulation, $33,957,305, decrease $6,068; sits, $228,100,867, increase $1,343,205; tenders, $83,638,061, increase $1,402,475. ing dull at 8⅞a10¼. Gold active, ad- ing to 145¼@145¾, and closing firm pat. All offered was promptly taken. re is a large uncovered short interest, cially among foreign. Exchange firm rather decreased for cash supply.

GOVERNMENTS.

overaments are quiet and steady. The for converting 7-30s expired to-day, there are probably five millions out- ding, which will be paid in currency r. Coupons of 1881, 115¾@115¼; do. 14¼@114¼; do. '64, 111@111⅛; do. '65, @112¼; do. new, 108¾@108⅝; do. '67, 109¾; 10-40s, 108¾@108⅝; 7-30s, 108¼ ⅛. The conversion of 7-30s for the t h are $15,585,650.

BORDER STATE BONDS.

rder State bonds firmer; Missouris, 94; nessees, 62½ for new, 62⅞ for old; new h Carolina, 68¼.

STOCKS.

cks firmer, with a general improve- the leading favorites being Erie, Vayne and Rock Island.

PRICES: Canton, 49; Cumberand, 34; Express, 26¼@26¾; American Ex- 45@45¾; Adams Express, 52¾; hants Union Express, 24¾@24¾; silver, 21¾@22; Mariposa preferred, cific Mail, 101¾@101⅞; Western Telegraph, 35½; New York Cen- 32¼@132½; Erie, 68¼@68¼; Erie ed, 74¾@75; Hudson, 137@138; Har- ; Reading, 94¾@94¾; Ohio & Mis- 30¼@30½; Wabash, 51¾@51½; l, 75½@76; St. Paul preferred, 81 Michigan Central, 119@120; Michi- thern, 86¼@86¾; Illinois Central, Pittsburgh, 88¾@89¼; Toledo, 2½; Rock Island, 110¾@111; North , 82¾@82⅞; preferred, 82¾@82⅞; ayne 110¼110¾; Columbus, 88; ula, 100; Hartford & Erie, 19¼@19¾.

MINING SHARES.

ing Shares are inactive.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

orts specie, for week, $777,207. Im- dry goods, $2,185,819; general mer- se, $3,509,347.

SUB-TREASURY.

eipts at the Sub-Treasury for week, 7,054; payments, $15,000,325; balance, 1,903.

St. Louis Market.

(Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

LOUIS, August 1.—Tobacco in demand xceeds the supply, and prices are full. —nothing doing; all grades and lower; $1,45 for fair to prime and 1,60 for strictly prime to choice un- d. Flour dull and weaker; sales of at $8,50a9,50. Wheat—buyers stood d all grades below choice declined 5a ncy red sold at $2,40, choice white 2,45, strictly prime to choice red $2,15 prime Nebraska spring sold at $1,65. heavy and easier, at 80a82c for mixed ellow, 87½a91½c for white. Oats and better under the legal weight which went into effect to-day; prices l at 46a51c. Rye lower at $1,10a1,12 oice. Provisions steady and firm, but tive. Pork sold at 29a29½c. Bulk nominally unchanged, at 14a16½c oulders, rib and clear sides. Bacon nged. Cattle range at 2¾a6¾; grass $4a5 per head, and good to choice $2,50a4,00.

Toledo Market.

(Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

LEDO, August 1.—Flour; receipts 1,000 Shipments, 1,000 bbls; market firmer quiet. Wheat; receipts 9,836 bush; ents, 3,000 bush; market a shade sales of new amber at $2,10a2,10¼; hite Michigan at $2,30; new No. 1 2,10; No. 2 do at $2,00, and amber for r August at $1,92. Corn; receipts h; shipments 23,000 bush; sales old 8a99c, closing at 98¼c. Oats; re- 4 bush; shipments 700 bush; sales 1 at 80c; new do at 62c. Rye; re- bush; market better; sales of No. Lake freights dull at 3c to Buf- o Oswego, and 4½c to Ogdens-

Buffalo Market.

(Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

FFALO, August 1.—Flour in good de- r spring; sales were made at $9,50 . Wheat dull at $2; spring is held ; sales 30,000 bush No. 1 Milwaukee nd 4,300 bush new amber mixed at Corn quiet and steady; sales 60,000 ixed western at $1a1,02. Oats firm ing 76a77c for small lots. Barley nominal. Mess pork asking $30 vy. Lard, 18a18¼c. Receipts— 4,000 bush; corn, 156,000 do; oats, lo; flour, 3,000 bbls. Shipments— sh wheat, 165,000 do corn, 14,000 do reights unchanged.

New Orleans Market.

(Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, August 1.—Cotton, there ng doing; middlings nominal at ceipts amount to 22 bales; exports Sterling at 58¼a60c. Sugar and s dull and nominally unchanged, fairly active; superfine at $7,75a8. quiet at 92½ca$1,05. Oats dull at ew; 68c for old. Hay is firm and ed. Pork is firm; mess at $30a30,50. firmer; shoulders at 13½c; clear 17½c. Lard, tierce, at 18¼c; keg

Philadelphia Market.

(Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

PHILADELPHIA, August 1.—Petroleum ned, with sales of Crude in bulk Refined, 34¼@34¼c Flour is bet- sales were made of northwestern ily at $9a11,25; Ohio at $10a12,25; $12,75a15. Wheat is less active and th sales of red at $2,30a2,35, and $2,50. Corn; sales of 4,600 bushels $1,22, and mixed western at $1,18 ats steady. Provisions are un-

Louisville Market.

(Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

VILLE, August 1.—Tobacco firm; hds; lugs, 7½a9¾c; medium leaf, ur; superfine, $6,25a6,50. Wheat, . Corn, 93a95c. Oats, 50c for new. k, $28,50a28,75. Lard, 18¼a18½c. boulders, 13¼c; clear rib sides, ar sides, 17¼c. Bulk Meats; shoul- 2¼c, clear sides, 16a16¼c. Whis- ree, $1,20.

Milwaukee Market.

(Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WAUKEE, August 1.—Flour quiet y and unchanged. Wheat unset- frooping, at $1,90 for No 1, and r No 2. Oats firm at 74c for No 2. -500 bbls flour, 10,000 bus wheat, ats, 1000 bus corn. Shipments— our, 400 bus oats, 300 bus corn.

San Francisco Market.

(Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—Flour quiet at dull at $1,80a1,85. Legal

RIVER NEWS.

—The W.F. Curtis has been chartered for $1,000 per month, to run between Louisville and Cairo, in connection with the J. Kigour, which will run from Cairo to New Orleans.

—The office of the steamer Rose Franks was entered, whilst she was lying at the cattle pen just below Shreveport, and $2,400 stolen therefrom—$1,600 in currency and a draft for $800. Suspicion settled upon three of her crew, viz: The steward, barkeeper and pantryman. They were arrested and are now in durance in New Orleans.

—The *Crescent* says the following are the freight rates from New Orleans to Red river, is agreed on by the captains of the boats now in port. To Shreveport, dry barrels $1, and other freight in proportion, and to Jefferson double card rates. The captains have taken this tep owing to the extreme low water and the great difficulty of navigation.

The Iron City *Register* of last Saturday says: The steamer Deer Lodge, of the Northwest Transportation Line, has completed her second trip to Benton this year. She came down on Wednesday with a fair number of passengers and considerable treasure. She now lies at the company's wharf in this city, and will start on her third trip to the Mountains about the 1st of August.

—The Cincinnati *Enquirer* says: The J. P. Webb came up here without her inspection papers, and her officers have been put to trouble in consequence. The penalty for running a boat without such papers is $500. The boat was inspected by Supervising Inspector Guthrie at New Albany a short time ago, and not having the proper blank forms at hand, that official gave the boat a permit to make the trip to this port and return without them.

—A St. Louis telegram, under date of Friday, says: The cases of Barr and Donaldson, of the steamer Great Republic, are continued to the next term, on account of the absence of all the important witnesses. The absentees are negroes, and they have forfeited their recognizances. Barr's lawyers are anxious to have the witnesses return, as they feel confident that the testimony will acquit their client. Barr is on $20,000 bail, meantime, and Danaldson remains in jail.

—A St. Louis dispatch, under date of Thursday, says: River slowly declining here and above. The Silver Lake arrived from Benton in 47 days; round trip, 30 days. The Shark and barges arrived from New Orleans. The departures are, City of Alton for Memphis, and Rubicon, for Vicksburg, with fair trips. A large amount of grain is coming out of the Missouri. The Marcella yesterday had 3,549 sacks of wheat and 215 sacks of oats. The boats due to-day are the Charmer, Pauline Carroll, Jacobs and City of Cairo. There are no boats lying here outside the regular packets. Business dull. Wheather hot.

—A St. Louis paper says: The Restaurant system on Western steamboats is daily becoming more popular and recognized as the true one. experience proves that it is immense saving to boat owners in addition to giving better satisfaction to travellers. It cheapens the rate of passage, which in the main in the most important point as it enables steamboats to compete with railroads with a certain degree of success. The fare to Memphis is now $15 but under the Restaurant system it could be reduced to $7, which would allow the passenger $8 to feed himself, which he could do at one half that amount, while the boat would be largely the gainer. The system is bound, sooner or later, to be generally adopted on all western steamboats and the sooner the better.

River and Weather.

LOUISVILLE, August 1.—River rising; 41 inches in canal by mark; 33 inches over Portland bar. Weather warm, and rain expected soon.

ST. LOUIS, August 1.—Weather cloudy and cooler to-day, the mercury only rising to 85 degrees. A slight shower fell about noon, but not enough to do any good.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, August 1.—4 boxs extract beef, John A Renshaw; 25 tcs hams, J P Hanna & Co; 200 bbls flour, T C Jenkins; 5 cars wheat, 100 bbls flour, Dan Wallace, 100 do do, S Lindsay; 1 car middlings, Bricker & Co; 2 cars scrap iron, Tim Maloney; 5 pkgs fish, Munhall & Megraw; 22 bdls spokes McWhinney & Co; 9 butts tobacco, Little, Baird & Patton, 25 do do, Atwell, Lee & Co; 12 bbls green apples, 4 kegs butter, Voigt Mahood & Co; 11 bbls scrap iron, Brown & Co; 90 sks oats, 104 do corn, Brown & Williams; 1 car lumber, J & M Seibert; 20 tcs hams, J H Parker; 3 hhds tobacco, W & D Rinehart; 5 do do, J M Murtland; 175 bgs ear corn, H Rea Jr; 1 car staves, M P Adams & Bro; 1 do do, W Hastings; 1 car oil, bbls, E Jageman; 186 sks rags, Christy & Benham; 20 green hides, 10 rolls leather, G N Hoffstott; 20 boxes cheese, M W Rankin; 25 do do, Arbuckles & Co; 25 do do, Kirkpatrick & Henon; 30 do do, Voigt Mahood & Co; 10 do do, Woodworth & Davison 15 do do, S Ewart & Co; 10 do do, S Cooper & Co; 80 bbls flour, McClure, & McKee; 55 bbls spokes, Hare & Bro; 4 bbls rye flour, H Riddle; 418 bgs oats, 2 do potatoes, H Rea Jr; 16 cars metal Bryan & Caughey.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, August 1.—4 cars iron ore, McKnight, Porter & Co; 2 do do, Hussey, Wells & Co; 1 do do, Jones & Laughlin; 1 do stone, P Wolfe; 2 cars blooms, Park, Bro & Co; 2 cars pig iron, Zug & Co; 1 do do, Wm Smith; 57 cakes copper, Park, McCurdy & Co; 125 bxs starch, Arbuckles & Co; 50 do do, E Heazleton; 40 do do, Atwell, Lee & Co; 7 casks glass ware, R C Schmertz; 17 bbls scrap, John Moorhead; 10 bbls plaster, B L Fahnestock; 162 sks oats, 5 do sacks, J W Simpson; 15 do do, Scott & Gisal; 10 bbls potatoes, Morrison & Co; 12 do do, Thos McCoy; 1 bdl leather, 1 bbl tails, Wm Flaccus & Son; 4 bbls apples, 4 do eggs, 1 keg butter, H Riddle; 7 bbls potatoes, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 1 box soap, Vangorder & Shepard; 26 bbls apples, Fetzer & Armstrong; 5 tubs cheese, Graff & Reiter; 16 sks oats, McHenry & Hood; 50 bbls oil, John Spear; 3 kgs butter, 1 bbl eggs, W Harrison.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, August 1.—9 tons pig iron, J W Porter; 1 car staves, W Hastings; 2 bxs tools, P H Laufman; 1 do do, J Godfrey; 10 bbls oil, Davis, Chambers & Co; 1 lot hh goods, Mrs Starkey; 40 bdls paper, Pitts Paper Co; 49 sks oats, C H Love; 1 car staves, Ralya & Robertson; 2 cars wheat, J S Liggett; 15 bbls vinegar, Davis, Chambers & Co; 20 bbls marble dust, J C Buffum; 90 bdls willows, I Dickey & Co; 120 sks wheat, R T Kennedy & Bro; 20 bbls bungs, A B Mills; 8 bales cotton, A H Childs & Co; 2 cars staves, J Painter & Son; 3 do do, M B Adams & Bro.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R., August 1.—2 cars metal, H Woodsides; 1 car lime, Jas Reno; 3 kegs butter, 1 bbl eggs, L E Owen; 5 pkgs eggs, 1 do do butter, 2 bgs rags, 1 firkin lard, L J Blanchard; 3 pkgs eggs, Head & Metzgar; pkg butter, J Atkinson; 1 car metal, McKnight Porter & Co; 1 car clay, S Kier & Co; 1 car stone, Harrison & Bro; 1 do do, Forrester & Megraw.

ALLEGHENY STATION, August 1.—1 car wheat, W McKee & Co; 299 sks oats, A Miller & Son; 2 bbls beans, 1 do apples, J Herbert; 100 bbls flour, 21 sks oats, Stewart & Langenhim; 322 sks oats, M Steel & Son; 12 racks washbowls, S Wagg; 4 do do, A J Jacobs; 4 do do, A Ross; 2 bbls sizing, R M & J Snodgrass; 4 boxes crackers, J Lockhart.

BAKERY FOR SALE,

WITH OR WITHOUT THE PROPERTY;

Or would rent for a term of years. Enquire at

WARD'S,

ap22-MWF No. 69 Fifth Ave. 2t., Allegheny

PAPER.

PROPOSALS FOR PAPER.

A SUPPLEMENT to an act requiring the Superintendent of Public Printing to advertise for proposals for supplying the State with printing and bill paper, approved April tenth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That hereafter the person or persons bidding for the contract for furnishing the State with paper, as provided in the act approved April tenth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, be required to execute a bond to the Commonwealth, with at least two sufficient sureties, in the sum of ten thousand dollars, conditioned for the faithful performance of the contract so allotted, which said bond shall be approved by the President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the district or districts in which such sureties may reside; or in case of the absence or other inability of such President Judge, by the Associate Judge of the county in which such sureties may reside; *Provided*, That the bonds, with the sureties of the several bidders, shall be duly executed, sealed up and delivered with the proposals for furnishing said paper, and in addition to the condition above required, shall be conditioned that in case the bidder or bidders to whom the said contract shall be awarded shall neglect or refuse to accept the same at his or their bid, the said bidder or bidders, with his or their sureties aforesaid, shall be liable to the Commonwealth for the difference between the amount of the bid of the person to whom the said contract shall be awarded after such neglect or refusal; *And provided further*, That the Superintendent of Public Printing shall award said contract upon the same day the bids are by him opened.

ELISHA W. DAVIS,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JAMES L. GRAHAM,
Speaker of the Senate.

APPROVED—The tenth day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

JOHN W. GEARY.

In pursuance of the above act, the Superintendent of Public Printing gives the following notice:

TO PAPER MANUFACTURERS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the Superinteudent of Public Printing, for

Supplying the State with Printing Paper.

Said paper to be BOOK PAPER, measuring **25** by **40** inches, and to weigh respectively **40** and **50** pounds to the ream. Also, DOUBLE FLAT CAP, measuring **17** by **26** inches, weighing **28** pounds to the ream. Bids will be received for each kind separately. Said proposals to be opened in presence of bidders, on SATURDAY, the 1st day of August, **1868**, at the office of the Superintendent. Contract to run from December, **1868**, to August, **1869**.

The successful bidders will be required rigidly to conform to samples which will be furnished upon application at the office of the Superintendent. No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by a guarantee that the bidder or bidders, provided his or their proposal shall be accepted, will enter into an obligation with good and sufficient security, to furnish the articles proposed for; and each proposal must be accompanied by satisfactory evidence that the persons making said proposals are manufacturers of or dealers in the description of paper which he or they propose to furnish.

JOHN YOUNGMAN,
Superintendent Public Printing,

jy14:t9 75 Market Street, Harrisburg.

PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Manufacturers of

PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPERS.

CLINTON MILL—STEUBENVILLE, OHIO.
BRIGHTON MILL—NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,

No. 82 Third Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

OFFICERS—AUGUST HARTJE, President.
JNO. B. LIVINGSTON, Treasurer.
SAMUEL RIDDLE, Secretary.

DIRECTORS—August Hartje, John Atwell, S. H Hartman, John B. Livingston.
Cash paid for Paper Stock. ja29:o88

MISCELLANEOUS.

TAXES! TAXES!!

The Tax Payers of the consolidated City of Pittsburgh, are hereby notified that the Tax Books are now in the hands of the City Treasurer, ready for collection.

Taxes and Water Rents paid between the 1st of JUNE and the 1st of AUGUST, will be received at a DISCOUNT OF FIVE PER CENT.

And between AUGUST 1st, and the 15th of SEPTEMBER, at a

DISCOUNT OF TWO PER CENT.

From the 15th of SEPTEMBER to the 1st of OCTOBER, all Taxes will be payable as assessed. After the 1st of OCTOBER, FIVE per cent. will be added; and on the 1st of NOVEMBER, all unpaid Taxes will be put into the hands of Collectors WITH THE FURTHER ADDITION OF FIVE PER CENT., making a difference of FIFTEEN PER CENT. between those paying in July and those paying in November.

☞The STATE MERCANTILE LICENSES are now due, and should be paid on or before the 1st of July, to save cost and expense of suit.

S. ALLINDER,
Je16:r65 City Treasurer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 31, 1868.

NOTICE TO STONE MASONS.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR

Rebuilding a Stone Culvert,

Over the Four Mile Run, at the Swindler Farm, 23d Ward, will be received at the City Engineer's Office until

Saturday, August 8th, 1868.

Specifications can be seen at this office.

H. J. MOORE,
jy31:t71 City Engineer.

POLICE NOTICE.

To the Owners of Dogs and Hogs.

The owners of DOGS are hereby notified that the ordinances prohibiting their running at large unmuzzled will be strictly enforced, and that all Dogs so suffered to run will be dealt with according to law.

All HOGS suffered to run at large will be taken up and disposed of according to the ordinances of the city.

JAMES BLACKMORE, Mayor,
jy24:t51

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, July 29, 1868.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for Grading, Paving and Curbing the Eastern Portion of Second Street,

Is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until

SATURDAY, AUGUST 8TH, 1868,

When it will be returned to the City Treasurer's Office for collection.

H. J. MOORE,
jy29:t78 City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 29, 1868.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for Grading, Paving & Curbing Mulberry Alley,

From Clymer to Smith street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until

SATURDAY, AUGUST 8TH, 1868,

When it will be returned to the City Treasurer's Office for collection.

H. J. MOORE,
jy29:t77 City Engineer.

F. W. C. FELD & CO.,

DEALERS IN

GLUE, CURLED HAIR,

Tanners' Scraps, Cereons, Cattle Tails,

BONES, NEAT'S FOOT OIL, &C.

Office and Warehouse, No. 335 LIBERTY ST., 3d door from Wayne.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

MWF

STORE WINDOW SHADES, of any color and size required, with border and letters in plain or gilt, also the plain Blue, for sash purposes, from 2 to 7 feet wide, at the OIL CLOTH WAREROOMS, 27 and 29 Fifth Street.

J. & R. PHILLIPS.

jy24

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

700 MILES

OF THE

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD

Are now finished and in operation. **160** miles of track have been laid this spring, and the work along the whole line between the Atlantic and Pacific States is being pushed forward more rapidly than ever before. More than twenty thousand men are employed, and it is not impossible that the entire track, from Omaha to Sacramento, will be finished in **1869** instead of **1870**. The means provided are ample, and all that energy, men and money can do to secure the completion of this

GREAT NATIONAL WORK,

At the earliest possible day, will be done.

The UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY receive:

I.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT of the right of way, and all necessary timber and other materials found along the line of its operations.

II.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT of **12,800** acres of land to the mile, taken in alternate sections on each side of its road. This is an absolute donation, and will be a source of large revenue in the future.

III.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT of United States Thirty-year Bonds, amounting to from **$16,000** to **$48,000** per mile, according to the difficulties to be surmounted on the various sections to be built. The Government takes a second mortgage as security, and it is expected that not only the interest, but the principal amount may be paid in services rendered by the Company in transporting troops, mails, &c. The interest is now much more than paid in this way, besides securing a great saving in time and money to the Government.

IV.—A GOVERNMENT GRANT of the right to issue its own FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, to aid in building the road, to the same amount as the U. S. Bonds, issued for the same purpose, and *no more*. The Government permits the Trustees for the First Mortgage Bondholders to deliver the Bonds to the Company only as the road is completed, and after it has been examined by United States Commissioners and pronounced to be in all respects a first-class Railroad, laid with a heavy T rail, and completely supplied with depots, stations, turnouts, carshops, locomotives, cars, &c.

V.—A CAPITAL STOCK SUBSCRIPTION from the stockholders, of which OVER EIGHT MILLION DOLLARS have been paid in upon the work already done, and which will be increased as the wants of the Company require.

VI.—NET CASH EARNINGS on its Way Business, that already amount to MORE THAN THE INTEREST on the First Mortgage Bonds. These earnings are no indication of the vast through traffic that must follow the opening of the line to the Pacific, but they certainly prove that

FIRST MORTCACE BONDS

upon such a property, costing nearly three times their amount, ARE SECURE BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Union Pacific Bonds run thirty years, are for **$1,000** each, and have coupons attached. They bear annual interest, payable on the first days of January and July, at the Company's Office, in the City of New York, at the rate of six per cent. in gold. The Principal is payable in gold at maturity. The price is **103**, and at the present rate of gold, they pay a liberal income on their cost.

The Company believe that these Bonds, at the present rate, are the cheapest in the market, and reserve the right to advance the price at any time.

Subscriptions will be received in Pittsburgh by

JAMES T. BRADY & Co., corner of Wood and Fourth Streets;
HART, CAUGHEY & Co., corner of Wood and Third Streets;
S. McCLEAN & CO., 75 Fourth Street;
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AND IN NEW YORK

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Remittances should be made in drafts or other funds par in New York, and the Bonds will be sent free of charge by return express. Parties subscribing through local agents, will look to them for their safe delivery.

A PAMPHLET AND MAP FOR **1868** has just been published by the Company, giving fuller information than is possible in an advertisement, respecting the Progress of the Work, the Resources of the Country traversed by the Road, the Means for Construction, and the Value of the Bonds, which will be sent free on application at the Company's offices, or to any of the advertised agents.

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ARE SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHERS

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je5:r36

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SHIPTON & WALLACE, WHOLESALE GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. **6** SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh. ja12:r58

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JOS. A. BUTLER,

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Business entrusted to his care promptly attended to. my1:y61

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mh5:n8 PITTSBURGH, PA.

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my24:b25 PITTSBURGH, PA.

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Orders promptly attended to. ap18:x3

RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH and CONNELLSVILLE R. R.

On and after THURSDAY, March 5th, 1868, trains will arrive at and depart from the Depot, corner of Grant and Water streets, as follows:

	Depart.	Arrive.
Mail to and from Uniont'n.	7:00 A. M.	6:00 P. M.
McKeesport Accommod'n	11:00 A. M.	2:05 P. M.
Ex. to and from Uniont'n.	3:00 P. M.	10:00 A. M.
West Newton Accommod'n	4:30 P. M.	8:35 A. M.
Braddock's Accommodat'n	6:15 P. M.	7:50 P. M.
Night Acc. to McKeesport	10:30 P. M.	6:40 A. M.
Sunday Church Train to and from West Newton.....	1:00 P. M.	10:00 A. M.

For tickets apply to

J. R. KING, Agent,
W. B. STOUT, Superintendent. mh8

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

ONLY DIRECT ROUTE TO THE OIL REGIONS, Running through to Venango City without change of cars—Connecting with trains East and West of the Warre. & Franklin Railroad, and Atlantic & Great Western Railways. Shortest and quickest route to Oil City and Franklin, and all points in the Oil Regions.

On and after April **26th, 1868**, Passenger Trains will leave from and arrive at the Pittsburgh Depot, corner Canal and Pike Sts., as follows:

	Depart.	Arrive.
Mail to and f'm Ven. City.	7:00 A. M.	6:15 P. M.
Express " "	10:40 P. M.	12:25 A. M.
Brady's Bend Accommod'n	3:00 P. M.	10:20 A. M.
Soda Works Accom'n.....	5:30 P. M.	7:55 A. M.
First Hulton Accomod'n...	8:50 A. M.	11:40 A. M.
Second Hulton Accomod'n	12:00 M.	3:25 P. M.

Sunday Church Train leaves Soda Works at 8:05 A. M., arriving in Pittsburgh at 9:50 A. M. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 1:10 P. M., arriving at Soda Works at 2:55 P. M.

H. BLACKSTONE, Sup't.
W. F. HOPE, Ticket Agent. ap25

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY.

PAN HANDLE ROUTE.

CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after SUNDAY, June **21st, 1868**, trains will leave and arrive at the Union Depot, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

| | Depart. |

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors.

F. R. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED.
Editors and Proprietors.

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Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

Terms—Daily.	Semi-Weekly.	Weekly.
One year....$8 00	One year..$2.50	Single copy....$1.50
One month. 75	Six mos.. 1.50	5 copies, each. 1.25
By the week (from carrier.) 15	Three mos 75	20 " " 1.15 —and one to Agent.

MONDAY, AUGUST 3, 1868.

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

The Presidential fight having now fairly begun, and the newspaper press being one of the best weapons for effectual warfare, we propose to furnish the GAZETTE for the Campaign at the very low rate of **10** *cents per copy for the WEEKLY, and* **$2** *for the DAILY, from now to the close of the Presidential election.*

The GAZETTE has been an earnest, consistent and efficient advocate of Republican principles, from the start, and it is therefore all the better qualified to present Republican arguments now, in this decisive contest, which must settle conclusively whether the nation shall go back to the old domination of slavery and the slave power, or go forward to the full fruition of the results accomplished by the war.

The old Southern politicians, galvanized into new life by the Democratic nominations at New York, unhesitatingly avow that all the Confederacy fought for is to be gained in the election of Seymour and Blair, and that secession is not dead, but is to be fully and finally triumphant in the success of the Democratic candidates.

It has also been plainly given out, by the Democratic candidate for Vice President, that the Democracy, if successful this fall, intend to overturn by force the State Governments established by the people of the South, thus giving notice in advance of another war, and the Democratic Convention, in nominating him for the Vice Presidency, gave the emphatic endorsement of the party to the incendiary and revolutionary threat.

Shall what the Confederacy fought for, and failed to attain, be now attained through Seymour's success? Shall secession, overturned and defeated in the field, be allowed to triumph at the polls? Shall the Democracy, under the lead of Seymour and Blair, be permitted to inaugurate a new Rebellion?

If not, it behooves the Republicans of Western Pennsylvania to labor with an earnestness and zeal befitting the perils of the hour: and one of the surest ways of meeting the enemy successfully is to circulate Republican papers freely, and put them into the hands of all who are willing to read them.

To this end we offer the GAZETTE at a very low rate for the campaign. There are very few men who cannot afford to give forty cents to aid the good cause by circulating a good Republican paper.

Try it, friends, try it for your neighbors. There is scarcely a neighborhood in the country in which from ten to twenty more weekly papers cannot be distributed to advantage; and a few thousand weekly papers read carefully from now to the election will do more good than tens of thousands of Congressional speeches.

Headquarters Republican County Committee, City Hall, Market Street. Open every day. County Committee meets every Wednesday, at 2 P. M.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Does Knowledge Cause Crime, by Perceval Beckett. Third and Sixth pages: Commercial and River News. Seventh page: The Teeth, Barbarous Operation, A Hint to Cities, Size of the Stars, General Butler's Alleged "Extortion," Rebel Slander Refuted, &c., &c., &c.*

GOLD closed Saturday in New York at 144¼@145⅝.

IT HAS been decided that no election shall be held in Virginia until after the next meeting of Congress. It seems that additional legislation will be required.

THE Steubenvllie *Herald* states that "the German Democrats of Ohio are abandoning that party by thousands and enrolling among the friends of GRANT and peace."

OUR Minister to England, Hon. REVERDY JOHNSON, sailed from Baltimore on Saturday. The widow of the late President LINCOLN is a passenger on the same vessel.

THE building for the new Insane Asylum at Danville, Pa., is to be eleven hundred and thirty-three feet in length, and the wings will have a frontage of nearly six hundred feet more.

NEBRASKA will cast her virgin vote as a State in November. The campaign for GRANT and COLFAX has been auspiciously opened and an overwhelming triumph will certainly follow.

THE speech of Senator HILL, of Georgia, for GRANT and COLFAX, at Atlanta, on the 31st, is followed by his declaration that he will at once take the stump for the Union ticket and nominees.

THE HON. HENRY C. JOHNSON, of Meadville, has finally been made the Republican candidate for Congress in the Twentieth District. He is a gentleman of high social repute, a lawyer of distinction, and a tried and consistent Republican. He served in the Legislature with decided success, ending as Speaker of that body.

IT IS understood that, in view of the desire of the present Commissioner of Internal Revenue to retire as soon as a suitable successor shall be designated for the place, the President tendered it, first, to Ex-Gov. Cox, who declines it, and, subsequently, to Hon. C. DELANE, of Ohio, who has it under advisement.

THE Democracy of the West are heartily dissatisfied with the candidates put forward for their suffrages by the New York Convention. SEYMOUR is looked upon as an artful trickster, while BLAIR is regarded as a revolutionist. Neither name evokes any enthusiasm, and the Republicans with their noble standard-bearers have matters pretty much all their own way.

SAID TOOMBS, at the rebel BLAIR ratification meeting in Atlanta: "The Reconstruction acts are null and void, and *shall not stand.* * * The grinning skeletons which have been set up in our midst as legislators *shall be ousted by Frank Blair, whom* OUR PARTY HAS EXPRESSLY APPOINTED FOR THAT PURPOSE." Let no honest Democrat declare that he has not had fair notice of the real designs of his leaders.

THE RECEIVER of the Atlantic and Great Western Railway reports a reduction of working expenses from 73.9 to 61.8 per cent.; receipts for last year, $6,769,673, and disbursements $6,690,950; and recommends the adoption of a narrow guage on account of economy, or at least the putting down of a third rail so as to allow a narrow equipment to be used until the broad shall be worn out.

KENTUCKY holds her State elections today. BAKER (Rep.) and STEVENSON, (Dem.) are the respective candidates for Governor. The minor State offices are also to be filled, but no Representatives in Congress are to be chosen until next year. The rebels have full control in Kentucky, as was shown by her last vote: This was Democratic 90,225; Republican 33,939: Third party 13,167. But the friends of GRANT and COLFAX will poll every vote they have, no matter against what discouraging odds.

THE Literary Societies of Lafayette College, at Easton, Pa., were addressed, last week, by HON. G. A. GROW, who had been designated as the orator of the occasion. The leading idea which the speaker eloquently elaborated was that the stability of a nation depended upon the recognition of the rights of all classes of her people. Rome fell not through her extent of territory or vast population—but because she did injustice to the people she enslaved. The oration was regarded as the most brilliant effort of the Commencement exercises.

THERE are very significant indications at Washington, that not only is the President indisposed to promote the election of SEYMOUR and BLAIR, but that he desires to conciliate the regard of the friends of Gen. GRANT, even, if need be, by openly espousing the Republican nominations. Mr. SEWARD also is likely to anticipate him, by an open declaration in this direction at an early day. We hear, from all quarters, of gentlemen who attached themselves two years since to the interests of Mr. JOHNSON, who now announce their adhesion to the Chicago platform and ticket.

IN an admirable impromptu speech by Hon. SCHUYLER COLFAX, subsequent to his great reception speech at South Bend to thousands of his constituents who met to welcome him home, he uttered these words, which ought to be written on the banners of the campaign: "LOYALTY SHALL GOVERN WHAT LOYALTY HAS PRESERVED." The whole sentence reads thus:

"In all their hours of disaster and gloom, when men's hearts fainted by the way, there was one party, every man of which stood around our banner, and never despaired of the American Republic; and there is one organization that, since the armies of the rebellion were crushed, has demanded, and intends to stand by that demand, God being our helper, to the end that loyalty shall govern what loyalty has preserved."

THE OBLIGATIONS of their parole are not wholly ignored by some of the officers of the late Confederate army. Gens. CHEATHAM, MAURY and B. JOHNSON have come forward, in their State of Tennessee, to oppose the K. K. K. threats of violent resistance to the laws, and on Saturday no less than thirteen of these ex-rebel Generals met at Nashville, to concert with the loyal authorities the proper measures for the preservation of the peace. One of them, CHEATHAM, said that "he kept the parole which he gave when he surrendered, always about his person, and felt that he was honor-bound to yield quiet and honest obedience to the laws."

DURING the stay of the Rocky Mountain editorial excursion party at Omaha, the proprietor of the *Republican* newspaper surrendered the sanctum to the guests of the city, and gave them full control over his columns. The Democratic editors took advantage of the generous tender, to print villainous and abusive articles on GRANT, COLFAX and the Chicago platform. This departure from good taste might have been overlooked, had not the Omaha *Herald*, a Copperhead sheet of the worst character, republished the articles next day, crediting them to the *Republican*, without a single word of explanation. Such small and disgraceful performances on the part of the opposition plainly show how sadly they are in need of political food for capital.

AMONG the reports, which come thronging upon us from all sections of the Union, of distinguished Democrats whose patriotism impels them to the support of GRANT and COLFAX, we have one from California. P. H. SIBLEY, Esq., a member of the Democratic Central Committee, published a card on the 13th ult., advising his former associates that he is no longer with them. Resigning his place upon the Committee, he gives expression to a patriotism as sterling as the purest ore ever found in the hills of the Golden State. For example:

"My judgment neither approves the platform of principles put forth by the New York Convention, nor does my sense of duty to the country justify me in aiding to advance Horatio Seymour to the office of President of the United States. In remembering that I am a Democrat, I cannot forget I owe a higher allegiance to the American Union. I should be glad to remain in the Democratic party, could I believe that in doing so I am not sacrificing those principles of patriotism that are higher and holier than any sentiment of mere party fealty."

THE PRIMARY MEETINGS.

On Saturday week, the 15th of August, the Republicans of Pittsburgh hold their primary meetings for the nomination of a city ticket. It is proper to remind our friends that these nominations are to be made directly by the voters at these meetings, without any intervention of delegates, each Republican designating his preference by his ballot, and the returns from all the polls being canvassed and announced by the Executive Committee, the candidates having a majority to constitute a ticket for the support of the entire party at the regular election in October.

This is known as the Crawford County system of nomination, and the great merits which have been claimed for it have been abundantly established wherever it has been fairly tried. It is decidedly a simpler, more direct and more decisive mode of testing the wishes of a majority of the party, obviating completely that objection to the old plan which rested upon the alleged corruption, or faithlessness, of delegates in log-rolling and making new and improper combinations in convention. With proper regulations to ensure a fair poll, and with such an interest entertained among Republican citizens as will bring out a full vote, there can be no doubt that the new system would result in a satisfactory expression of all preferences. The duty of providing those regulations has been entrusted to the Executive Committee, and we have yet to hear of the first man who entertains any doubt of the wise and faithful efficiency of their action in the premises.

The importance of a full vote, also, cannot be over-estimated. If there be any virtue in any system which obviates the mischief resulting from a general and disorganized scramble for office, in the face of an organized opposition, at the October polls, by harmonizing and uniting the votes of an entire party, in the selection of a ticket which, being acceptable to the majority, is, *for that reason*, submitted for the support of all, the plan now proposed must be conceded to be the fairest possible mode of ascertaining the strength of each candidate. While it submits the question of personal preference to a direct vote, it renders the obligation of each voter the more conspicuous. It becomes, more than ever, his personal duty to attend these primary meetings and have his preferences there recorded. Now that his vote cannot be traded away or ignored, but each and every ballot is to count one, and will have its just weight and no more; now that the voter, accepting the need for any system of nominations, has this opportunity given to him to take a direct part, himself, in bringing those nominations about, it is his bounden duty to attend at the time and place appointed, to use an honest effort to secure the selection of his favorites, to concede precisely the same rights and privileges to the friends of opposing candidates, and he and they, all alike, are honorably bound to abide by the result and ever after hold their peace. Let us therefore have a full vote on the 15th. Let every Republican voter in the city bear in mind his privilege, and the obligation which results from it. No man has honorably a title to vote at these meetings, who intends to bolt the ticket if his favorite names be not upon it. No candidate has any honorable claim upon the Republican suffrages at these meetings, who intends to withhold his support from a successful competitor. And no Republican, who might have attended the meetings, but has not done so, has honorably the right to except to a ticket which, by his primary vote, he might have successfully opposed. We have the fullest confidence in the fairness with which the primary elections will be conducted. Now, Republican friends, whomever your favorites may be, make your selections beforehand, and, on the 15th, go and vote for them. Nominate them if you can, but if not successful in that, remember you have had a fair chance, and that the ticket, be it what it may, is fairly entitled to your cordial support. In this way, you can ensure the selection of a good ticket and that it will have the largest majority in October.

HOWARD UNIVERSITY.

By the adoption of the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution it is made certain the black inhabitants of ten of the Southern States, now between three and four millions in number, and rapidly increasing, all pretended statistics to the contrary notwithstanding, will permanently constitute part and parcel of the political power of the Republic. It is, therefore, a matter of national importance to make provision for the intellectual education of this mass of population. Of course, ignorance and its concomitants, passion and prejudice, are as endurable in black voters as in white ones; but the difficulty consists in making depraved and degraded white men think so. White men who are so untaught and unthinking as to render their participation in political affairs a problem of serious magnitude as touching the stability of popular institutions, are loudest and sharpest in denunciation of allowing negroes the ballot. Those naturally fail to see that the peril is not in the color of the skin, but in the condition of the understanding, reason and conscience.

These general considerations have led to various plans for the mental elevation of the colored people at the South. Among other instrumentalities Primary Schools have been extensively organized and used. The zeal evinced by the blacks in the pursuit of knowledge, demonstrate that they know this is the secret of their former masters' power, and that if they would protect and maintain their newly acquired liberties they must share in it equally with the whites. In addition to these common schools, twenty-five Normal Schools, besides several still higher institutions, have been established for the blacks in the Southern States, and are in successful operation.

The Howard University is designed to be the chief of the Seminaries of learning for the colored people of this country. It was chartered by the Thirty-ninth Congress, is located at Washington, and was named in honor of Gen. O. O. HOWARD, the Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau. The plat, fifty acres in extent, is situated upon the circle of hills surrounding Washington, and overlooking the city. Here two spacious buildings have already been erected; one for recitations, lectures, offices, chapel, &c.; the other for dormitories sufficient to accommodate two hundred students.

For a year past the normal and preparatory departments have been in operation, under the superintendence of Mr. A. L. BARBER, a graduate of Oberlin College, Ohio. The Medical department will be opened the approaching autumn. For clinical instruction the students will have access to the Freedmen's General Hospital. It is hoped that a freshman class in the Collegiate department may be organized at the same time. It is intended to open theological and law departments in due season.

Tuition in the Normal and Collegiate departments costs three dollars a term, and board can be obtained at three dollars a week.

So far the success of the enterprise has been excellent. But it remains to complete the endowment; to establish scholarships and professorships. To this end an appeal is made to the liberality of the public.

THE CRIMINAL CLASSES.

A few years ago Mr. THOMAS CARLISLE advocated a new plan for dealing with offenders against the peace and good order of society, which consisted in taking summary and relentless vengeance upon them. His theory was that the weakest point of modern civilization lay in criminal jurisprudence, which utterly failed either to protect the community or to reform the individuals who depredated upon it. Following this course of reasoning he reached the conclusion that the best way to treat a criminal was to cut his head off as soon after he was caught and convicted as practicable. That would certainly prevent his doing further mischief; but the effect of this sanguinary discipline would be to transform the civilization of these times into downright barbarism. Indeed, no nation could be brought to deal after this manner with criminals until all its truer and nobler instincts should be corrupted.

Mr. CARLISLE was right in this, that all systems of dealing with crime and criminals, now in use, entirely fail of producing a curative effect. Nay, the tendency of all these systems is to make the men and women subjected to them worse instead of better; to organize offenders into distinct classes, having no feelings or purposes in unison with the other portions of society, and no hope of success but in fresh offences. But to intensify this system, by superadded elements of retribution, would not reasonably inspire a hope of rendering it more successful. It is not difficult to make an end of a particular criminal by chopping his head from his body. It is a very different matter to deter others from like courses by the exhibition of such severity. Hell is represented in the popular theology as a sort of penal colony where punishment is graduated exactly according to the nature and extent of misdeeds. Under such conditions punishment ought to do the best it is capable of. Yet we do not recollect an instance in which the fiery discipline of that place ever converted a sinner into a saint. The only evidence of human sympathy left in that abode relates to a man who had some solicitude that his brothers should be spared the horrors he endured. Not another man has been chronicled as having any kindness left in him. But it must be remembered that this colony was not designed to be reformatory, but strictly penal.

M. EMILE DE GIRARDIN, editor of the Paris newspaper, *La Liberte*, has gone off in the opposite direction from Mr. CARLISLE. By a powerful series of articles upon the right of society to punish crimes, and the best methods of restraint and reformation, he has produced a profound sensation throughout the continent of Europe.

Instead of sending criminals swiftly to their final awards, or even driving them from all the influences of home, friends and family, he would try to make those influences stronger. Instead of destroying within them the sentiment of self-respect, and the hope of obtaining the respect of others, he would endeavor to make those motives prominent and controlling. To this end he would frame a complete family and neighborhood police, giving each family and neighborhood so much authority over the liberty and lives of its members as to justify holding these responsible for their conduct. By registration and publicity, and by being sent to his own home and people, and there placed under supervision, he thinks that nearly all those who are arrested for crime, and who become enemies to society, might be saved. In other words, he would deal with moral delinquencies as with other departures from the normal condition of human beings, treating crime as a disease to be cured rather than punished. He would divest law entirely of all ideas of dessert and of distributive justice, and put its dealings with disordered members on a basis analagous to the treatment of diseased organisms by physicians; directing the whole energies of the community to the restoration of universal moral health, and not to the excision of diseased members. Not that he would of a sudden swing from the methods in use to that he suggests; but that he would approach it gradually, and with as much celerity as the circumstances allow.

In European countries this plan can be tried more faithfully than in this. There everybody is under the direct supervision of the Government. High and low, in town and country, Government papably overshadows and touches each individual. Here Government is organized essentially different, making its presence felt only in the larger concerns of life, and leaving each one comparatively without restraint in most other affairs.

Whatever may be maintained on either side of this question, it is manifest to careful investigators that the criminal laws of all the more advanced nations are destined to be thoroughly reconsidered and revised before many years shall elapse. Under these laws as they now stand, the criminal classes, shut out from association and sympathy with all other classes, are fully organized for the commission of bad deeds, which they have come to regard in some measure as just retaliations for the miseries they endure. There is no probability that any civilized nation will adopt the savagery of Mr. CARLISLE; there is a chance that a modification of the humanitarianism of M. GIRARDIN may prevail.

THE Republicans of the Northern States are rapidly completing their preparations for the fall elections. Their nominations, both State and Congressional, are all nearly filled up, and in each State the preliminaries of a working organization are receiving attention. The Democratic opponent of Mr. GRISWOLD, for Governor of New York, is not yet selected, CORNING, HOFFMAN, MURPHY and CHURCH being all named as candidates for the honor of a defeat. In Michigan, the first four Congressional districts will be canvassed by their present members for re-election. H. P. BALDWIN for Governor heads a full ticket for the State offices. Nominations have been made in five of the six districts of Iowa, only one member, LOUGHRIDGE, being a candidate for re-election, the others voluntarily retiring from the public service. In ALLISON'S district, no nomination has been made, and the wish is generally expressed, within and without the State, that this excellent Representative will again serve his constituents. The Ohio districts are nearly filled up, the latest announcement being Judge STANLEY MATTHEWS in the second district, at Cincinnati, and his triumphant election will evince the re-establishment of the normal and healthy condition of politics in this district, which prevailed before the development of a pernicious *caries* two years since. In our own, the Keystone State, the nominations in several of the districts are not yet made, but we trust that another fortnight will see all preferences reconciled, and the tickets filled up from the Ohio to the sea.

ON Saturday we mentioned that the cattle plague was prevailing to such extent as to create serious alarm among the people. As indicating the nature and extent of the evil, we make the following extracts:

TARINA, ILL., July 22, 1868.—To His Excellency, Governor Oglesby: I take the liberty to write to you to inform you of a dreadful cattle pleague that has broken out in our midst, which has proved so fatal as to baffle all the efforts to save a single animal. There has not one recovered that has been attacked. The total loss up to this date is from forty to fifty valuable milk cows and fat steers. A week ago I had fifty head of fat steers in pasture; now I have twenty left, and they continue to die at the rate of five or ten per day. It is rapidly spreading over our prairies, and there are but few cattle in this neighborhood that are not affected. It has taken them all from many a poor family, and if we cannot discover some remedy, it will surely sweep our country of a good deal of valuable stock. I have been informed that there had been a committee of scientific men appointed by you to examine some cases of the kind in Sangamon County; if so, you will confer a great favor upon us, and we believe the country, to have the matter examined, and see if the dreadful scourge cannot be stayed. It is believed by many to have been brought here by Texas stock, that were with ours a month ago. It is certainly contagion of some kind, and is increasing in violence rapidly. Your obedient servant,
E. RICHARDSON.

The New Albany (Indiana) *Commercial* says:

"A gentleman informed us yesterday that at a certain point north of, and about one mile from, the city, the carcasses of over fifty cows that have died of the mysterious cattle plague, have been hauled and deposited, and are now filling the atmosphere with the most pestilent odors. Every cow that dies of this disease should be buried at least four feet under ground."

The Champaign (Indiana) *Gazette* states:

"Several cattle have died of a disease supposed to be the Spanish fever, contracted from dead animals thrown off the cars by the Illinois Central Railroad Company two miles north of Champaign. The dead animals were left unburied for several days, and the cattle on the adjoining farm were taken with a disease. In eight or nine days. In several instances dying in an hour after exhibiting symptoms of disease."

The Sullivan (Ind.) *Republican* says:

"We learn that a drove of fine cattle, herding close to Peach Orchard in Lown township, are dying off at the rate of fifteen per day with the Texas fever. They were shipped from the South in cars that Texas cattle had been shipped in. It may prove destructive to the cattle in our county, and means should be taken to stay its progress."

At Onarga and other Illinois towns the inhabitants have made forcible resistance to the passage of Southern cattle through to Chicago.

Last winter the Legislatures of Mississippi, Kansas and Illinois passed stringent laws to prevent this disease from spreading.

"THERE ARE," says the Memphis *Post*, "four hundred empty stores in Memphis, and very few property holders are getting more rent than will pay their taxes," yet the fire-eating, rebel element in that city still persists in discouraging the immigration of Northern enterprise and capital, and in its hostility to all those present residents who avow Republican opinions, although the imminent ruin of all the material interests of the community is thus made a mere question of time. Such are the characteristics of the "rule or ruin" politicians of the BLAIR Democracy everywhere, North or South. The *Post*, upon the facts above cited as a text, presents to its readers the inevitable results of this proscriptive policy, in the plainest and most instructive light. Yet we have no hope for the restoration of wiser counsels among the Southern people, until they shall become satisfied of the complete fallacy of the revolutionary hopes which BLAIR'S nomination has inspired in them. And that can only be accomplished by the election of Gen. GRANT.

THE Charleston *Courier* in its declaration of what basis it would have the Southern Electoral Colleges organized upon, says:

"Congress, by numerous acts and declarations, has recognized as legitimate all the State Governments existing in the South at the termination of the war. Therefore, in case two sets of electors should present themselves from such States, *the votes only of those should be counted who were chosen under the Government so formed by the people. The country should see to it, that the votes of the negro organizations should not be received.*"

Here we have the issue of the Electoral College joint resolution fairly put. The work of the last two years must be entirely ignored. Governments recognized which have been set aside as invalid, the elective franchise given to the blacks must be taken from them. This is the undisguised issue.

MESSRS. FOWLER and ROSS, members of the United States Senate, publish in the Congressional *Globe*, defences of their change of front on the impeachment question, each occupying several columns. They contribute no additional facts to the stock of information previously before the public, but they do what they evidently regard as much better—abuse Mr. B. F. BUTLER soundly. That, doubtless, gratifies their spite, but we fail to see how it relieves their reputations.

A NEW YORK letter of the 30th, to the Philadelphia *Ledger* says: "The most interesting political rumor of the day is that Mr. Seward, who passed through this city yesterday, on his way to Auburn, gave his friends to understand that he was about to break ground in favor of General Grant. A brief editorial in one of the Republican morning papers has a hint to the same effect; but the Secretary, in conversation on the subject, I am assured, was much more outspoken than the hint would seem to imply. The Democratic politicians are not a little perplexed by this movement. They say that they cannot understand how the Secretary can take such a position, and yet occupy a place in the Cabinet of President Johnson. But, in answer to this, the more knowing ones on the other side intimate that, if they will have the patience awhile longer, President Johnson himself will be following the example of his Secretary of State. That is how both sides are talking. Time must tell which is nearer the truth."

READ what the Cincinnati *Enquirer* said of BLAIR in 1861:

"It was because a set of demagogues, to subserve their own ambitious purposes, made the people of the free States believe that African slavery in the Southern States was a great moral, social and political evil, and should not be allowed to extend into new territory. This was about the whole of it. It was the negro, and ambitious demagogues riding on his back into power. Rather than they should not do so, *the people allowed the grandest Government in the world to be destroyed, and civil war to desolate the land; and Frank P. Blair was one of those demagogues.*"

THE New York *Commercial* says: "It is rumored that two of the most prominent Major Generals who took part in the Soldiers and Sailors' gathering held in this city during the Democratic Convention, are 'kicking in the traces,' and are only held back by very powerful influences from declaring for Grant and Colfax. The gallant soldiers who led the armies of the Republic to victory for the Union do not feel at home in the Seymour ranks. There are other weak spots in the enemy's lines that will show themselves soon."

—A general agricultural report of the condition of the harvest on the Continent says: The harvest in the south of France is terminated. The fears which had generally prevailed have been dissipated and the result better than expected. The crops, which in certain localities were supposed to be in jeopardy, will be abundant. At Augiers reaping was going on everywhere, and farmers seem to be well satisfied. The yield will be large, although the quality leaves something to be desired. At Montiney the sickle is also in the corn, and the crop will be good. Letters from Normandy give the greatest hopes and at several points the product will be above the average. Similar accounts are received from the East of France. In Hungary the harvest is advancing rapidly. Great plenty is united to excellent quality. That country has still in its granaries wheat of last year. Crops and prices are consequently falling. Throughout Germany also there is great abundance of grain. In Belgium wheat is almost ready everywhere for cutting. The crop is fine in every respect.

—General Prim has disappeared from London and has probably gone to Lisbon, where all the military men of the progressive party who had to leave Spain are proceeding. The friends of the Spanish Government were becoming alarmed, and a state of seige will probably be proclaimed shortly. The belief was prevalent that the present Portugese Ministry is in favor of a revolution in Spain.

IS YOUR DISEASE RHEUMATISM?

Many persons, supposing they are suffering from this disease, have applied Liniments, Plasters and other Rheumatic Remedies without obtaining any relief, when in fact the cause of pain is a derangement of the Kidneys. These are small organs, but very important, and any obstruction or interference with its functions are indicated by pain in the back and loins, languor and weakness, difficulty in avoiding and unnatural color of the urine. A Diuretic should t once be resorted to.

DR. SARGENT'S

Liuretic or Backache Pills

Can be relied on for these purposes: they have a direct influence on the cells of the kidneys, assists nature in relieving them of any foreign particles, and stimulates them to a healthy and vigorous action

Dr. Sargent's Backache Pills

Contain nothing injurious, being composed of entirely vegetable remedies; they do not sicken nor gripe—on the contrary they act as a gentle tonic and restores tone to the system. They are recommended by all who who have tried them.

Price 50 Cents Per Box.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS. Sole proprietor,

GEORGE A. KELLY, Wholesale Druggist,

37 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.

SWINGING ROUND THE CIRCLE.

There are fifty ways of alleviating the agonies of dyspepsia for the moment; but there is only one way to CURE it. After "swinging round the circle" of temporary palliatives the patient finds that the disease, so far from being subdued, has actually gathered strength, while he has been parleying with its symptoms.

The only way to get rid of the demon is to endow the stomach with sufficient strength to *cast it out and keep it out.* Impart permanent energy to the digestive organs with HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, and the object is accomplished. This powerful vegetable remedy is not a mere stimulant. It does not brace up the gastric machinery for an hour or two, leaving it, when the temporary excitement has passed off, in a worse state than before. Such is the effect of the ordinary alcoholic nostrums. They keep the stomach in a perpetual see-saw between unnatural activity and utter relaxation. Not so the BITTERS. Medicated with the finest tonic, alterative and anti-bilious extracts, they permanently reinforce and continuously regulate the assimilating organs. Such is the experience of tens of thousands. At this debilitating season of the year, when the solvent principle of the gastric juice is weakened by a constant drain of the animal fluids through the pores, HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is an article of prime necessity for the weak. To neglect the use of a tonic and alterative, so wonderfully efficacious and entirely harmless, is simply to forego the blessing of health and vigor, and voluntarily accept feebleness and discomfort in their stead.

CURE OF FISTULA.

DR. KEYSER: I write to thank you for your kindness and scientific management of my disease, for which I called to consult you some time in January last. You will remember that I had a complication of diseases, which finally ended in a terrible fistula, which I had been advised to "let alone," on account of a harassing cough, which it was feared might fasten it on my lungs. I knew that the peculair mode of treating diseases like mine was by a cutting operation, which, if successful at all, would naturally throw the disease upon the lungs or some other vital organ, on account of the suddenness of the cure and the immediate check to the discharge, which I believed was a salutary provision of nature to get rid of some morbid condition of the system. I feel perfectly satisfied that your method of treatment, purifying the system, and local applications to the fistulous part, must cure, if anything could, without cutting, which I find it did, and I am happy to report myself well in every particular, with sounder and better health than I have had for years. I would also add that the applications you made were almost painless, and have left me a new man, with all the energies and vigor of restored health.

Yours, gratefully, I—— C——.

DR. KEYSER'S CONSULTATION ROOMS FOR CHRONIC DISEASES, No. 130 PENN STREET, from 9 A. M. UNTIL 3 P. M.

June 17th, 1868.

☞ NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.

WANTED---SITUATIONS.

WANTED—SITUATION.—A young man who has had several years' experience in the dry goods and grocery business, would like to obtain a situation as salesman. Can give good reference. Address Post Office Box A, Freeport, Pa.

WANTED—SITUATION.—A young man who has had several years' experience in the dry goods business would like to obtain a situation where he can make himself useful. Can give good reference. Address BOX D, GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED—CANVASSER.—A man of good abilities will receive a liberal salary. Enquire at THIS OFFICE.

WANTED—BOY.—An intelligent Boy, between 14 and 16 years of age, to act as Assistant and Pupil to a Mechanical Engineer, in an office where he will learn Mechanical drawing. Premium required. Address P. BECK-WITH, Allegheny City, Pa.

WANTED—HONESTLY-To hire ten men at a salary of $150 per month, to the HOLLOW DASH ATMOSPHERIC CURN, and transact an agency business for men, will employ no man unless he is willing to work 26 days on a commission, or can otherwise furnish satisfactory evidence of ability and integrity. Employment steady. J. C. TILTON, 10½ St. Clair Street.

WANTED—BOY.—A young man of steady habits, to learn the Grocery business, in a good store. One that will board with the family, and can give the best of reference. Address GROCER, Allegheny City.

WANTED—SALESMEN.—Four or five good Salesmen. Article sells everywhere, in country and city. Can make good wages. Apply at 10½ ST. CLAIR STREET, Room 4.

WANTED—PRINTER.—A good and experienced Printer, who can work in the Welsh language, and hear of a permanent situation by addressing CRANDALL & CO., Scranton, Penna.

WANTED—HELP—At Employment Office, No. 3 St. Clair Street, BOYS, GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED—SALESMAN.—To solicit orders for a celebrated PICTURE, that is selling rapidly. Address B. R., Box G, this office, giving reference and salary wanted.

WANTED---BOARDERS.

WANTED—BOARDERS.—A gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen, accommodated with first class boarding at WYLIE STREET. Room is a front one, on second floor, and opens out on balcony.

WANTED—BOARDERS.—Good board, fine front rooms, with gas, can be had at $5.00 per week. Day boarding, $3.50. Single gentleman. At 46 LIBERTY STREET.

WANTED—BOARDERS.—Gentlemen boarders can be accommodated with board and lodging at No. 25 FERRY ST.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—Who can command a capital of $15 to $20—who may want to make money—to sell by sample the LOW DASH ATMOSPHERIC CHURN. Nothing like it in use. J. C. TILTON, No. 10½ ST. CLAIR ST.

WANTED—AGENT.—As Traveling AGENT, a man well acquainted in the Queensware and Glass business. None other need apply. Address P. O. Lock Box 197. Communications confidential.

WANTED—AGENTS—For National CAMPAIGN GOODS.—8x10 Steel Engravings of GRANT and COLFAX, with or without frames. One agent took 60 orders in one day. Also, National Campaign Biographies of both, 25 cts. Pins, Badges, Medals and Photos for Democrats and Republicans. Agents make 100 per ct. Sample packages sent post-paid for $1. Send at once and get the start. Address GOODSPEED & CO., 37 Park Row, N. Y., or Chicago, Ill. d&F

WANTS.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE—A few ACRES OF LAND, improved or unimproved, within seven miles of the city. Price, from two to five thousand dollars. Address W. B., PATCH OFFICE, giving location.

WANTED—BOARD.—A Young Lady, whose work will keep her about during the day, desires board with a respectable private family, (an old couple preferred,) where there are no men, or other boarders, if possible. State terms and address A. C. B., Pittsburgh Post Office.

WANTED—OFFICE.—Wanted to rent, a small OFFICE, on the first floor, in a business part of the city. Address J. A. H., GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED—OWNERS.—Parties having left work to be done at the Furniture Repair Rooms of G. A. TAYLOR, No. 13 Fifthfield street, since the 10th of April, are requested to call for the same, or it will be disposed of according to law.

WANTED—PURCHASER—For an interest in an established business on Fifth street. Terms—$500 cash, $500 in four and $500 in six months. Address BOX H, this office.

REMOVALS.

WATTLEY & CO. have re- moved to the house formerly occupied by Spencer & Co., No. 123 FEDERAL STREET, a few doors below the Market, Allegheny.

MONEY.

MONEY TO LOAN.—$100,000 to Loan, on Bond and Mortgage. Apply to or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth street.

FOR RENT.

TO LET—HOUSE of 6 rooms, on Chatham street, by S. CUTHBERT & SONS, Smithfield street.

TO LET—LAFAYETTE HALL— Will be to rent on SUNDAYS, after middle of August.

TO LET—ROOMS.—Two com- municating ROOMS, No. 4 Hancock street. Call at No. 4 ST. CLAIR STREET.

TO LET—HOUSE—Containing 6 rooms and cellar, on Congress street. Rent moderate. Apply to E. McKNIGHT, No. 28 Congress street.

TO LET—DWELLING—Contain- ing hall and nine rooms, at low rent of $350 per annum. Located on Second street, near Grant. Inquire of A. C. PATTERSON, 73 Grant street, 1ST

TO LET—RESIDENCE.—On the Commons, in the cleanliest, healthiest and most desirable part of Allegheny City, a three-story Brick House, with all modern improvements, in first class order; large lot, with stable for a pair, or the entire furnishment of the house, which is new, will be sold if desired. Address, with full name, LOCK BOX 368, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—GRIST MILL.—A first class Mill in New Brighton, Beaver Co., Four story Stone Mill, five run of burrs, splendid water power. Will sell part or whole, on easy terms. For further particulars apply to or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, 139 Fourth street

FOR SALE—MARE.—One Dark BROWN MARE, 15½ hands high, gentle, and can be drove by a child any place. Warranted to trot in 3:10 or less. To be seen at 153 WYLIE STREET.

FOR SALE—WAGONS.—One Ex- press Wagon; one 2 horse Peddler Wagon, covered; one 1-horse Rough Wagon, with barrel rack. Apply to JOHN DYER, Jr., corner Ridge street and Allegheny avenue, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—HOUSES.—A conve- nient BRICK HOUSE, of four rooms, stone cellar and lot, on Peach alley, near Pride street. House is new, and price only $1,100. Also, a HOUSE on Forbes street, for sale. Apply to WM. HILTON, corner of Pride and Forbes street.

EDUCATIONAL.

RENSSELAER

POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE,

At Troy, N. Y.

Very thorough instruction in Civil, Mechanical and Mining Engineering, Chemistry and Natural Science. Graduates obtain most desirable positions. Re-opens sept. 9th. For the new Annual Register, giving full information, address Prof. CHARLES BROWNE, Director, Troy, N. Y. au3:te6

PENNSYLVANIA

MILITARY ACADEMY,

HESTER, Delaware Co., Penna.

The Seventh Annual Session of this Academy opens THURSDAY, Sept. 3d. The buildings are new and complete in all their appointments. Particular attention given to the morals and personal habits of cadets. For circulars apply to CHARLES H. PAULSON, Esq., No. 73 Wood street, Pittsburgh, or to Col. GEO. HYATT, Chester, Pa. au1:t85

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHEAP GUNS FOR THE PEOPLE.—The GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS have been removed to No. 179 SMITHFIELD STREET, where will always be found the most complete assortment of Guns, Pistols, Ammunition and Sporting Material, &c., in the city. All kinds of Guns and Pistols carefully repaired. Cash paid for ARMY RIFLES and REVOLVERS. Send stamp for illustrated Circular. Agents wanted in every town in the United States. Address, J. H. JOHNSTON, 179 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.

☞ **JOHN N. PURVIANCE,**

Register in Bankruptcy for 23d District.

Office, 116 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY.

☞ Office hours—9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

☞ **READING.**

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

Rev. WILLIAM EVANS

Will give a Reading of Selections from favorite authors, at the

Keystone Skating Rink,

Robinson street, near Federal, Allegheny,

Tuesday Evening, August 4th, 1868.

PROGRAMME.

Seven Ages of Man.	Grave Digger.
Sleeping Sentinel,	Collier's Home, or Little Jim:
Sheridan's Ride,	Daniel vs. Dishcloth,
Barbarie Frichie,	Mustered Out.
Shamus O'Brien,	
Burial of Moses.	

Trial Scene by Dickens—Mrs. Bardell vs. Pickwick.

Tickets, 50 CENTS—to be had at the Rooms of the Association, of the members, and at the door. Doors open at 7, Reading at 7¼ o'clock. au3:t

FOR SALE.

GROCERY STORE.

A Wholesale and Retail Grocery Store,

Doing a good business, and situated in a good place in Allegheny City, will be sold at a reasonable price. The store house has a lease on it for five years, and will be sold with store.

For terms and location address

N. R., BOX H, GAZETTE OFFICE,

Giving full name and where an interview can be had. au3:193

FARMERS' AND MECHANICS' BANK,

OF BIRMINGHAM,

Will Open for Business

TO-DAY, AUGUST 3d, 1868,

At their new Banking House,

CARSON STREET,

And in a few days will be ready to RECEIVE DEPOSITS and do a

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the Stockholders of the "Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Birmingham" that the FIRST INSTALLMENT of the subscribed stock is now due and payable at their Banking House, Carson street, Birmingham. au3:192

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING uncalled for at BUCHANAN POSTOFFICE, August 3d, 1868:

A	Evans Louis	**Mc**
Aldred W H	Evans J B	McCollough J
Akins Alex	**F**	**O**
Arbogast E D	Foster E	O'Brien David
B	Finch Marg't	O'Reilly John
Benhup J D	Forster Robert	**P**
Burd Mary S	Fisher Maggie	Powell Sarah
Blake Nellie	Field Richard	Price Jas P
Beebe A G	**G**	Patterson John
Bryant J W	Gastell L	Phillips John
Bailey J P	Graft Mary E	**R**
Barcroft Wm	**H**	Rees Chas
Brier Nicholas	Hanlon Ann	Rees D D
Beatty M	Hoover C N	Robson Tonis
Byrne Pat	Hamilton Jenet	**S**
C	Heaver Katie	Ringly W R
Crist Jane	Holden John	Shick Eli
Cuningham W	Hickey Thos J	Sanders Anna M
Carey J D	**J**	Shock Mary
Carney Mich	Jaquay Seth C	Seward Amy
Cassiday Mary	Jenlyen Mich	Seymour P
Chambers J D	Jenkins Thos	Smith Rachel
Couch Henry	**K**	Smith R C
Clark Rosanna	Kelly Harriet	**T**
Challiner David	**L**	Trapp V
Cochran Jes C	Litson Jacob	Thomas Benj
D	**M**	**W**
Dewsnap Geo Y	Moore Wm	Watt John
Dickson S S	Mercer M VB	White Clara A
Donaldson Jas	Miller Henry	Williams J R
Davis W L	Mistell John	
E	Morgan Fred	
Edwards SadieA	Miller J	

ERNEST G. KREHAN, P. M.

HYDRAULIC

COW-MILKER.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY—All who are looking for business to call and examine the

Hydraulic Cow-Milker,

"A sure cure for acheing hands and kicking cows." It milks the four teats of a cow at once. It imitates the calf draw, and stops drawing to swallow. It will milk any cow perfectly dry in three minutes. It is operated by hand, dog, horse or other power. One man can attend several machines, milking as many cows at once. It is simple, durable and self-adjusting; will fit any cow. Milks three-teated cows as well as any. Easily worked, not liable to get out of order, and has proven by practical use to be more agreeable to the cow than hand-milking. A rare opportunity is now offered to enterprising men either to travel or locate in city or country. Call and examine for yourselves.

HYDRAULIC COW-MILKING MANUFACT'G CO.,

au1:188 No. 10 ST. CLAIR STREET.

PITTSBURGH

NOVELTY WORKS.

ADAMS, M'KEE & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Keystone Standard, Patent Platform and Counter

SCALES.

Janus Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches,

PAINT AND COFFEE MILLS, MALLEABLE IRON, &c.

Corner of Grant and First Streets,

au1:184 PITTSBURGH.

NOTICE.—The undersigned will RE-OPEN HIS

DINING SALOON,

No. 111 Wood Street,

TO THE PUBLIC.

On MONDAY, August 3d

Having refitted and remodelled the entire building and attached

A SET OF FANS TO THE CEILING,

Covering the entire Dining Room. I assure my numerous patrons that not many pleasanter places can be found in the city to partake of a good meal than at my establishment.

Very respectfully,

GEORGE REINEMAN.

au1:187

REMOVAL.

The Peoples National Bank of Pittsburgh.

Capital, : : : : $1,000,000.

SAMUEL REA ..... President.
GEORGE BLACK ..... Vice President.
F. M. GORDON ..... Cashier.

The above Institution will occupy their

NEW BUILDING,

No. 75 Wood Street, above Fourth Street,

On MONDAY, August 3d, where in future their business will be transacted. au1:182

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to or having claims against the ESTATE OF JACOB F. STRAUB, Dec'd, late of No. 6 Chestnut street, Allegheny City, will please call on the undersigned, and have them adjusted. MARGARET STRAUB, Administratrix.

Allegheny, August 1, 1868. au3:191

A STATEMENT

OF THE CONDITION OF

THE BANK OF PITTSBURGH,

SATURDAY MORNING, August 1, 1868.

MEANS.

Loans, Bills and Discounts	$1,136,113 44
U. S. 5-20 Bonds	806,000 00
Real Estate	51,559 03
Stocks and Miscellanies	16,124 37
Due by other Banks	99,717 89
Legal Tender Notes and Checks	89,409 21
Specie	108,253 75
	$2,307,176 69

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$1,161,400 00
Profits and Earnings	229,574 00
Unpaid Dividends & Suspense Ac't	9,687 07
Due to other Banks	6,273 18
Deposits	900,242 44
	$2,307,176 69

The above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

WM. ROSEBURG, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed this 1st day of August, 1868, before me.

au3:194 S. SMITH, Notary Public.

STATEMENT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE

PEOPLES' SAVINGS BANK OF PITTSBURGH,

ON THE 30TH OF JULY, 1868, published by order of the Board of Trustees, in accordance with Section 9 of Charter.

Cash on hands	$ 38,812 27
Expenses and Office Furniture	8,817 50
Mortgages and other good and valid Securities	277,976 17
	$325,605 94
Deposit Account	$196,585 02
Capital Stock paid in Cash	100,000 00
Premiums and Interest	29,020 92
	$325,605 94

S. F. VON BONNHORST, Treasurer.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, witness my hand and Notarial Seal, this 30th day of July, A. D. 1868. GEO. W. MURPHY, Notary Public.

PEOPLES' SAVINGS BANK,

OF PITTSBURGH.

No. 80 FOURTH STREET.

CASH CAPITAL ..... $100,000.

President--HENRY LLOYD.
Vice President--WILLIAM REA.

TRUSTEES:

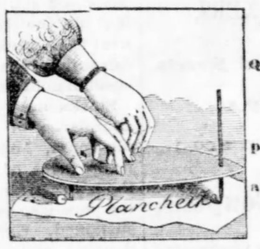
Henry Lloyd, Hon. Thos. Mellon, E. P. Jones, Th. Wightman Geo. W. Hailman, Wm. Rea, R. H. Hartley, Edward Gregg, Hiram Stowe.

Sec'y and Treas'r—S. F. VON BONNHORST.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST paid on time deposits. Deposits made on or before August 1st will bear interest from that date. Interest computed on 1st November and 1st May. jy31:176

UNACCOUNTABLE

HOW PLANCHETTE



Can Answer QUESTIONS which the parties operating do not know.

Buy one: it will amuse you and set you thinking. A liberal discount to the trade.

M. A. EVANS & CO.,

jy30:184 59 FIFTH STREET.

COAL WANTED.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, August 1, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 3 o'clock P. M., on SATURDAY, August 8th, for supplying the Public Buildings with

4,300 Bushels of Best Quality of Lump Coal.

To weigh 76 pounds to the bushel, and to be weighed on the City Scales, (for which no charge will be made,) the Coal to be delivered at the following places, viz:

2,000	bushels	in the basement of City Hall.
400	"	in the Hope Engine House.
400	"	Friendship Engine House.
400	"	Grant Engine House.
400	"	Columbia Engine House.
400	"	Ellsworth Engine House.
200	"	at the Second Ward Weigh Scales.
100	"	at the Diamond Weigh Scales.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

R. B. FRANCIS,

au1:188 City Controller.

J. L. DILLINGER..... ....A. E. STEVENSON.

DILLINGER & STEVENSON,

FORWARDING AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

For the sale of FLOUR, GRAIN and PRODUCE generally. Also,

LIQUORS, WINES, BRANDIES, &c.

No. 87 Second Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ LIBERAL ADVANCES made on consignments. jy31:178

ATTENTION.

THE REPUBLICANS OF THE

ELEVENTH (old Seventh,) WARD,

Are requested to meet at their SCHOOL HOUSE,

Tuesday Evening, August 4th,

At 7½ o'clock, to organize a

GRANT AND COLFAX CLUB.

Let there be a full attendance of all the Union Republicans of the Ward. jy31:131

RARE CHANCE.

FOR SALE.

Plumbing & Gas Fitting Establishment.

A good stand and store, together with fixtures, good will, &c., of a PLUMBING and GAS FITTING ESTABLISHMENT, doing a good business, is offered for sale. The above is situated in a good place for business. Having engaged in other business the proprietor offers this establishment at a bargain.

For particulars, &c., call at

No. 165 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

au1:181

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, August 1st, 1868.

NOTICE.

THE ASSESSMENT FOR THE

"Nicolson Pavement" on Fifth St.,

is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until

TUESDAY, AUGUST 11TH, 1868,

When it will be returned to the City Treasurer's Office for collection.

au1:185 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

EXCHANGE.

8,000 Acres of Land,

In Wyoming county, West Virginia, being numbers 115, 116, 117, 133, 134, 135 136 and 154, all in one tract, watered by branches of Twelve (12) Pole Creek, and part of an original tract of 321,000 acres granted to James Wilson, Charles Willing, Barnard and Michael Graty, Levi Hollingsworth and Dorsey Pancost. Taxes paid up to 1867. Title perfect. Will be exchanged for Pittsburgh manufactures or dry goods, at market prices.

Address, EXCHANGE,

jy29:74 GAZETTE OFFICE.

CONVENIENT AND COMFORTABLE.—A two-story Brick Dwelling House on Federal street, Pittsburgh; contains hall and 7 rooms, pantry, wash-room, bath room, cemented cellar, &c. Pressed brick front and slate roof, all in complete order, for sale by

S. CUTHBERT & SONS.

au1 80 Smithfield street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 & 182 Federal St., Allegheny.

BLEACHED MUSLIN,
UNBLEACHED MUSLIN,
PILLOW CASE MUSLIN,
SHIRTING CHECK,
TICKING, PRINTS,
DELAINES, ALPACCAS,
COTTON TABLE DIAPER,
LINEN TABLE DIAPER,
TOWELS, TOWELING,
CASSIMERES, JEANS,
HONEY COMB QUILTS,
BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS,
WHITE AND COLORED CORSETS,
GENT'S WHITE SHIRTS,
HOSIERY, HANDKERCHIEFS,
BONNETS, SUNDOWNS,
HATS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, &c.,

A VERY LARGE STOCK,

AT LOW PRICES,

Wholesale and Retail,

AT WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

180 & 182 Federal St., Allegheny.

au3

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

ON THE 1ST DAY OF AUGUST,

WE SHALL REMOVE TO THE

LARGE AND COMMODIOUS WAREHOUSE,

No. 45 Wood Street,

Directly Opposite St. Charles Hotel.

Also, entrance on THIRD ST., Nos. 102 and 104.

R. E. SELLERS & CO.

THE GREATEST MEDICAL DISCOVERY

KNOWN TO MAN.

LINDSEY'S

IMPROVED

BLOOD SEARCHER,

FOR THE CURE OF

All Diseases Arising from an Impure State of the Blood, such as

Scrofula, Dyspepsia,
Costiveness, Jaundice,
Cancerous Formations,
Cutaneous Diseases,
Salt Rheum, Erysipelas,
Mercurial Diseases,
General Debility, Boils,
Pimples on the Face,
Liver Complaint,
Sore Eyes, Scald Head,
Tetter Affections,
Loss of Appetite,
Low Spirits,
Foul Stomach,
Old and Stubborn Ulcers,
Rheumatic Disorders,
Female Complaints,

Together with all other disorders from an improper condition of the Circulatory System. As a general Tonic its effects are most benignant, and cannot fail to benefit, when used perseveringly and according to directions. It is purely a vegetable preparation—not a single grain of mineral poison enters into its composition, so that while it invariably affords relief, and effects the most wonderful cures, no overdose could injure the most tender infant.

R. E. SELLERS & CO.,

Sole Proprietors,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ALSO, PROPRIETORS OF

Sellers' Cough Syrup;
Sellers' Liver Pills and Vermifuge;
Johnson's Rheumatic Compound;
And Boerhave's Holland Bitters.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

jy20:181

A RARE CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY.

WAYMAN'S HEMP DUSTER.

PATENTED FEB. 8, 1868.

Equal to the Feather Duster in every respect, and far more durable. Its superior merits and cheapness—50 CENTS—will shortly make it an indispensable article in every office, store and family.

Agents wanted to introduce it on commission, or a liberal salary will be paid to good Agents. Ladies and Gentlemen wanted. No risk as Dusters can be returned if not sold. Any energetic person can make money, without expense or danger of loss, by calling on

MORRIS, HOOD & CO.,

jy20:179 89 FIFTH STREET.

NOTICES.

OFFICE OF UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY CO., Eastern Division. PHILADELPHIA, July 27th, 1868.

☞ **THE INTEREST IN GOLD,**

ON THE

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,

OF THE

UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY,

EASTERN DIVISION,

Due August 1st, 1868, will be paid on presentation of the Coupons therefor, at the Banking House of

DABNEY, MORGAN & CO.,

53 EXCHANGE PLACE, NEW YORK,

On and after that date.

WM. J. PALMER, Treasurer.

jy29:t76-WFM

☞ **PITTSBURGH & CONNELLSVILLE R. R. CO.**

First Mortgage Turtle Creek Division Bonds.

Holders are hereby notified that the Interest Coupons of the above Bonds,

DUE AUGUST 1ST, 1868,

Will be paid on and after that date, on presentation and delivery at the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH.

JOHN H. PAGE, Jr., Treasurer.

Office Pitts. & Connellsv'e R. R. Co., Pittsburgh, July 15th, 1868. jy30:t82

☞ **NOTICE.**

To John W. Riddell, J. J. Shutterly, T. B. Stewart, M. McCullough, Jr., T. R. Sill, E. S. Hanna, A. S. Purviance, W. W. Young, Wm. Reardon, I. C. Pershing, S. J. Walnwright, James I. Bennett, J. B. Poor, D. Dempsey, H. Sample, L. Teelbaugh, E. Coats, J. W. Barr, W. McConnell, John J. Williams and N. P. Reed, Incorporators for the Erection of a Bridge across the Allegheny River, foot of Ewalt street, Lawrenceville.

A meeting of the above Incorporators will be held at the office of SILL & SHUTTERLY, Lawrenceville, on FRIDAY, August 7th, at 3 P. M., for organization.

jy27:166 BY ORDER OF COMMITTEE.

☞ **NOTICE.—The Annual Meeting** of the Stockholders of THE ATLAS WORKS will be held at the office of the Company,

On Monday, August 3d, at 2 P. M.

By order of the Board.

JAS. McQUISTON, Secretary.

Pittsburgh, July 20, 1868. jy22:149

DIVIDENDS.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY, Office of the Secretary, PITTSBURGH, July 11, 1868.

☞ **THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS** of this Company have declared the regular quarterly dividend (No. 18) of 2½ PER CENT, free of Government tax, on the capital stock and semi-annual dividend (No. 10) of 3½ PER CENT, less Government tax, on the Third Mortgage Bonds, payable on and after FRIDAY, 17th day of July proximo, at the office of Winslow, Lanier & Co., No. 27 Pine street, New York, to those registered at New York, and at the office of the Treasurer to those registered at Pittsburgh.

The transfer books will close on Tuesday, the 30th inst., at 2 P. M., and reopen on Saturday, the 18th.

F. M. HUTCHINSON, Secretary.

jy12:d10

☞ **WESTERN**

SAVINGS' BANK.

PITTSBURGH, June 30th, 1868.

The Directors have this day declared a

DIVIDEND OF 4 PER CENT.

Payable on and after July 1st.

JAMES M. BELL, Cashier.

jy1:s36

AUCTION SALES.

BY A. LEGGATE.

17 ACRES LAND NEAR GLENDALE AT AUCTION.—There will be sold without reserve, on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, August 12th, at 2 o'clock, two plots, nine and eight acres respectively, situated on Kiuck Run, a mile from Glendale Station, on the Fort Wayne Railroad. Particulars from

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer, au3 159 Federal street, Allegheny.

HOUSE AND LOT, FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY, AT AUCTION.—The property No. 311 Federal, near Jackson St. Allegheny, will be sold on WEDNESDAY, August 12th, at 10 o'clock A. M. Owner moving west. The lot is 20 by 100. The house is brick, has 7 rooms, attic, Boston range, oven, hot and cold water, gas, hydrant, coal house, stable, &c. A very comfortable, neat and desirable place of residence. Enquire of A. LEGGATE, Auct'r.

au3 159 Federal street, Allegheny.

BY A. McILWAINE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF STOCKS AND CHRIST'S CHURCH PEWS.—TUESDAY EVENING, August 4th, at 8 o'clock, will be sold, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street,

2 shares Monongahela Navigation Co.
8 shares Pittsburgh & Erie Railroad.
70 shares Pittsburgh Grain Elevator Co.
2 Pews in Christ's Methodist Episcopal Church, Penn street, being Nos. 29 and 32, left side, near to front. Also,
25 shares Pittsburgh Savings Bank.
20 shares Citizens' Insurance Co.
20 shares Monongahela Insurance Co.

au3 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

THE CHEAPEST LOT OF

ORGANS

EVER OFFERED IN THIS CITY.

To close out the following list of superior ORGANS and MELODEONS, they will be disposed of at 25 per cent. discount from the regular prices:

1 Mason & Hamlin, 5 Octave, Double Reed, 2 stops.
1 Mason & Hamlin, 5 Octave, Single Reed;
1 Mason & Hamlin, 5 Octave, Single Reed, Rose'd;
1 Mason & Hamlin, 5 Octave, Double Reed Melod'n;
1 Taylor & Farley, 5 Octave, Double Reed, 5 stops;
1 Taylor & Farley, 5 Octave, Double Reed, 3 stops;
1 Taylor & Farley, 5 Octave, Double Reed, 2 stops;
1 Taylor & Farley, 5 Octave, Single Reed, Rosew'd;
1 Taylor & Farley, 5 Octave, Rosewood Melodeon;
1 Taylor & Farley, 5 Octave, Walnut Melodeon;
1 Schoenjer, 5 Octave, Rosewood Melodeon;
1 Estey & Co., 5 Octave, Double Read, 5 stops.

Call soon. For sale by

CHAS. C. MELLOR,

jy31:175 81 WOOD STREET.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between

TRAUERMAN & MARKS,

in the LIVE STOCK business, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 14th day of July. Those having claims against said firm will present the same for settlement, and those indebted will please make immediate payment. Either of the old partners are authorized to settle up, according to the books, and use the name of the firm.

SOLOMON TRAUERMAN,
SIMON MARKS,
CHARLES MARKS.

The undersigned will continue in the Live Stock business on his own account; and thankful for the liberal patronage that has heretofore been bestowed upon him, hopes, by strict attention to the wants of the trade, to merit a continuance of the same.

au1:180 SOLOMON TRAUERMAN.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER, ALLEGHENY CITY, Aug. 1, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all parties interested in the construction of Sewers in the Middle and Western Districts that plans and specifications for a Sewer on Federal street, and also for one on Sedgwick street, have been prepared and will be open for inspection at this office until TUESDAY, the 11th inst.

au1:183 CHAS. DAVIS, City Engineer.

GOOD CANNED

PEACHES, PLUMS AND RASPBERRIES,

Selling at very low prices, at

GEORGE BEAVEN'S.

jy14 112 Federal street, Allegheny.

PURE NATIVE WINES.

ISABELLA AND CATAWBA,

Of our own growing. Also, the best brands of CHAMPAGNE, CLARET, SHERRY and PORT WINES. "Vine Growers' Company" of BRANDY, pint flasks, just the thing for travelers. N. B.—Particular attention paid to supplying families.

jy28:167 No. 4 Virgin alley, Pittsburgh. A. MAMAUX,

TO THE PUBLIC.

Please take notice that my wife, BARBARY ZANG, has left my home and bed without any just cause, and I hereby give public notice not to trust her on my account, as I will not be responsible for any of her contracts. GOTTFRIED ZANG.

y28:4

POLITICAL.

☞ **REPUBLICAN**

CITY CONVENTION.

The Republicans of the City of Pittsburgh are hereby invited to attend Primary Meetings in their respective Wards on

SATURDAY, August 15th, 1868,

Between the hours of 3 and 7 P. M., and there vote for candidates to be placed in nomination for the several city offices, viz:

One person for Mayor of said city.
One person for Controller of said city.
One person for Treasurer of said city.

The voting at said meetings will be by printed or written ballots, containing the names of the candidates voted for, each office on a ticket by itself, and the elections, as far as practicable, will be conducted in accordance with the laws and usages regulating State, county and city elections, the officers taking care to keep a correct list of all persons voting thereat.

The elections will be conducted, wherever it can be done, by the Republican election officers chosen at the last city election: and in wards where no such officers were chosen, the officers to conduct the election have been designated, as hereinafter mentioned, by the City Committee.

The Committee suggest that the officers thus designated to hold this election shall voluntarily take the usual affidavit administered to election officers under the laws of the State, so as to shut out all cause of complaint.

The election in the First and Second Wards will be held at the Public School Houses in said wards.

In the Third Ward at the southeastern corner of Sixth and Smithfield streets.

In the Fourth Ward at the Public School House.

In the Fifth Ward in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court, at the Court House, under the supervision of W. B. Neeper, George Glass and R. J. Smith, who are appointed the Board to hold said election.

In the sixth Ward at the Public School House.
In the Seventh Ward at the Public School House.
In the Eighth Ward at the house of Henry Wilson.
In the Ninth Ward at the Public School House.
In the Tenth Ward at the house of Wm. Brown, at the corner of Penn and Mechanics streets.

In the Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth and Seventeenth Wards, at the usual places of holding elections in said wards.

In the Sixteenth Ward at Gangwisch's Hall, under the supervision of Noah G. Craig, Roland Smith and John C. Stewart.

In the Eighteenth Ward at the place of holding elections for what was heretofore known as the 2d precinct of Collins township, under the supervision of David Jones, David Holmes and David Kirk.

In the Nineteenth Ward at Joseph Ganster's house on the Greensburg turnpike, under the supervision of John N. Berlin, Wm. H. Morrison and James Joyce.

In the Twentieth Ward at Beitler's School House, under the supervision of Wm. H. Denniston, Geo. F. Rahauser and John R. Baum.

In the Twenty-first Ward at Ross' School House, under the supervision of A. J. Woolslayer, S. B. Ross and B. W. Morgan.

In the Twenty-second Ward at Irwin's School House, under the supervision of John R. Murdock, William Irwin and Randal Morton.

In the Twenty-third ward at the usual place for holding elections in late Peebles township, under the supervision of Joseph Boals, James B. Palmer and James McKibben.

Every supporter of GRANT and COLFAX and the city nominees is earnestly invited to take part in said election, *and none other*; and the election officers are hereby respectfully urged to use all possible diligence to preserve the purity of the ballot box and secure a fair return of the votes east.

The election officers, after the votes are counted, will make up duplicate returns thereof, one of which, with the list of voters, shall be placed in the ballot boxes, and the other taken possession of by the Return Judge; and the Return Judges of the several wards shall present the same at a meeting of Return Judges, to be held at the Common Council Chamber, on TUESDAY, August 18th, at 10 o'clock A. M., when they shall cause the same to be added together, and declare the result, the person receiving the highest vote for each office to be declared the nominee.

The Return Judges, at their meeting, will appoint the City Executive Committee to serve for the ensuing year.

The Committee desires to call the attention of the Election Boards to the following resolution, which was adopted at the last meeting of the Committee:

Resolved, That we recommend to the officers of the Primary Election the enforcement of all legal rules respecting the qualification of voters at general elections, in addition to the requirement that the voter shall be a known member of the Union Republican Party.

J. A. BUTLER, Chairman.
A. L. PEARSON, Secretary. au3:190

☞ **GRANT CLUB.—The Republican** citizens of the Fifth Ward (old 3d,) Pittsburgh, are requested to meet at CITY HALL,

On Monday Evening, August 3d, 1868,

At 7½ o'clock, for the purpose of organization, and to form a GRANT AND COLFAX CLUB for said ward.

au3:189 MANY REPUBLICANS.

☞ **GRANT AND COLFAX CLUB,**

OF SECOND WARD, ALLEGHENY,

Meets at SECOND WARD SCHOOL HOUSE, every

Tuesday Evening, at 8 O'clock.

au3:t63 MTU W. P. PRICE, Secretary.

☞ **THE FIRST WARD GRANT** CLUB, Allegheny City, will meet at 7½ o'clock, WEDNESDAY EVENING, 5th inst., at Washington Hall, Rebecca street, for the transaction of important business. A full attendance is desired.

au3:195 J. KING, President.

MAYOR.

☞ **FOR MAYOR.**

JOSEPH A. BUTLER,

Of the old SIXTH WARD, is a candidate for Mayor subject to the decision of the voters at the Republican Primary Election. jy23:t59

☞ **FOR MAYOR.**

JARED M. BRUSH,

Of the old SIXTH WARD, is a candidate for Mayor, subject to the decision of the voters at the Republican Primary Election. jy22:t51

☞ **FOR MAYOR.**

CHARLES JEREMY,

Of the old SIXTH WARD, is a candidate for Mayor, subject to the decision of the voters at the Republican Primary Election. jy22:t54

CITY TREASURER.

☞ **FOR CITY TREASURER.**

SAMUEL ALLINDER

Is a candidate for City Treasurer, subject to the decision of the voters at the Republican

IRON WORKS.

JAS. VERNER, Pres't.....W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

PITTSBURGH FORGE AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

ja29:e26

KENSINGTON IRON WORKS.

LLOYD & BLACK,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Best Common, Refined, Charcoal AND JUNIATA BLOOM IRON.

MERCHANT BAR, ROUND and SQUARE IRON.
HOOP, BAND, T and ANGLE IRON.
BOILER PLATE and SHEET IRON.
MOWER AND REAPER BARS.
CYLINDER and GUARD or FINGER IRON.
SMALL T RAILS, 20 and 16 lbs. to the yard.
WROUGHT CHAIRS and SPIKES for same.
FLAT RAILS, Punched and Countersunk.
COAL SCREEN IRON.
NAILS AND SPIKES.

Warehouse and Office at the Works, GREENOUGH STREET, (a continuation of First street,) adjoining the City Gas Works, Pittsburgh.

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House, PITTSBURGH.

ap24:d6

STEEL WORKS.

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.

[ESTABLISHED IN 1845.]

ANDERSON & WOODS,

(SUCCESSORS TO ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,)

Manufacturers of every description of

STEEL.

BEST REFINED TOOL STEEL.

Mill, Mulay, Circular, Gang and Cross Cut

SAW PLATES.

Spring, Cast and German Plow and Blister Steel. Shovel, Hoe, Fork, Rake and Toe Calk Steel. Railroad Spring Steel and Frog Points, Cast Steel Finger Bars, Sickle Steel, Spring Steel Tyre, Plow Wings, etc.; Oil Drill Steel.
Office and Works—Corner FIRST AND ROSS STS., Pittsburgh, Pa

jy28:d9

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND CERMAN STEEL,

RAILWAY SPRINGS,
ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c.

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

ap16:o67

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:

WM. METCALF, GEO. W. BARR, | REUBEN MILLER, CHAS. PARKIN.

SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 339 Liberty St,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe14:d48

BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, 120, 122, 124 SECOND and 119 and 121 FIRST STREETS,

PITTSBURGH.

HARDWARE.

NEW HARDWARE HOUSE.

LINDSEY, STERRIT & EUWER,

Manufacturers and Importers of

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, &C.

337 LIBERTY STREET,

CORNER OF WAYNE,

One Square Below Union Depot,

PITTSBURGH.

☞ Agents for FAIRBANKS' SCALES.

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,

ANCHOR COTTON MILLS,

PITTSBURGH.

Manufacturers of HEAVY, MEDIUM and LIGHT

ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS.

ATLAS WORKS,

MORTON STREET, Ninth Ward,

PITTSBURGH.

THOMAS N. MILLER, President.

These Works are among the largest and most complete establishments in the West, and are now prepared to furnish

Engines, of every description.
Boilers, Oil Tanks.
Sheet Iron Work.
Railroad Castings.
Rolling Mill Castings.
Engine Castings.
Machine Castings.
General Castings.

ORDERS SOLICITED

no9:n69

NATIONAL FOUNDRY AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets, (NINTH WARD,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WM. SMITH,

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE,

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of

General Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

fe16:t10

L. O. LIVINGSTON. W. H. BURT. W. A. ROBINSON, JR.

LIVINGSTON & CO.,

IRON FOUNDERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE LIGHT CASTINGS,

All descriptions, for Plumbers and Gas Fitters; Agricultural Implements, Cotton and Woolen Mill Machinery, &c.
All JobWork promptly attended to.

Office and Works—WASHINGTON AVENUE, near Outer Depot, Allegheny City, Pa.

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Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.
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Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers.

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MONT BLANC FOUNDRY.

Butler Street, Ninth Ward,

(Opposite Union Iron Mills,)

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Rolling Mill and Bridge Castings,

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES,

MACHINERY AND CASTINGS GENERALLY.

Orders promptly and carefully executed.
Charges reasonable.

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Manufacture and keep constantly on hand

Thimble, Skein and Pipe Boxes,

WAGON BOXES, DOG IRONS,

SUGAR KETTLES, HOLLOW WARE,

And Castings generally.

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Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

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Manufacturers of Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes.

my14:q5

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Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

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ESTABLISHED IN 1836.

Manufactory of STEAM ENGINES, of all sizes and of the most approved patterns, for stationary purposes; SCREAMBOATS and STEAM FERRY BOATS. A variety af 10, 12 and 16 horse power ENGINES, which will be sold at very reduced prices.

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Fifty miles below Pittsburgh, on the Ohio river, and line of C. & P. R.

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ALEXANDER PATTERSON,

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Rough and Planed Lumber,

Flooring, Weatherboarding, Shingles, Saw Mill Lumber, Lath and Palings, Doors. Sash, Mouldings, Cedar and Locust Posts, Oak and Yellow Pine.

ALSO—FIRE BRICK, TILE and CLAY.

a15:o59

FORT PITT LUMBER COMPANY

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ja20:j98

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JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

BRASS FOUNDERS,

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Manufacturers of PUMPS AND BRASS WORK, of every description; dealers in GAS FIXTURES AND TUBING, of all kinds.

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CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS,
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STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
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Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.
Repairing done on the shortest notice.

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Nos. 55 and 56 Water Street,

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MANUFACTURER OF

IRON OIL TANKS,

SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,

ROLLING MILL STACKS,

And SHEET IRON WORK,

For Steamboats.

JARED M. BRUSH.....EDMUND D. BRUSH.

JARED M. BRUSH & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks.

SHEET IRON WORK, &C.

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MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks,

And SHEET IRON WORK, of all kinds.

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COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

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TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

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Also on hand and for sale,

PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

CHEAPEST PLACE in the city

TO BUY THE

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Is at No. 146 GRANT STREET.

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Petroleum and its Products,

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

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JACOB WEAVER, Jr. & CO.,

Oil Commission Jobbers,

No. 3 DUQUESNE WAY, will buy and sell Crude and Refined Oils, Lubricating, Tar, Benzine and Cooperage. Our long experience in the Petroleum trade enables us to offer unusual facilities and inducements to operators. As heretofore, we are determined to make it the interest of buyers and sellers to give us a call. Parties having Oils for sale are cordially invited to bring their samples.

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PURE WHITE BURNING OIL,

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FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

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NO. 118 FOURTH STREET.

Constantly on hand every variety of PARLOR and CHAMBER FURNITURE, together with a complete assortment of common Furniture at reduced prices.
Those in want of anything in our line are cordially invited to call before purchasing.
Work guaranteed.

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Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern.

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No. 169 Wood Street.

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INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

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No. 293 LIBERTY STREET,

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Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

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Cor. of Wood and Sixth Sts.

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JOS. H. HILL .....Cashier.

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DISCOUNTS DAILY, AT 11 A. M.

ap9:o22

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

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(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.

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BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

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CHARTERED 1866.

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ANY SUM RECEIVED FROM

ONE DOLLAR UPWARD.

DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK, WITHOUT INTEREST.

Discounts Daily at 12 o'clock.

President—THOMPSON BELL.
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MECHANICS' SAVINGS BANK,

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INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS. ANY SUM RECEIVED FROM ONE DOLLAR UPWARD. Deposits received subject to check, without interest.

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James Blackmore, Alex. Tindle, William Deane, A. G. Cubbage, | James H. Hopkins, James Bown, W. W. Bradshaw, Robert Wray, John Evans.

PIANOS, ORGANS, &C.

BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.

Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano, AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.

The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium wherever exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $50 to $150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN

Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.

CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $550. All guaranteed for five years.

BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,

mns No. 12 ST. CLAIR STREET.

SECOND HAND MELODEONS AND ORGANS,

In perfect order, from $35 to $130.

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GOVERNMENT AND PACIFIC R. R. BONDS,

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Bought on the most favorable terms. Sells LETTERS OF CREDIT and DRAFTS available in any part of Europe.

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Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

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BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

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7-30's CONVERTED

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NEW 5-20 COUPON BOND.

☞ **Interest Allowed on Deposits.**

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Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, August 1, 1868.

The gold market was firmer to-day than yesterday, although no higher quotations have been made, but when on a Saturday, where it cost 3 per cent. and upwards to carry gold, the market is strong at the close of business, it means higher quotations for the coming week.

Governments were very dull to-day, and declined ¼ per cent. at the close of business, yet a moderate demand for them is kept up by bona fide investors. The decline, under such circumstances, shows very plainly that the high premium is sustained only by speculators; some violent fluctuations are effected during the next four weeks before cotton shipments can supply the demand for exchange instead of gold shipments.

Stocks are very firm on account of the abundance of idle capital seeking employment, and the uncertainty of the future price of governments. Nearly all the trunk routes are in better demand, and the purely speculative shares are all well sustained. Express shares are in better demand, and a lively business is doing in them.

Mining shares are still dull. Business is improving.

—Closing quotations as received by Ph.R. Mertz, were as follows:

Gold, 145¼; 1881 bonds, 115¼; 5-20s, 1862, 114¼; 1864 do, 111; 1865 do, 112¼; new, 1865 and 1867, 108⅜; Ten Forties, 108½; Seven Thirties, 108⅜.

New York Central, 132¼; Erie, 69; Michigan Southern, 88¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 89¾; Northwestern, common, 82¼; Preferred, 82¼; Chicago & Rock Island, 110⅜; Pittsburgh & Fort Wayne, 110⅜; Ohio & Mississippi Certificates, 30¼; Merchants Union Express, 24⅝; Western Union Telegraph, 35¼; Corydon, 25; Quicksilver, 22¼; Quartz Hill, 1,15.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, August 1, 1868.

The general markets continue dull, and unsatisfactory, but we look for an improvement just as soon as values become more settled. The grain trade is the most prominent topic of discussion in commercial circles just now, and the views of dealers are rather conflicting. While it is generally cinceded that the yield of Wheat will be much larger than for several years, there are those who contend that the crop has not or will not turn out as well as people generally were led to anticipate. Flour, of course, is governed by Wheat, and will follow in whatever course the former may take. In other articles there are no new characteristics worthy of notice.

BUTTER—Continues scarce, in good demand, and firm but unchanged; we continue to quote at 30 to 33 for good to prime and 35 for choice.

EGGS—Dull with a good supply, considerably in excess of the demand; sales at 18 to 20, the latter figures for fresh packed.

CHEESE—Is steady but unchanged at 13 to 14c for Western Reserve, and Hamburg, 15 to 16 for Factory, and 18 to 20 for Sweitzer.

SEEDS—Flax seed can not be quoted above $2; at this figure the mills are willing to contract for future delivery.

HAY—Is coming in more freely from the country, but the receipts by rail continue light; we continue to quote at $20 to $25 for fair to good, and $28 to $30 for prime.

GRAIN—Wheat is coming in pretty freely, though the bulk of the arrivals are for the mills; in regard to prices, there is no change. Millers generally quote new at $2, though we are cognizant of some of them having paid $2,10. Prime old is worth a fraction more. Rye is in rather better demand, and we had a sale of old reported to-day at $1,40. New Rye is being contracted for in the country at about $1,25. Oats in better supply but unchanged; sales of old at 82 to 83c—in store at 84 to 85. We hear of offers to buy and sell new Oats, but thus far no settled price has been made; buyers are offering 50 to 55c. Corn is quiet and unchanged; quoted nominally at $1,03 to $1,05 for mixed, and $1,08 to $1,10 for prime Yellow. No arrivals of new Barley, as yet, and we hear no price named. Buyers expect that it will rule lower than last year.

GREEN APPLES—We can report a fair demand, and regular sales at $1,50 to $5,50 per bbl, for fair to prime.

ONIONS—Bacon is in steady demand at 13½ to 13¾c for shoulder; 16 to 16½c for Ribbed Sides; 18 to 18¼ for Clear Sides, and 21c for Sugar Cured Hams. Lard, 18¼c. Mess Pork, $29.

SALT—Is dull and nominally unchanged at $1,75 to $1,80 to the trade, and $2 for small lots in store.

LARD OIL—Is unchanged at $1,15 for No. 2, and $1,40 for No. 1.

FLOUR—The Flour market is dull and so irregular that it is almost impossible to give quotations. Besides, as we noted in our last report, there is so many different brands and makes that dealers are doing the best they can, independent of each other.

Detroit Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

DETROIT, August 1.—Flour steady at $11 a11,50 for choice superior. Wheat in good demand at $2,30 for extra white; $2,25 for No. 1 do, and $2,10 for No. 1 amber.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, August 1, 1868.

CRUDE—The Crude market, although quiet, was very firm to-day, and while there was not a single sale effected, prices ruled a shade higher. Spot oil may be fairly quoted at 14½; we heard of that figure having been offered while on the other hand, we were told by two or three brokers that they were unable to get that figure bid, although at the same time, they had no positive orders to sell, even if they had been successful in getting the desired bid. We can report a sale of 1,000 bbls at Oil City at $5,50 per bbl, delivered on cars—considered equivalent to 14⅝c here. The market has been remarkably quiet all week, the reported sales only aggregating 19,500 bbls, against 23,550 last week. The receipts of Crude since the first of January are several thousand barrels in excess of those for the corresponding period last year.

REFINED—The market for Refined oil was also considerably firmer to-day, although there was not a single sale reported. Spot oil has still further advanced, being to-day at 34c; all August, 34½ to 34¾c; September, 35c; September and October, 35c, and the last five months at 34½c. The exports of Refined for the week were 18,300 bbls; since January first, 347,031, against 330,665, for the corresponding time last year—showing an increase of 16,366 bbls. The sales for the week aggregated 16,500 bbls, against 29,000 bbls last week. Thus, it will be seen, that the volume of business in both Crude and Refined has been considerably less than last week, though, as we have already stated, the market closes firm, with an upward tendency.

ARRIVALS—The following are the arrivals of oil to-day:

D. M. Edgerton.	480	P. Weis'b'r & Co.	480
Fisher & Bro....	480	Leech & Wood...	160
John Spear.....	50		
Total			1650
Total receips for the week			14,278
Total receipts last week			14,797
Total receipts since Jan. 1			641,819

OIL SHIPPED EAST PER A. V. R. R.

Citizens Oil Ref. Co., 102 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Nat. Ref. Co., 400 do do to F. A. Dilworth & Co., Philadelphia.

Livingston & Bro., 50 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Fawcett, Logan & Stockdale, 153 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

B. W. Morgan & Co., 150 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner, 400 do do to Empire Storing Co., Philadelphia.

E. Jageman, 150 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

P. Weisenberger, 100 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

McKelvy & Bro., 112 do benzole to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Chas. Ecky, 96 do tar to Wallace & Curtis, Philadelphia.

Clark & Sumner, 112 do benzole to Laman & Leovering, Philadelphia.

P. Weisenberger, 50 do tar to C. Holbrook, Philadelphia.

OIL SHIPMENTS FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Jas. Miller, 56 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Mentzer, Hepler & Co., 56 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Co., Philadelphia.

Kennedy & Lyon, 100 do do to W. P. Logan & Co., Philadelphia.

Brooks, Ballentine & Co., 100 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

G. W. Holdship, 88 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Warden & Batchelder, 10 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Hutchinson Oil Co., 224 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Union Ref. & St. Co., 137 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Duncan & Williams, 100 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Duncan & Williams, 22 do benzole to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

New York Produce Market.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—Cotton is a shade firmer; 1,500 bales, part last evening at 30a30¼c for middling uplands. Flour 5a10c better; receipts 2,972; sales 9,500 bbls at $7,77a8,75 for superfine State and western; $8,50a9,25 for extra State; $8,60a10,90 for extra western; $10,95a13,30 for white wheat extra; $8,90a13 for R. H. O.; $9a11 for extra St. Louis; $11a14 for choice do; California a shade firmer; 800 sks at $10,60a12,50. Rye flour firmer; 250 bbls at $8a10,15. Corn meal steady; 700 bbls at $5,60 for State; $5,75 for western; $6,30a6,35 for Brandywine. Whisky active and firmer; 1,000 bbls in bond at 50c. Wheat 1a2c better and quiet; receipts 38,102; sales 32,000 bush at $1,90 for No. 2 spring; $2a2,03 for No. 1 do; $2,25 for new amber Georgia; 2,37½a2,40 for white Canada, chiefly the inside price; $2,70 for white Michigan; Rye is scarce and quiet. Barley and Barley malt nominal. receipts of Corn 179,425 bush; prices favor buyers; sales of 88,000 bushels at $1,05@1,09 for unsound, and $1,10@1,13 for sound mixed western afloat, and $1,13 for kiln dried on receipt. Oats dull and lower: sales of 46,000 bushels at 81c for for western in store, and 82c do. afloat. Rice dull. Coffee dull. Sugar steady at 11½@12¼c for Cuba. Molosses quiet. Hops dull. Petroleum quiet at 17¾c for crude, and 34c for refined bonded. Leather steady. Coal quiet. Wool quiet and without decided change; sales of 510,000 lbs. at 40@50c for domestic fleece, and 38@42c for pulled. Pork firmer and in fair demand; sales of 1,850 bbls. at $28,37@28,50 for new mess, closing at $28,50 for regular, $28,00@28,50 for old do., $22,50@23,25 for prime, and $24,00@25,25 for prime mess; stock on hand old and new 69,600 barrels; last month 75,469 do.; last year 83,886 do. Beef steady; sales 175 barrels at $15,00a20,50 for new plain mess and $20,50a24,75 for new extra mess; stock old and new 20,855 packages, last month 24,478 do., last year 2,421 tierces. Beef quiet at 21a33 for prime mess and 30a36 for India Mess. Beef Hams dull at $26,00a32,50. Cut Meats firm and active; sales 650 packages at 13a14. Shoulders 16a19½. Hams, middle quiet; small lots ice cured 17, Lard active and firmer; sales 1,650 tierces at 17½a18⅝ for steam and 18½a19 for kettle rendered. Butter steady at 25a33 for Ohio. Cheese firm at 11a16. Freights to Liverpool unchanged.

LATEST.—Flour, the market closed 5c better on lower grades and with a demand. Wheat is very firm and quiet at $1,90a1,92 for No. 2; and $2a2,04 for No. 1 spring. Rye closed very scarce and firm at $1,80. Oats dull and heavy at 81c in store; 81¾a82c afloat. Corn dull at $1,05 for unsound; and $1,10a1,11½ for sound new mixed western afloat. Pork is nominal at $28.50 for mess, cash, and regular. Beef is quiet without material change. Cut meats are firm with a fair inquiry. Bacon is quiet and steady. Lard is firm with fair demand at 18¾a18¾c for fair to prime steam. Eggs steady at 27a28c.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 1.—The trade is a little quiet, as usual towards the close of the week, but prices are generally firm, the only reduction noticeable to-day being ½c per yard in Thornkyke bleached muslins, which sell at 14½; prints of the best makes in seasonable colors are firm at 14a14½c; delaines are in good request at 20c; heavy brown sheetings like Amoskeag A, Appleton A, Lyman E, are firm and in good request at 17½c.

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, August 1.—Flour very firm and active; little or no stock; if there was any in market it would probably bring higher rates. Grain firm at yesterday's quotations. Pork firm; mess, $30. Bacon; rib sides, 17c; clear sides, 17¼a17½c; shoulders, 14½a14¾c; hams, 21a22c; Lard quiet at 18a18½c.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

The Teeth.

A writer in *Harper* says: Rousseau said that no woman with fine teeth could be ugly. Any female mouth almost, with a good set of ivories, is kissable. The too early loss of the first teeth has an unfavorable influence upon the beauty and duration of the second. The youngest children should accordingly be made to take care of them. All that is necessary is to brush them several times a day with a little ordinary soap or magnesia and water. Grown people should clean their teeth at least five times in the course of the twenty-four hours, on rising in the morning and going to bed at night, and after each meal. A brush as hard as can be borne without pain should be used, and the best of all applications is pure soap and water, always lukewarm.

After eating, the particles of food should be carefully removed from the teeth by means of a toothpick of quill or wood, but never of metal, and by a thread passed now and again between the teeth. Tooth powders of all kinds are injurious both to the enamel and the gums, and if employed every particle of them should be removed from the mouth by careful rinsing. The habit which some women have of using a bit of lemon, though it may whiten the teeth and give temporary firmness and color to the gums, is fatal to the enamel, as are all acids. No one, young or old, should turn their jaws into nut-crackers; and it is dangerous even for women to bite off, as they often do, the ends of the thread in sewing. It is not safe to bring very hot food or drink, especially if immediately followed by anything cold in contact with the teeth.

Wholesome gums are more essential even than the teeth to the beauty of the mouth. They should be of a firm texture and a lively red color, and well spread over the base of each tooth, but they are often pale or livid, shrunken, fleshless, and sometimes even ulcerated. The excessive use of sugar and candies does great mischief. It is not only the bad effect of the acids produced by their decomposition, but the grittiness of these substances which wears away the gum, bares the roots of the tooth, and spoils the mouth. This is the chief danger of the use of tooth powders. Livid gums will be benefitted by occasional, but not too frequent, hard rubbing and pricking with a toothpick until they bleed slightly.

Barbarous Operation.

A Chinese shave and shampoon is thus described by a correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune:*

"The operator took a razor, and strapping it upon his leg, began to cut the beard from my face without having lathered it. Upon my suggesting that a little lather would prove beneficial, he replied that it was entirely useless, and had a tendency to make the hair stiff and tough, and therefore was never used by persons who had any knowledge of the human face divine and appendages. I, perforce, acquiesced in the opinion expressed, but would rather be shaved twice with soap than once without. After the beard had been taken off, and it was done in a very short time, the barber took a long, sharp, needle-shaped spoon, and began to pierce my ears. He explored every avenue, and brought up, from numerous little crevices, bits of wax and dirt which had been accumulating there since my childhood, for I never submitted to such an operation before. Having become satisfied with picking about my ears, the barber suddenly twisted my neck to one side in such a manner that it cracked as if the vertebræ had been dislocated. 'Hold on!' I shouted, alarmed for the safety of my neck. 'All right', replied the tonsor, 'me no hurt you,' and he continued to jerk and twist my neck until it was as limber as an old woman's dish-rag. He then fell to beating my back, breast, arms and sides with his fist, and pummeled the muscles until they fairly glowed with the beating they had received. He then dashed a bucket of water over me, and having dried my skin with towels, declared that his work was done. I dressed myself, and having paid my two cents, walked away, feeling like a new man. The sensation of soreness was gone, and one of elasticity remained. I really never felt better in my life, and must say that half an hour under the hands of a Chinese barber would be far better than a glass of soda after a night's debauch."

A Hint to Cities.

It is said that the grand metamorphosis o the city of Paris, which has been going on for a year past under the direction of Baron Hausseman, has not increased the taxation of that city. When it is reflected what immense changes the Baron has wrought—how he took hold of that city of narrow, crooked streets, running in objectless directions, the whole city having grown up gradually through the centuries with about as much general plan as an old homestead to which each succeeding generation puts here an addition, there an out-house, and finally adds another story—when we reflect on this, and think what the Baron has done—how he has remorselessly cut his streets through all obstructions, built here a *boulevard*, there a bridge, left space there for a park, filled up this chasm, and cut down that hill, and, in fine, made Paris a city with a plan, and withal the finest city in the world—we are amazed to hear that all this has been done without increasing the taxation of the city.

The secret of it is simply this: The Baron, for the Government, purchases "bad lots" situated in narrow and inconvenient localities, turns them into beautiful streets and sites and sells them at a great advance. Thus we see that improvement, even in a very poorly built city, if well managed, will pay for itself. The realization of this truth is destined to make great and beneficent changes in all our American cities in times to come. Real improvements will *pay*, at almost any cost.

Size of the Stars.

How large are the stars, and are they alike, or do they differ in size? It used to be conjectured that they are somewhat similar magnitude, presumably about as great as our sun, and that the differences of apparent size are due to differences of distance; but when astronomers came to discover that some of the smaller stars are the nearest to our system, this idea fell to the ground. A German computer has now, however, calculated the actual dimensions of one particular star, and finds that its mass is rather more than three times that of the sun. The star in question is of less than the fourth magnitude—a comparatively small one. What, then, must be the size of the Sirius and Aldebaran class? The reason of its selection for this determination was that it is one of the components of what is called a binary system—two stars revo ving about each other like the sun and planet—and the motions of the members of such a system afford data for the computation. The star's distance from us is a million and a quarter times that of the earth from the sun, so that light takes twenty years to travel hither from it.—*Once a Week.*

WHAT remains of the hull of the Morning Star was raised on Wednesday by the wreckers. It was in good condition except part of the bow.

Gen. Butler's Alleged "Extortion."

SIR: Will you allow me enough of your space to present the facts in the matter of Gen. Butler's "extortion" of money from Messers. Kimberly Brothers? K. & Bros. were Baltimore butchers and sutlers, who, up to the time of Gen. Butler's assuming command of the Department of Virginia and North Carolina, were in possession of the most valuable location on Old Point Comfort without having paid one penny of rent to the Government, whose property it was and i. Supplying the garrison of Fort Monroe and the various bodies of troops passing up the Peninsula with some articles they wanted, and a great many more they did not want and would have been vastly better without, the Kimberleys had amassed a handsome fortune out of this important privilege. Gen. Butler at once determined that an arrangement so unjust to the Government should cease and to this end appointed a Board of Survey, composed of officers and business men, to estimate the value of the franchise and assess accordingly. The bonus or rent decided upon was that which a number of merchants stood ready to give the moment the Messrs. Kimberley should conclude to abandon their enterprise, but which these gentlemen now claim was money "*extorted.*" The other people doing business on the Point were assessed proportionately, but had not one word of complaint to make. It is only necessary to show the *whole* truth in this and the other charges and stories with which rebel malice asperses its most feared and hated enemy, to demonstrate the fact that the army had no commander who more jealously guarded the interests of the Government, or who so economically administered its behests, as Gen. Butler. VERITAS.

New York, July 30, 1868.

Another Rebel Slander Refuted.

BOSTON, July 29, 1868.—*To the Editor of the Boston Journal:* I see in your telegraphic columns a notice that Charles W. Woolley and Kimberly Brothers brought suit against me in Baltimore; in other and less accurate papers that "I was arrested." The first is true, the latter not. The purpose of Woolley's suit is obvious. The telegram adds that the Kimberly suit is "for money extorted from them while I was in command at Fortress Monroe." Both suits were brought by John Surratt's attorney—the latter in order to give occasion for the telegram. Kimberly Brotfiers' claim is for rent paid by them for occupation of government land. A Board of Survey reported that all the occupants of government land for shopkeeping purposes should pay rent, the amount of which the Board fixed. My Provost Marshal collected of the Kimberlys (among others,) and accounted for the rent for which I am sued, and it is telegraphed over the country "for extorting money." This is a specimen of rebel slanders against me, and rebel claims against the government. All respectable papers unwittingly giving currency to this calumny will, I doubt not, give place to the refutation.

Respectfully,
BENJ. F. BUTLER.

HIRAM CALLAHAN, of McHenry Township, Luzerne County, Pa., was bitten by a rattlesnake under rather peculiar circumstances. He was mowing in a field when the snake came in contact with the scythe and was cut in two. They went on round the field until they came to the same point, when they went to move the snake out of the way. One of the men attempted to lift it with the point of the scythe, but failing to do so, Hiram took hold of the piece to which the head was attached, intending to jerk it away, but as quick as lightning the head came back, and the fangs fastened in his thumb so firmly that he could not pull it off except by bringing the piece with it. They then put a bandage around the thumb in order to prevent the flow of the poison to the heart. But in a short time the swelling caused the band to burst. They then tied it around his arm and again it burst. As soon as it could be procured whiskey was administered, but it was thought he would not live.

THE Lippitt Woolen Company, at Woonsocket, has this season fitted up a luxurious bathing room in the mill, where are all the conveniences of hot and cold water, and everything pertaining to such a desirable luxury. It has also established the Lippitt Woolen Company Relief Society, which is designed for the benefit of any of the help why may be sick. The mills corporation pay weekly to its fund, fifty cents, and the operatives, such as may choose to avail themselves of the benefit of the Association, pays from two to ten cents per week, drawing from $1 to $5 per week in case of disability to labor, according to the amount of weekly payments. A large portion of the operatives are members of the Society, and its practical and satisfactory working is beyond a doubt.

A FIRM in New Bedford is making three-wheeled wagons and carriages, which are much liked by those who have tried them. They are said to turn in less space and with less danger of upsetting than four-wheeled vehicles.

A CLERGYMAN in Springfield, Mass., who has a bad habit of adding "ah" to many of his words, told, last Sunday, of "those who had been brought up on the Lord's side-ah."

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞PHALON'S

"PAPHIAN LOTION,"

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE SKIN AND COMPLEXION. Removes all Eruptions, Freckles, Pimples, Moth Blotches, Tan, etc., and renders the Skin soft, fair and blooming. For Ladies in the Nursery it is invaluable. For Gentlemen, after shaving, it has no equal. "PAPHIAN LOTION" is the only reliable remedy for diseases and blemishes of the skin.

PHALON'S "PAPHIAN SOAP"

For the Toilet, Nursery and Bath; will not chap the skin. Price, 25 cents per cake.

"FLOR DE MAYO,"

A new Perfume for the Handkerchief. Exquisite, delicate, lasting fragrance. Sold by all Druggists.

PHALON & SON, New York.

je3:rS-MWF

☞**BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.**

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful, *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. au28:y28

☞**GUIDE TO MARRIAGE.**—Young Men's Guide to Happy Marriage and Conjugal Felicity. The humane views of benevolent Physicians, on the Errors and Abuses incident to Youth and Early Manhood, sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa. my18:s36T

SLATE.

SLATE.

THE TWIN CITY SLATE CO.,
manufacture a superior article of
ROOFING SLATE.
☞Office, 43 Seventh St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
J. S. NEWMEYER, Pres't.
my26:s94

MEDICAL.

FOUND.

That after repeated trials of other remedies, Roback's Stomach Bitters, Blood Purifier and Blood Pills are the best medicines extant to cure the diseases for which they are recommended.

Sold by all Druggists Everywhere.

PILES.

There is no medicine in use so efficacous as Dr. Roback's Blood Purifier and Blood Pills for the permanent cure of Blind or Bleeding Piles; they strike at the root of disease, thereby removing the cause.

Sold by all Druggists Everywhere.

TEMPERANCE.

There is, perhaps, no one thing that has done so much to promote the cause of temperance as that gentle stimulating tonic, Roback's Stomach Bitters; they strengthen and invigorate without producing the ill effects of alcoholic stimulants.

Sold by all Druggists Everywhere.

LIVER PILLS

Are Pills that have a direct and powerful action o the liver, and relieve any inactivity or congeste state of that all important organ upon which depedds the whole process of digestion. The importance, then, of procuring a Pill that shall have such direct action without the ill effects of mercury, is manifest to every one; such Pills are Roback's Blood Pills; they are warranted purely vegetable, and can with certainty be relied upon, and are safe at all times.

Sold by all Druggists Everywhere.

INDIGESTION

Is but another name for Dyspepsia, and the parent of many ills. Roback's Stomach Bitters taken in wine-glass-full doses, directly after each meal, will surely effect a permanent cure. Do not take our word for it, but try them.

Sold by all Druggists Everywhere.

NIGHT MARE

Is one of the many diseases of which Dyspepsia is the parent. To effect a cure persons should avoid hearty food at night, and take a wine-glass-full of Roback's Stomach Bitters on retiring to bed.

Sold by all Druggists Everywhere.

RENOVATE.

During the Spring months it is one of the regular household duties to renovate, and, in the multiplicity of other duties one's own self is, in a great measure, overlooked; thousands of valuable lives might be prolonged, and many doubtless saved from premature graves by thoroughly renovating the system with Dr. Roback's Blood Pills, Stomach Bitters and Blood Purifier.

Sold by all Druggists Everywhere.

MELANCHOLY

Is one of the many disorders of the nervous system, arising from a low state of the constitutional health or severe prostration after long continued sickness, and requires invigorating remedies like Roback's Stomach Bitters to restore the nerves to their natural vitality.

Sold by all Druggists Everywhere.

WHO SELLS THEM?

The Agents for the sale of ROBACK'S BLOOD PILLS, STOMACH BITTERS and BLOOD PURIFIER are all Druggists everywhere.

U. S. PROPRIETARY MEDICINE CO.,
PROPRIETORS,
CINCINNATI, O.
Je17:MWF-F

MANHOOD: HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED! *Just published in sealed envelope. Price, six cents.* A LECTURE ON THE NATURAL TREATMENT, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self Abuse, &c., by Robt. J. Culverwell, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c. "A BOON TO THOUSANDS OF SUFFERERS," sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *postpaid*, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by CHAS. J. C. KLINE & Co., 127 BOWERY, NEW YORK, POSTOFFICE BOX 4586. Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents.
my5:D&WT

"MANHOOD."—Another New MEDICAL PAMPHLET, from the pen of DR. CURTIS. The *Medical Times* says of this work: "This valuable treatise on the cause and cure of premature decline, shows how health is impaired through secret abuses of youth and manhood, and how easily regained. It gives a clear synopsis of the impediments to marriage, the cause and effects of nervous debility, and the remedies therefor." A pocket edition of the above will be forwarded on receipt of 25 cents, by addressing Doctor CURTIS, No. 58 North Charles Street, Baltimore, Md.
jy11:tl

POWDER.

PRICES OF THE

VARIOUS KINDS OF GUNPOWDER,

MANUFACTURED BY THE

HAZARD POWDER COMPANY,

ARTHUR KIRK, Agent,

Office, No. 289 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CANISTER POWDER,

Electric Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 grain, in Square Canisters, 1 lb. each	
American Sporting, in Oval Canisters of 1 lb. each	
Duck Shooting, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4 grain, in Oval Canisters of 1 lb. each	
Indian Rifle, in Oval Canisters of 1 lb. each	
Kentucky Rifle, in Oval Canisters of 1 lb. each	
Kentucky Rifle, in Oval Canisters of ½ lb. each (25 one lb. Oval Canisters in a case.)	
(50 half lb. do. do. do.)	

KEG POWDER.

Kentucky Rifle, FFFG, FFG, and "Sea Shooting" FG, in kegs, 25 lbs	
Kentucky Rifle, FFFG, FFG, and "Sea Shooting" FG, in kegs, 12½ lbs	
Kentucky Rifle, FFFG, FFG, and "Sea Shooting" FG, in kegs, 6¼ lbs	
Deer Powder, in kegs, 25 lbs	
Mining and Shipping Powder, Mining F, FF, and FFF grain, net cash, in kegs, 25 lbs	
Safety Fuse for Blasting, of superior quality, in packages of 50 feet and over	

Delivered free of expense on board of Boat or Railroad, in Pittsburgh or Allegheny.

my27:MWF&T

FLOUR.

SUPERIOR FLOUR,
FROM CROP OF 1868.

We are now receiving a choice lot of Southern Wheat from Tennessee and Alabama, from which we are now manufacturing a superior quality of Family Flour, equal to the best brands in the United States, to which we invite the attention of dealers and consumers. Our sacks are sealed and branded "Crop of 1868, Pearl Steam Mill, Allegheny," with date.
July 2, 1868. R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.
jy:s21

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.

TWO HOUSES AND LOT on Carroll street, Allegheny. This property will be sold low, as the party is about leaving the city, and wishes to dispose of the property before removing.

SAW MILL, TWO DWELLING HOUSES, TWO BARNS, with good FARM, and about 800 acres timber land. This property will be sold low. Cash $2,500—balance on time to suit buyer.

FARM OF 120 ACRES, will be sold for twenty dollars per acre. Improvements comfortable frame house and good barn; 50 acres of the land clear.

FARM OF 180 ACRES, near the line of railroad; very well located for raising stock; improvements are good and substantial; 100 acres of the land in meadow and grass.

CITY PROPERTY.—Will sell a good brick house, containing five rooms, at Sixteen Hundred Dollars, and would rent for the amount in six years.

A LARGE LOT OF GROUND, having a river front, and very convenient of access.

TANNERY, convenient to the city, and having a well established custom or local trade connected therewith; a good dwelling and forty acres of land.

FOUR LOTS in Sharpsburg, near the railroad; would make a good coal yard.

HOTEL FOR SALE.—That fine Hotel property, situated at the Bladrsville Junction, containing fourteen rooms and the necessary outbuildings, with three acres of garden and fruit trees. This well located hotel will be sold low, as the proprietor wishes to retire from business.

FOR RENT.

One large House, for Boarding House.
One new Brick House, 8 rooms.
One new Brick House of 4 rooms.
One new Brick House of 3 rooms.
One House of 5 rooms and lot 55 by 140.
One House of 7 rooms and lot 150 by 150.
Two new Brick Houses, 11 rooms each.
One new Frame House, 4 rooms.
Two new Brick Houses, 3 rooms each.
One new Frame House in Wilkinsburg, having six rooms and large lot, well suited for garden.
7 acres that can be divided into acre lots.
5 Lots in Oakland.
Power and a large Room and Yard for rent, in a good location. Will be rented for short or long time.
FOR LEASE OR SALE—3 Lots on Morton street, Ninth Ward.
WANTED—3,000 feet of Flagging 3 to 4 inches thick.

TO LOAN---$50,000,

IN SUMS OF $5,000 AND UPWARD.

APPLY AT

D. P. HATCH'S REAL ESTATE OFFICE,

No. 91 Grant St., Pittsburgh.
Je29:p18

2,000,000 ACRES OF

CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE,

BY THE

Union Pacific Railroad Company,

EASTERN DIVISION,

Lying along the line of their road, at

$1,00 TO $5,00 PER ACRE,

And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.

For further particulars, maps, &c., address

JOHN P. DEVEREUX,
Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas.

Or CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y,
St. Louis, Missouri.

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE, IN ALLEGHENY CITY.

The Executors of the late General Robinson will sell

Five Valuable Building Lots,

Situated on the North Commons, each lot 24 by 170 feet. These lots are among the most desirable for private residences now to be found in the city. Also, the PANEL CARRIAGE and pair of fine HORSES, with HARNESS complete.
Apply at the office of

JOHN D. ROBINSON,
Je30:s26 No. 14 Federal Street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE.

A RETAIL DRUG STORE,

In a thriving town in Washington county, Penna. Apply to

HARRIS & EWING,
Corner of Liberty and Wayne streets,
Je28:s29 Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE & TO LET.--Houses and Lots for sale in all parts of the city and suburbs. Also, several FARMS in good locations. Also, a small WOOLEN FACTORY, with 20 acres of land, and good improvements, which I will sell cheap and on reasonable terms. Business Houses to let on good streets. Private Dwelling Houses for rent in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD,
Ja22 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

MARSHAL'S SALES.

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, July 25, 1868.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

In accordance with an order of D. E. Nevin, Esq., U. S. Assessor of 23d District of Penna., I will expose to Public Sale, at the Custom House, Pittsburgh, Pa., on TUESDAY, the 4th day of August, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following described property, to wit:

50 BBLS. CUT AND DRY TOBACCO, containing about 3,700 lbs. said Tobacco having been seized April 6th, 1868, by U. S. Inspector H. K. Irwin.

THOS. A. ROWLEY,
jy27:t68 U. S. Marshal.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

In accordance with an order of Henry A. Weaver, Esq., U. S. Assessor of 22d District of Pennsylvania, I will expose to Public Sale, at the Custom House, Pittsburgh, Pa., on WEDNESDAY, the 5th day of August, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following described property, to wit:

125 BBLS. CUT AND DRY TOBACCO, containing about 8,000 lbs.
12 BBLS. FINE CUT AND DRY TOBACCO, (stripped, containing about 780 lbs.

Said Tobacco having been seized April 6th, 1868, by U. S. Revenue Inspector, George Keyser.

THOS. A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal.

U. S. Marshal's Office, July 28, 1868.
jy29:t80

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—The leasehold for a term of about nine years of a Two Story Frame Dwelling House, at corner of Union Avenue and Water streets, Allegheny, (fronting East Common)) having 7 rooms, 3 halls and large bath room. Excellent range in kitchen; hot and cold water up stairs and down; good cellar. Covered porch in front and at side of house. Grape arbor. Lot 30 by 80 feet. Possession soon, if desired.
For terms apply to B. McLAIN & CO.,
jy17 No. 56 Smithfield street.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

115. FOURTH ST. 115.

JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO.,

STOCK AND REAL ESTATE BROKERS

AND AUCTIONEERS,

Are prepared to sell at Auction STOCKS, BONDS, and all kinds of SECURITIES, REAL ESTATE, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., either on the premises or at the Board of Trade Rooms.
Particular attention paid, as heretofore, to the sale of Real Estate at private sale.
Sales of Real Estate in the country attended.
Office, No. 115 FOURTH STREET. jy6:s64

$10.000 TO LOAN,

ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

GEO. M. PETTY,

my15 Real Estate Agent, 60 Smithfield street.

EDUCATIONAL.

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE,
ENGLISH AND FRENCH,
FOR YOUNG LADIES.
BOARDING AND DAY PUPILS,
1527 and 1529 SPRUCE STREET, Philadelphia, Pa., will re-open on MONDAY, Sept. 23d. French is the language of the family and is constantly spoken in the Institute.
MADAME D'HERVI Y, Principal.
Je15:r66-MWF

CARPENTERS & BUILDERS.

WILLIAM J. DICK,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER,
No. 32 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, opposite Rich street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Residence, No. 143 Grant street.
Jobbing done with neatness and dispatch. All orders promptly attended to, and satisfaction warranted. au29:e47:MWF

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

In the District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Pennsylvania. In the matter of C. W. PORTERFIELD, Bankrupt.

IN BANKRUPTCY, No. 931.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of C. W. PORTERFIELD, of Harrison township, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Dated at Pittsburgh, Pa., the 18th day of July, A. D. 1868.

J. W. KIRKER, Assignee,
jy27:t40-M Attorney-at-Law, 87 Fifth street.

WESTERN DISTRICT of PENNSYLVANIA, ss.
At Pittsburgh, July 18th, A. D. 1868.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of SAMUEL J. RANKIN, of the Borough of Sewickley, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.
JAMES W. MURRAY, Assignee,
jy29:t35-M Attorney-at-Law, 116 Fifth street.

WESTERN DISTRICT of PENNSYLVANIA, ss.
At Pittsburgh, the 22d day of June, A. D. 1868.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of JOSEPH R. FRICKE, of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.
JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee,
Je22:r94M Attorney-at-law, 89 Grant street.

WESTERN DISTRICT of PENNSYLVANIA, ss.
At Pittsburgh, July 18th, A. D. 1868.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of ROBERT C. SUTTON, of the city and county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.
JAMES W. MURRAY, Assignee,
jy20:t37-M Attorney-at-Law, 116 Fifth street.

WESTERN DISTRICT of PENNSYLVANIA, ss:
At Pittsburgh, the 18th day of July, A. D. 1868.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of GEORGE W. McGRAW, of the city and county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.
JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee,
jy20:t39-M Att'y-at-Law, 89 Grant street.

WESTERN DISTRICT of PENNSYLVANIA, ss.
At Pittsburgh, July 18th, A. D. 1868.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of SILAS J. McGINNIS, of the city and county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.
JAMES W. MURRAY, Assignee,
jy20:t38-M Attorney-at-Law, 116 Fifth street.

LEGAL.

IN THE MATTER OF THE DIVISION OF SCOTT TOWNSHIP INTO TWO ELECTION PRECINCTS. In the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, No. 581, September Term, 1868.

Notice is hereby given that on Saturday, July 25, 1868, a petition was presented praying the division of said Township into two Election Precincts,—whereupon the Court ordered notice thereof to be given, and that the same would be finally acted upon by said Court on SATURDAY, August 22d, 1868, at which time all persons interested will be heard.
MORELAND, MOORE & KERR,
jy23:t75 Attorneys for Petitioners.

NOTICE.—In Pursuance of an order of the District Court of Allegheny county, made the 18th day of July, 1867, notice is hereby given to the late authorities of the several Districts of Pittsburgh, consolidated by act of Assembly, approved April 6th, A. D. 1867, that the Report of Commissioners appointed by that Court to ascertain the indebtedness, value the property, find the separate indebtedness of said districts, and fix a rate of special tax for the payment thereof, in compliance with the provisions of the before mentioned act, will, on the 8TH DAY OF AUGUST, be confirmed absolutely, unless objection be made to the rate of special tax fixed by said commission, and a decree made accordingly.
JACOB H. WALTER,
jy28:t56 Prothonotary.

NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary having been granted me on the ESTATE OF MARY FANGMEYER, deceased, all persons having claims against her estate will present them to me, duly authenticated, and all persons owing said estate will make payment to me or my attorney, JOHN W. TAYLOR, No. 73 Grant street.
CHRISTOF FANGMEYER.
July 24, 1868. jy28:s41

EXCURSIONS.

SUMMER EXCURSIONS.

THE PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY have on sale at their Office, Union Depot, Pittsburgh,

ROUND TRIP EXCURSION TICKETS,

TO ATLANTIC CITY AND CAPE MAY,

Enabling parties to visit these popular bathing resorts, and return home at a moderate cost.

CAPE MAY PASSENGERS can purchase Tickets to go and return by all Railroad, or they can arrange to take Steamer in either direction, between Philadelphia and Cape May.

EXCURSION TICKETS are also for sale at the above Depot to NIAGARA FALLS, THE OIL REGIONS, GETTYSBURG, and numerous points in Pennsylvania and New York.

☞PAMPHLETS, containing full descriptions of the various Excursion Routes by this Road, can be had on application at the Ticket Office, in the Union Depot.

W. H. BECKWITH,
jy1:s28 TICKET AGENT.

GROCERIES.

WM. MILLER,

(Late Miller & Ricketson,)

Nos. 221 AND 223,

Corner Liberty and Irwin Streets,

Offer to the trade at Low Figures:

150 pkgs. of NEW MACKEREL, in barrels, halves, quarters and kits.
100 chests choice YOUNG HYSON, JAPAN and IMPERIAL TEAS.
50 sacks choice RANGOON RICE.
25 bbls. choice CAROLINA RICE.
75 bbls. LONG ISLAND SYRUP.
50 bbls. SYRUP, choice brands.
100 bbls. N. O. MOLASSES.
50 bbls. BERMUDA MOLASSES.
200 bbls. REFINED SUGAR.
75 hhds. PORTO RICO, CUBA and DEMARARA SUGARS.
200 bags RIO COFFEE.
50 bags JAVA and LAGUAYRA COFFEES.
100 cases IMPORTED CLARET.
250 cases MOET & CHANDON'S CHAMPAGNE WINES.
SCOTCH ALE and LONDON PORTER constantly on hand.

SUNDRIES.

100 casks Soda Ash;
25 " Pearl Ash;
5 " Pot Ash;
1,000 pigs Lead;
300 bbls. White Lime;
50 " Hydraulic Cement;
500 " Pot and Fire Clay;
100 boxes Factory Cheese;
50 " Hamburg Cheese;
25 " Goshen Cheese;

In store and for sale by
JOHN B. CANFIELD & SON,
je30 141 First street.

SUNDRIES.

400 bus Prime Yellow Ear Corn.
300 bus do do Shelled do.
50 bus Prime Barley.
3,000 lbs. Dried Apples.
500 lbs. Dried Peaches.
25 bbls. Sorghum Molasses.
10 bbls. Sweet Cider.
50 doz. Corn Brooms,

In store and for sale by
FETTZER & ARMSTRONG,
je4 16 Market street, corner First.

REFINED SUGARS, for Preserving.—We have a full stock of Lovering's Crushed and Pulverized Loaf and soft White and Yellow Sugar, for sale low by the barrel or at retail, at the Family Grocery Store of
JNO. A. RENSHAW,
jy30 corner Liberty and Hand streets.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS.—Burnett's celebrated Flavoring Extracts, or Ice Cream, Blanc Mange, &c., for sale by the dozen or single bottle, by JOHN A. RENSHAW,
jy30 Cor. Liberty and Hand streets.

INSURANCE.

BEN FRANKLIN

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF ALLEGHENY, PA.

Office in Franklin Savings Bank Buildings,

No. 43 Ohio St., Allegheny.

A HOME COMPANY, managed by Directors well known to the community, who trust by fair dealing to merit a share of your patronage.

HENRY IRWIN.....President.
GEO. D. RIDDLE.....Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Henry Irwin,	D. L. Patterson,	Henry Gerwig,
Geo. R. Riddle,	Jacob Franz,	Gottlieb Faas,
Simon Drum,	J. B. Smith,	Jacob Rush,
W. M. Stewart,	Ch. P. Whiston,	Joseph Craig,
Jos. Lautner,	H. J. Zinkand,	Jeremiah Kohen.

ap10:o35

STATEMENT OF THE

Ben Franklin Insurance Company,

For the year ending JUNE 30TH, 1868:

Capital	$100,000 00
Privilege of increasing to	300,000 00
Premiums and Discount	13,472 37
Paid Return Premiums	55 80
Expense, includ'g Taxes & Commis's	3,461 71
Losses paid	5,673 38
Amount of Outstanding Risks	757,908 33

ASSETS.

Cash on hand	$ 3,715 00
Premium Accounts	976 63
Bonds and Mortgages	14,634 85
Bills Receivable	4,955 00
Stock Notes, payable on Demand	80,000 00
Total Assets	$104,281 48

I certify that the foregoing is correct.

jy23:t53 **GEO. D. RIDDLE, Sec'y.**

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO.,

OF THE CITY OF ALLEGHENY.

Office, in ALLEGHENY TRUST COMPANY'S BUILDING.

FIRE INSURANCE ONLY.

W. W. MARTIN, President
JAS. E. STEVENSON, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

A. H. English	O. H. P. Williams	Jno. Thompson,
Jno. A. Myler,	Jas. Lockhart,	Jos. Myers,
Jas. L. Graham,	Robt. Lea,	C. C. Boyle,
Jno. Brown, Jr.	Geo. Gerst,	Jacob Kopp.

mh25:n34

WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.
ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. ENGLERT, Secretary.
CAPT. GEORGE NEELD, General Agent.
Office, 92 Water street, Spang & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.
Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

DIRECTORS:

Alexander Nimick,	John R. McCune,
R. Miller, Jr.,	Chas. J. Clarke,
James McAuley,	William S. Evans,
Alexander Speer,	Joseph Kirkpatrick,
Andrew Ackleu,	Phillip Reymer,
David M. Long,	Wm. Morrison,
D. Ihmsen.	no27

PENNSYLVANIA

INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH

OFFICE, No. 167½ WOOD STREET, BANK OF COMMERCE BUILDING.

This is a Home Company, and insures against loss by Fire exclusively.
LEONARD WALTER, President.
C. C. BOYLE, Vice President.
ROBERT PATRICK, Treasurer.
HUGH McELHENY, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Leonard Walter,	George Wilson,
C. C. Boyle,	Geo. W. Evans,
Robert Patrick,	J. C. Lappe,
Jacob Painter,	J. C. Fleiner,
Josiah King,	John Voegtley,
Jas. H. Hopkins,	A. Ammon.
Henry Sproul,	jy4:

INDEMNITY

AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.

FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO. OF PHILADELPHIA.

OFFICE, 435 & 437 CHESTNUT ST., NEAR 5TH.

DIRECTORS.

Charles N. Bancker,	Mordecai H. Lewis
Tobias Wagner,	David S. Brown,
Samuel Grant,	Isaac Lea,
Jacob R. Smith,	Edward C. Dale,
George W. Richards,	George Fales.

CHARLES G. BANCKER, President.
EDW. C. DALE, Vice President.
W. C. STEELE, Secretary, *pro tem.*
J. GARDNER COFFIN, AGENT,
North West corner Third and Wood Streets.
mh29:w15

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.
OFFICE, No. 37 FIFTH STREET, BANK BLOCK
Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.
JOHN IRWIN, JR., President.
JOHN D. McCORD, Vice President.
C. G. DONNELL, Secretary.
CAPT. WM. DEAN, General Agent.

DIRECTORS:

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Daily Prayer Meeting—From 12 M. to 12:30 o'clock at the Methodist Church, Fifth street, next door to GAZETTE office.

There are but few Pittsburgh guests at Niagara Falls.

Much drunkenness was observable on the streets yesterday.

The lager beer venders on Troy Hill did a large trade yesterday.

The work of laying the Nicolson pavement on Wood street will be commenced to-day.

Buried.—Mr. Andrew Carter, a very worthy citizen of Mount Washington, was buried yesterday afternoon.

Gen. Grant will probably stop in Pittsburgh on his way home from the west. He will be sure to receive a generous welcome.

Bank of Pittsburgh.—On the fifth page of to-day's paper will be found the Monthly Statement of this time honored institution.

Good Times.—Our merchants are rejoicing in a season of large sales, and in every department of business trade may be said to be brisk.

The Latrobe Accommodation train on the Pennsylvania Railroad now runs to Derry, and will hereafter be called the "Derry accommodation."

Why is it that the great alarm bell which should strike for all is not struck when fires occur in the new districts or in Pipetown? Who will explain?

The regular Sabbath services in the new Bellefield church of Oakland commenced yesterday under the pastoral charge of Rev. D. T. Carnahan, an eloquent and zealous minister.

Fifth Ward Grant and Colfax Club.—The Republicans of the Fifth (old Third) ward, will meet at City Hall this evening for the purpose of organizing a Grant and Colfax Club.

There will be a trot in harness today at Oakland Park, best three heats in five, for one thousand dollars a side, between "Gold Dust" of Wheeling and "Kate Campbell" of this city.

Arrived Safely.—We are glad to learn that Messrs, Samuel McClurkan and Robert Dickey of this city, arrived safely at their native home in Ireland. They will make a tour through England, France, Ireland and Scotland before returning.

Division of Robinson Township.—In the Court of Common Pleas, Saturday morning, John S. Lambie, Esq., filed a petition, signed by residents of Robinson township, asking for a division of the township into two election precincts. The usual order was made.

The Editorial Excursionists to the Rocky Mountains arrived in New York, on their return, on Friday last, and were there dismissed after Garner had secured a large sized photograph of the group. The Pittsburgh representatives returned home on Saturday much pleased with the trip.

Conferee Meeting.—The Conferees of the Twenty-third Congressional District convened according to adjournment Saturday morning at Freeport at 9 o'clock. After balloting a number of times, without nominating a candidate, they adjourned to meet at the same place August 10th at 9 o'clock A. M.

Severely Injured.—While returning from the fire Friday night, Chief Engineer Crow, of the Allegheny Fire Department, was severely injured by being thrown from the "Friendship" hose carriage on which he was seated. He sustained a severe sprain of the wrist and several painful bruises in other parts of the body.

A Post of the G. A. R. was organized in Birmingham, at Shaffer's Hall, on Friday evening last, the following officers being installed: Post Commandant, D. A. Jones; Senior Vice, Thomas E. Keen; Junior Vice, W. E. Weaver; Adjutant, Philip Hoerr; Quartermaster, George S. Wood; Officer of the Day, Henry Sipe; Officer of the Guard, Wm. E. Jones,

Fell from a Roof.—Mr. Joseph Wagner, while engaged in repairing the roof of a house on Avery street, Allegheny, on Friday afternoon, missed his footing and fell to the ground, dislocating one of his ankles and badly fracturing the bones, besides being otherwise seriously injured. He was conveyed to his residence on Robinson street, and received medical attention from Dr. N. W. White.

Letter Carrier's Report.—The following is the letter carrier's report for the month of July: Mail Letters delivered, 79,867; Drop Letters delivered, 12,423; Papers delivered, 31,743. Collections from Lamp Post Boxes: Mail Letters, 51,427; Drop Letters, 4,386; Papers, 1,920. Throughout the business portion of the city five delivery and seven collections are made daily. Collection after 8 P. M.

Misdmeanor in Office.—This charge has been made against Alderman W. O. Johns, before Alderman McMasters, by William Peters, alleged to consist in the accused refusing to furnish a transcript from his docket of a certain case in which James Lindsay was plaintiff and Mr. Peters defendant, judgment being given for $45 and execution issued. A hearing has not yet been had in the case.

Two More Arrested.—The Allegheny police arrested two more of the parties implicated in the attempted rescue of the persons engaged in the disturbance in the Second ward, Allegheny, an account of which we published on Saturday. Wm. Lemmon, one of them, was fined twenty dollars and costs which he paid and was discharged. Stewart, the other man, gave bail for further hearing.

The Case of Capt. Donaldson.—The trial of William B. Donaldson, for murder, and Samuel Barr, Jr., as accessory, came up in the Criminal Court of St. Louis on Friday, and was continued for the State on account of the absence of important witnesses. These witnesses are the two negroes who testified at first to have seen the killing, but who are now *non est*, and it is doubtful if they will be forthcoming.

Fires of the Month—We are indebted to S. T. Paisey, Esq., Superintendent of the Pittsburgh Fire Alarm Telegraph, for the following record of the fires during the past month: There were ten alarms of fire during the month, in giving which ninety-three strokes were struck upon the tower bell. In striking the hour 240 strokes were given upon the bell. The total loss occasioned by the ten fires was $650, which was covered by insurance.

The New Opera House is undergoing a series of repairs and will be thrown open in a renovated condition about the end of the present month. It will continue under the old management, who we hope will give less cause for complaint in the forthcoming season. They have learned from sad experience, and pecuniary loss, we dare say, that the amusement-loving community of Pittsburgh are not to be long trifled with. Our people will liberally patronize a decently conducted temple of the drama, but they will not put up with any imposition on their good nature. If the Opera House shall open with a first-class stock company and its management endeavor to please the public with a liberality hitherto unknown to them, we shall be among the first to rejoice in the change. We shall see what we shall see.

POLITICAL.

Sixth Ward Grant and Colfax Club Organized—Constitution Adopted—Speeches, &c.

According to adjournment, a large number of the Republicans of the Sixth (old Eighth) ward assembled on Saturday evening, in the Ann Street School House, for the purpose of completing the organization of a Grant and Colfax Club.

The meeting was called to order by Jos. Caskey, Chairman of the Committee on Organization, who reported that the Committee had selected Captain Edward S. Wright as President of the Club. The report was accepted, and Mr. Wright unanimously elected.

Capt. Wright took the chair, and after a few remarks the minutes of the previous meeting were read by J. Henry Miller, Secretary. They were approved.

The Chairman then read the names of the permanent officers and members of the different Committees, as chosen by the Committee on Permanent Organization.

On motion of Mr. Mawhinney, the report was accepted and the Committee discharged. Following is the report:

Committee on Military Organization—Richard Everson, John R. Wilson, Wm. Evans, Daniel Linderman, J. R. T. Noble.

Vigilance Committee—S. Wilmot, Chairman; Daniel Linderman, Richard Everson, Henry Kratz, John Wrigley, Henry Tatnell, Daniel Evans, Thomas Jones, Enoch Normicutt, John D. Jones, J. W. Foable, W. M. Everson, Isaac Jones, A. J. Moon, Geo. Beecher, Roese Jones, George Linderman, Phillip James, William Nevins, J. G. Backoven, C. H. King, Jacob Keebler, Matthew Kunkle, W. J. Flinn, John Timmony, D. J. Neil, John Hayden, G. W. Cotter, Thos. Neil, Henry Cook, David Hutchinson, J. M. Robitzer, Robert Fowler, E. S. Morrow, William Fowler, J. A. Wills, George W. Dithridge, James Munn, W. J. Caskey, William Lloyd, R. J. Leonard, D. W. Lloyd, John McMenn, William Dithridge, Robert Coward, Matthew Smith, George Wolf, John A. Schelman, John J. Zelhoner.

President—Capt. E. S. Wright. Vice Presidents—Edward Dithridge, Lewis Kim, R. W. Roberts, Phillip James, J. C. Patterson, Henry E. White, Christian Kohne, J. J. Miller, D. W. Miller.

Secretaries—J. Henry Miller, John A. Sargeant, F. P. Case.

Treasurer—Joseph Caskey.

Executive Committee—James Mawhinney, John D. Evans, John Richardson, Robt. Houston, Henry Meyer, J. A. Sargeant, H. J. Thomas.

Finance Committee—Edward Dithridge, John Wrigley, Samuel Morrow, James Mawhinney, H. Meyer, J. M. Robitzer, W. H. Everson, J. F. Hamilton, Thos. Neely, A. Stettler.

Committee on Speakers and Printing—J. Flinn, John Wrigley, John A. Sargeant, F. P. Case, W. E. DeBarenne.

On Music—J. H. Miller, J. H. Johnson, Robert Houston, Philip Kalkopff, J. W. Foale.

Chief Marshal—Capt. Foster Alward.

The Chairman stated that a Constitution had been prepared by Mr. Caskey for the acceptance of the Club, which he proceeded to read, as follows:

We, the undersigned citizens of the Sixth (late Eighth) ward of the city of Pittsburgh, deeming it our duty not only to ourselves, but also to our country, that the Republican party, which has carried us safely through the rebellion, should be successful in the coming election; therefore be it

Resolved, That we associate ourselves together for the purpose of organizing a Club, to be styled the Sixth Ward Grant and Colfax Club.

Resolved, That the men selected for our standard bearers in this campaign are men who have been tried and found equal to every emergency. We therefore pledge ourselves, each and every one of us, to use all honorable and lawful measures to secure their election.

Resolved, further, That believing in the old adage, that in unity there is strength, and seeing the necessity of presenting an unbroken front to the enemy, we pledge ourselves to the support of the Republican nominees in the October election.

Resolved, That the Sixth ward Grant and Colfax Club keep a minute book for the purpose of receiving the signatures of each and every member, and that the same shall, by so signing, signify that he endorses the principle herein contained, and will use all honorable means for their success.

The declaration of principles was unanimously adopted, and the Secretary was instructed to have it engrossed and prepared ready for signatures.

J. H. Kerr, Esq., was introduced to the club by the President as the speaker of the evening. Mr. Kerr addressed the club at some length, earnestly and eloquently, and was listened to with the greatest attention by all present. The speaker was among the first to enlist in the Union army after the breaking out of the rebellion, and had, before the war closed, served under General Grant. He aided, under the leadership of that great soldier, to defeat rebels, and he was now again enlisted under the same leader for the political campaign against the same enemy and for the same principles.

Mr. Kerr was followed by John S. Lambie, Chairman of the County Committee on Speakers and Meetings, who made a brief but able address.

On motion of J. H. Miller, the thanks of the meeting were returned to Messrs. Kerr and Lambie for their able addresses.

Mr. Wilmot, Chairman of the Vigilance Committee, announced that the Committee would meet at the School House on Thursday evening, at which time it is hoped all will be present.

Notice was also given that the Committee on Military Organization will meet in the Ann street School House on Tuesday (tomorrow) evening.

On motion of Mr. Caskey, seconded by Mr. J. H. Miller, Friday evening of each week was fixed upon as the time for the meetings of the Club, and that they be held alternately at the Ann street and the Second street School Houses. Next Friday evening the Club will meet at the Second street School House.

The Iron City Martial Band, William Robinson leader, was present and favored the meeting with music.

Select Reading Under the Auspices of the Young Mens' Christian Association.

Rev. William Evans, one of the most gifted elocutionists of the country, will give a select reading from favorite authors at the Keystone Rink, Allegheny, to-morrow evening. The selections embrace sentiment, wit and humor, and a rare intellectual treat may be expected by all who attend. Speaking of this great reader, the *Ohio State Journal*, high authority, says: "The readings by the eminent elocutionist and artist, Mr. Evans, were well attended, and the audience, who seemed to delight in the exhibition of true artists worth and merit, were well repaid. Some of the recitations were of the most exalted character, calling into requisition all the elocutionary powers, the fine display of pathos, the excellent modulation of the voice and well-timed gesture, for which Mr. Evans has already achieved an enviable reputation. There were passages so faithfully rendered, in their appeal to the finer feelings of the audience, as to bring tears to the eyes of many, and at the conclusion of the recitations a perfect storm of applause greeted the gifted reader from all parts of the house."

Spoiled his Hat.—Wm. Coleman alleges that while he was standing in the store of Cheap John, on Smithfield street, Henry Harry, employed as a salesman in the establishment, struck him on the head with his hand, tearing the crown out of his hat and destroying it. Alderman McMasters arrested the accused on a charge of assault and battery. The case was finally settled by Harry replacing the hat and paying costs of suit.

CONSECRATION.

Interesting Ceremony — Consecration of Very Rev. T. Mullen, of Allegheny City, as Catholic Bishop of the Erie Diocese.

To fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of the able and pious Bishop Young of Erie, Pa., the Pope of Rome several months ago appointed Very Rev. T. Mullen, of Allegheny City, over that diocese. This selection was heartily endorsed by both clergy and laity, as no Catholic priest in this section of country possesses higher order of learning or more liberal and generous nature. He was fairly idolized by his congregation, and in all elements of society, amongst Catholics and Protestants, he has been regarded as a man of great power and sterling worth and integrity. That his consecration as Bishop in St. Paul's Cathedral yesterday should have attracted a very large audience was not strange, as aside from the pomp and grandeur of the ceremony, there were hundreds present to pay personal tribute to the recipient of the high ecclesiastical honors of the Church. In order to avoid the confusion incident to such occasions, the managers of the Cathedral saw proper to charge an admittance fee of one dollar as a donation to the orphans, but even this precautionary measure did not prevent the spacious church from being uncomfortably well filled. Incidentally we learned that over one thousand dollars were received at the door—quite a handsome amount for a praiseworthy object.

The services commenced at half past ten o'clock, and continued until two. Rt. Rev. Bishop Domenec officiated as Consecrator, assisted by Rt. Rev. Bishop Wood, of Philadelphia, and Rt. Rev. Bishop Rappe, of Cleveland. The Deacons of Honor on the occasion were Rev. E. F. Garland, of this city, and Very Rev. Stickel, of Allegheny. The Deacon of the Mass was Rev. M. F. Devlin, assisted by Rev. J. Nolan as Sub-Deacon. Rev. P. Ward was Master of Ceremonies, and Rev. T. O'Connor and M. B. Ferris Assistants.

On the left of the altar, a temporary altar had been erected for the candidate, and was suitably decorated.

The services commenced with the entrance of the Bishop and his assistants and the Bishop-elect, attended by numerous clergymen, many of them of high distinction, and all clad in full vestments. While the procession was entering, the Papal March was played by the organist and band.

After the Bishop elect had been presented to the Consecrator by the Assistant Bishops, the Apostolic Commission presented, the oath taken, and the examination made, Solemn Pontifical Mass was celebrated. The music was mainly from Haydn's Mass No. 2, but included the Credo, from Mozart's Twelfth Mass. The annointing of the head and hands of the candidate took place, accompanied by the most impressive ceremonies. At the conclusion of the consecration services, the *Te Deum* was sung, while the Bishop passed through the congregation giving his blessing.

The sermon on the occasion was preached by Rev. S. Wall, President of St. Michael's Seminary. The discourse was a most able and eloquent one. The power and the holy character of the Church were dwelt upon, and the newly made Bishop was exhorted to fulfill all the duties incumbent on his new position, and see to it that the Church should be the gainer and not the loser by him.

Attending in the sanctuary, besides the clergymen already named, were Rt. Rev. Bishop Luis, of Fort Wayne; Rt. Rev. Bishop Shannaha, of Harrisburg; Rt. Rev. Boniface Wimmer, O. S. B. Mitred Abbott, of St. Vincent's Monastery, near Latrobe; Rev. Celestine, O. S. B.; Rev. Polarn Morgan, Rev F. Tracy, of Alabama; Revs. Hickey, Burke, Devlin, Kerr, O'Shea, Gibbs, Phelan and Kearney, of the Pittsburgh Diocese; Rev. Mitchell, Rev. Burns, and Rev. T. Ryan, of Summit; Rev. Tobin, Curate of St. Patrick's; Rev. Carroll, and Rev. Mullenberger, of Fort Wayne; Rev. Croade, of Erie; Rev. Crody, of Sugar Creek; Rev. Twigg, of Altoona; Rev. Gallaher, of Huntingdon.

The Vesper service in the evening was largely attended, fully two thousand persons being present. The house was brilliantly lighted, while the central altar was one blaze of burning jets. The newly consecrated Bishop, Rt. Rev. T. Mullen officiated, assisted by a number of clerical attendants. The pulpit was occupied by Bishop Wood, of Philadelphia, who delivered a powerful and eloquent sermon based on the important and august ceremonies of consecration which had been witnessed in the Cathedral during the day. After the benediction of the Blessed Sacrament the congregation dispersed. Rt. Rev. Bishop Domenec, and his assistant clergy, are entitled to the credit of the pomp and magnificence of the solemn and impressive ceremony, which was one of the grandest and most august ever witnessed in the Cathedral.

Conflagration in Allegheny—Utility Works Burned.

Between nine and ten o'clock on Friday night a fire broke out in the foundry department of the Utility Works, corner of Fulton and Juniata streets, Sixth ward, Allegheny. The building was a two story frame, and contained a large quantity of patterns, &c., which were packed on the second floor. The flames reaching them spread with great rapidity, and for a time it seemed as if the entire works, in connection with the adjoining buildings, would be destroyed. The fire department was on the ground in full force, and as the part in which the fire commenced was partially separated from the other portions of the works by a roadway, they directed their efforts to confine the flames to their original place, in which they partially succeeded. The works were owned by Messrs. McLean and Slator, who were extensively engaged in the manufacture of small castings, such as bedstead castings, castors, &c., &c., of which they have on hand a large stock. The greater portion of the works, with the entire machinery, was destroyed, which will throw about forty persons out of employment. At present no correct estimate of the loss can be had, but it will not fall far short of $25,000, on which there is in New York companies an insurance of $15,000. The general impression regarding the origin of the fire is that it originated from some heated castings thrown near some patterns, but this, of course, is only supposition.

Conjugal Felicity.

Quite an amusing scene occurred in a Wylie street ice cream saloon, on Saturday night, which served to prove that matrimony is not always to be considered the happiest lot of man. The saloon was crowded with visitors, and at one of the tables sat a respectable looking gentleman who looked sufficiently strong to protect himself against all ordinary danger. As he was gingerly spooning his ice cream, an infuriated woman came with rapid steps to his side, and exclaiming in a shrill, sharp voice, "Now, you're a pretty husband, are'nt you, here eating ice cream and putting on style, while I am all alone at home," proceeded to cuff him about the head with a parasol she carried in her hands. The poor fellow, as demure as a kitten, followed her home, and a shout of laughter followed the illmated couple as they left the saloon.

Temperanceville Republicans at Work.—On Friday evening last, at the School House in Temperanceville, the Republicans of that district organized a Grant Club, with the following officers: President, John S. Hollingshead; Vice Presidents, C. Robinson, J. S. Hunter, J. W. Ballentine, Jacob Smith, Thomas Hesperger, S. H. French, F. C. Dorrington; Secretary, W. C. Taylor; Treasurer, John Bryant, Sr. The organization having been thus completed, it was resolved that the Club will meet every Friday evening at 7½ o'clock.

Mysterious Disappearance.

Saturday evening a well known resident of Allegheny city mysteriously disappeared under circumstances which lead to the belief that he has been foully dealt with. It appears that about nine o'clock on the night mentioned, Mr. William Plankerton, a butcher doing business in the market, left his stall, market being over, and started to get his horse and wagon, which were at the stable connected with the California House, on the south-east corner of the Diamond. He seems to have gone directly to the stable, as he was seen by the hostler, whom he ordered to feed the horse. He then sat down by the stable for a few minutes and acted as if sick. The hostler put several questions to him to which he gave no answer, which caused the man to go into the tavern and speak to the proprietor, Mr. Fisher, asking him to come out and see what was the matter with Plankerton. Mr. Fisher started out a few minutes after, but met Plankerton, who came through the house and passed out from the bar-room going towards Ohio street, since which time nothing has been seen or heard of him. When he went away from the stall, his coat and vest were left hanging on one of the hooks as though he intended to return in a few minutes. He had with him the proceeds of the evening's sales, and it is supposed some other money, the exact amount of which is not known. The journeyman whom he left at the stall to await his arrival with the wagon, stayed there until about eleven o'clock, finally going over and getting it himself to haul the things home. The missing party was a strictly sober and industrious man, and during the evening stated nothing unusual was noticed about his conduct to attract attention further than his interview with the hostler, which facts lead to the supposition that he had been foully dealt with or put an end to his existence during temporary aberration of mind. He was about forty five years of age and leaves a wife and three children. The affair is shrouded in mystery, and seems when all the circumstances are known, a very remarkable occurrence. Diligent soarch has been made in all probable quarters, but this far nothing has been revealed to throw any light upon it.

The Spruce Alley Vacation.

In the Court of Quarter Sessions, on Saturday, an opinion was given in the case of the Commonwealth vs. William Smith, against whom an indictment was found for maintaining a nuisance in closing up Spruce alley, Ninth ward. A special verdict was rendered in the case by the jury, and on the points of law reserved the following opinion was delivered by Judge Stowe:

"If it were not for the proviso in the act of Assembly under which the defendant claims Spruce alley to have been vacated, requiring the consent of the Councils of Pittsburgh to its vacation before it became absolute or effectual, this prosecution could not be sustained against defendant; but as the very terms of the act require the assent of the Councils to the vacation before the act took effect, and no such assent has been given as was contemplated by the Legislature and is required by the provisions of the law, the defendant stands, so far as this case is concerned, in precisely the same position as though the act had not been passed, and is therefore guilty of nuisance as indicted.

"As the sole object of this proceeding is to test the legal rights of the city of Pittsburgh and the defendant in the premises, and it is clear the defendant acted in good faith under the opinion that the law gave him the right he claims, the sentence of the Court is merely nominal as to fine.

"The judgment of the court, under the special verdict as found by the jury, is, that William Smith is guilty of nuisance in obstructing Spruce alley in manner and form as indicted, and that he pay a fine of one dollar and the costs of prosecution, and that the nuisance charged in the indictment be abated within sixty days."

Serious Stabbing Affray in Allegheny—The Perpetrator at Large.

Saturday afternoon a serious stabbing affray occurred in Allegheny which is likely to result fatally to the victim. It seems from what we could learn of the case that a colored man, (we did not learn his name,) was driving along the Butcher's Run road, in the Seventh ward, when he was approached by three men, one of whom asked him if his name was Williams. Being answered in the negative, the interrogator, it is said, without any provocation stabbed him in the back, inflicting a very serious wound. The injured man was conveyed to his residence and medical aid summoned. The perpetrator and his companions in the meantime made good their escape, and notwithstanding all the vigilance of the police, nothing has been heard of the party since. The victim, it appears, can give no particular description of his assailant, which fact renders his arrest very difficult. Grave fears are entertained as to the final termination of the affair, the injury being of such a serious character as to render the life of the injured man very precarious.

Injunction Applied For.

In the Court of Common Pleas, on Saturday, a bill in equity was filed on behalf of James Andrews, in which the Court is asked to issue an injunction restraining Thompson Bell and Robert Pollock from interfering with a road leading to complainant's property. The bill sets forth that the property of complainant, situated in the Third ward, Allegheny, was purchased from Thompson Bell, and that according to the terms of sale, a road was laid out leading to the same, and on which a right of way was granted. Since that time, under the direction, it is alleged, of Mr. Bell, Robert Pollock has had the fence erected along the line of the road as a protection torn down, and has altered the road bed, thus dessroying complainant's means of access to his property. The argument on the motion for an injunction was postponed until Saturday next,

Insane from Sunstroke.

Mr. Oyer, residing in Lower St. Clair township, on Thursday last had his attention attracted to a man standing in the road near his premises during a heavy shower of rain. He questioned him, but without learning anything satisfactory. Mr. Oyer then induced him to go into his house, and finally concluded that he was laboring under aberration of mind. Mr. O. kept him at his house until Friday and called in several physicians, who settled down to the conclusion that his condition was produced by sunstroke. From papers found in his possession it appeared his name was John Schwendinger, and that he sailed from Bremen on the 27th of June, ult. On Saturday he was given in charge to the authorities and will probably be sent to Dixmont for treatment.

An Officer Attacked.

Mayor Blackmore on Saturday held Frank Hastings in the sum of $500 for his appearance at court, to answer a charge of aggravated assault and battery, preferred against him by officer Wilmot. The officer alleges that a few evenings since, while he was endeavoring to arrest a man for disorderly conduct on the streets, some friends of the prisoner assaulted him with sticks and stones. He was struck on the shoulder with a brick and otherwise injured, although he held on to the fellow and lodged him in jail. Hastings was arrested on Friday evening, being as is alleged one of the parties to the rescue and the one who threw the brick which struck the officer. Hastings procured bail as stated and was released.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed of record before H. Snively, Esq., Recorder, August 1st, 1868.

James Kelly to Joseph Slattenfield, May 4, 1841, two lots in Wilkinsburg, number 25 and 28, in Kelly's plan, on Main street, 134 by 264 feet.....$100

John Thompson to Patrick L. Loughrey and A. Doogen, November 19, 1867; lot in the Eighth ward, Pittsburgh, on Forbes street, 20 by 131 feet.....$2,000

John Gaidel to George Shellhass, July 7, 1868; lot in the Third ward, Allegheny, No. 4, in William West's plan, in Perry street, 20 by 46 feet.....$2,260

Henry Ehlers to C. W. Ehlers, July 25, 1868; lot in the Fourth ward, Allegheny, on South Canal street, 23 by 110 feet, being lot No. 173, in Warren, Painter and Lorenz's plan.....$2,500

Benjamin E. Miller to Thomas A. Mellon, July 31, 1868; lot in Collins township, now Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh, containing nineteen acres and fifty-eight perches.....$31,230

C. H. Love to Nicholas Schiessman, August 15, 1867; lots Nos. 185, 186, 187 and 188, in the Lorenz farm, fronting on Quarry and Virginia avenues.....$

Samuel B. Cluley, Sheriff, to John Barton, March 28, 1868; interest of Joseph Irwin in lot on Ohio street, Second ward, Allegheny, 30 by 240 feet.....$5,900

John Barton same property above described to Joseph H. and Guyan M. Irwin.....nominal

Elizabeth Long to heir of Samuel Hamilton, dec'd, June 20, 1865; interest in a lot in Plum township, containing one hundred and eighty acres and sixty-three perches.....$725

John M. Best to Samuel Hamilton, July 27, 1864; interest in the above described tract.....$750

W. M. Clancy to Thomas Jones, Jr., July 28, 1868; lot in the Fourth ward, Allegheny, in General Robinson's plan.....$5,500

Hugh Clancy to William M. Clancy, July 21, 1868; the above described property.....$1,500

Stephen Brannon to Joseph Ingham, March 12th, 1868; interest in a lot in Shaler township, containing one hundred and thirty acres, more or less.$700

Thomas Kennedy to George Bender, April 21, 1868; lot in East Birmingham, on Sarah street, 20 by 120 feet.....$1,200

Anton Weber to John Eisenworth, July 14th, 1868; lot in East Birmingham, on Edward's alley, 20 by 60 feet to Joseph street.....$625

Valentine Wenzel to John Baethel, June 16, 1868; lot in East Birmingham, in Carey alley, 20 by 60 feet.....$300

C. Hanson Love to James McCormick, July 14, 1868; tract of land in North Fayette township.....$1,575

Robert Robinson to John J. Shutterly, June 1867; six lots in Indiana township.....$2,880

Deed of release of Henry W. Alexander to James Miller, April 12, 1868; several lots in Allegheny City.....Nominal.

George Johnston to William Devine, July 15, 1868; lots No. 2 and 3 in Gazzam's plan in the Thirteenth Ward, on Braddock street, 57 by 72 feet.....$1,100

George Ledlie to David Luker, May 27, 1842; lot in Allegheny City, on Carroll street, 27 by 100 feet.....$250

James Miller to Benjamin F. Luker, July 28, 1868; the above described lot.....$6,500

Oswald Warner, administrator to Catharine Shaler, March 21, 1868; four lots on Mount Washington, Nos. 5, 6, 7 and 8, in C. Shaler's plan, on Shaler street, 160 by 225 feet.....$800

George Y. Warner to Robinson Hillis and W. Quigely, October 2, 1867; lot No. 13 in Warner's plan, in Liberty township, 41 by 273 feet.....$1,700

Josephine Schmidt, executors to Wm. Strain, March 31, 1858; lot in Stewartstown, on Locust street, 40 by 116 feet.....$400

John Schaefer to George A. Schaller, June 27, 1868; two lots in Chartiers township, No. 145 and 146, in the plan of the Lorenz farm, on Union avenue, 50 by 100 feet.....$1,000

MORTGAGES.

Same day eight mortgages were filed of record.

U. S. Court—Judge M'Candless.

Judgments were entered against John C. G. Black, late postmaster of Greensboro, Greene county, and his sureties, for the sum of $249 50.

In the bankruptcy branch of the Court the following business was transacted:

Andrew J. Teeter, of Bradford county, Almon G. Stark, of Wyoming county, and Nathaniel B. Stevens, of Bradford county, were finally discharged.

Petitions for final discharge were filed by John Y. Smitten, Archibald Smitten, David Knox, and Charles Lewis of Indiana county, and F. M. Scott, of Beaver county, and the usual orders were made.

Levi and Benjamin Hauck, of Union county, against whom a petition for adjudication in bankruptcy was filed on the fifth of June last, by S. A. Coyle & Co., of Philadelphia, were adjudged by the Court to be bankrupts, and the matter referred to J. M. Weistling, Esq., Register of the Fourteenth district of Pennsylvania.

On application of James W. Murray, Esq., assignee of the estate of George Mahaffey & Co., the Court granted leave to said assignee to dispose of certain personal property at private sale.

Burglary—Musical Thieves.

The well-known music store of Messrs. Barr, Knake & Buettler, No. 12 St. Clair street, was entered by one or more burglars on Saturday night or early on Sunday morning, and a large quantity of valuable goods taken. The entrance was effected through a rear window of the establishment which was reached by means of a ladder improvised for the occasion by nailing together pieces of wood which had been left in the yard. The firm cannot exactly estimate their loss, but it will probably exceed five hundred dollars. Chief of Police Green has the case in hand, and unless we mistake his vigilance an arrest must follow. The thieves tampered with the safe, endeavoring to blow the lock off with gunpowder, but their efforts in that direction were futile.

Good Bread.

Any article that is not only good, but superior, will rapidly win its way into public favor. No household word is now more familiar than that of Ward's bakery, where it is universally acknowledged can be procured as good, light, pure and wholesome bread as in any other place in the State. The great secret of the success of this well organized establishment lies in the fact that nothing but the choicest quality of flour is used, purely vegetable yeast employed and the utmost care and skill used in kneading and baking. Persons who desire bread far superior to that home-made will leave their orders at Ward's Bakery, No. 40 Palo Alto street, Allegheny.

Annual Commencement.

The annual commencement of the Washington and Jefferson College will take place on Thursday, the 6th Inst. Rev. Jno. Hall, D. D., of New York, will address the Students' Christian Association on the evening of the 4th, and the address to the Philo and Franklin Literary Societies will be delivered on the evening of the 5th, by Rev. Chas. Elliott, D. D., of Chicago. The addresses by the graduating class, the Masters' oration and President Edwards' Baccalaureate will be made on Thursday evening, the 6th inst. The class of 1858 will have a re-union during the present week.

Academy of Music.—Under very favorable auspices and before a very large audience, the brief season of seven nights of Gov. J. C. Foster's dramatic and pantomimic company was commenced on Saturday night. The stock company is very good, and while all are worthy special attention, we must select Hernandy and Frank Foster for special mention as graceful and artistic pantommists. A decidedly good bill is offered to-night, when we expect to see another large audience in attendance. We hope in the end that Gov. Foster will have no reason to regret his advent into the city, in which he has whole brigades of friends and admirers.

Alleged Felonious Assault.—Mary Gallagher made information before Alderman M'Masters on Saturday against Philip Chinks for felonious assault and battery. Mary alleges that she has been in the employ of Chinks, who is about sixty years old, as housekeeper, for about two weeks, and she says that on Friday Chinks came to his domicil in Louse Row, Fifth ward, in a state of intoxication. For some reason becoming angry he tore a silk dress belonging to her so badly as to ruin it, and ended by chasing her out of the house with a knife. Chinks was arrested and held to bail in the sum of $500.

Allegheny Mayor's Office.—This institution was well patronized on Saturday evening, and at the Mayor's levee yesterday morning eighteen breakers of the law, most of them drunks, filed out to receive their reward. The greater portion paid their fines, but some few being unable to raise the wind were sent over to the Hill for a season.

Five Drunks snoozed away the effects of an overdose of the exhiliarating beverage in the lock-up last evening.

Hydraulic Cow Milker.—See advertisement in another column. 6t.

New and Useful.

Hon. Simon Drum, Mayor of Allegheny, has earned the grateful thanks of all hou keepers, house-owners and house-builde by his invention of convenient, simple a safe self-fastening, adjustible (right a left) and durable shutter hinges, much perior to any rival invention in the mark This hinge is easily adjusted to the shut requiring but half the labor of other hin and therefore justly in great favor w carpenters. Mr. Drum is also the inv of Drum's Patent Sash Pulley. This ley is without a flange, its bearing is tirely on the casing, presents a much ne finish, can be fitted in half the time, will bear a much heavier pressure thar flanged pulley, and for this reason is ferred by all house carpenters who seen it. Every owner or occupant house will appreciate the great conveni of these two simple and useful impr ments, and will be glad to know their evident superiority to all ot renders a large demand so certain Llyingston & Co., already known the perfection and smoothness of the rious light castings manufactured at Foundry, on Washington avenue, nea Outer Depot, Allegheny, have secure right to manufacture the aforesaid us articles under Mr. Drum's patent, an the purpose of supplying the rapidl creasing demand for them, are erectin extensive addition to their foundry b ings. We are glad to know that alread ders are coming in from nearly every V ern State. We foresee a like popularity demand from the East, and a rapid disp ment everywhere of the many worth contrivances hitherto in use. Such i nuity and enterprise are needful to n tain and advance the renown of Pittsb as the great emporium of manufactu Let them be encouraged.

At Wm. Semple's, 180 and 185 Fed Street, Allegheny.

Bleached Muslin,
Unbleached Muslin,
Pillow Case Muslin,
Shirting Check,
Ticking, Prints,
Delaines, Alpacas,
Cotton Table Diaper,
Towels, Toweling,
Cassimeres, Jeans,
Honey Comb Quilts,
Balmoral and Hoop Skirts,
White and Colored Corsets,
Gents White Shirts,
Hosiery, Handkerchiefs,
Bonnets, Sundowns,
Hats, Ribbons, flowers,
&c., &c., &c.,
A very large stock,
At low prices,
Wholesale and Retail,
At Wm. Semple's, 180 and 182 Feder Allegheny.

Notice.—All persons are hereby w against purchasing the right to R Patent Brick Kiln, in the counties o and Allegheny, Pa., from or throug Murray Moorhead, as his title to the was obtained by false representatio without consideration. Moorhead sents himself as agent of Shepherd proved Brick Press, manufactured Combination Brick Press Co. at New One of these machines, just now, whic been well tried, and has never made a b and which was sold by the said Moor for $2,000 cash, can be bought at liamsport, Pa., for about the price o iron. E. V. WINGARD Sole owner of Rader's Patent Ki

The Purest and sweetest Cod Live in the world, manufactured from f healthy livers, upon the sea shore; it is fectly pure and sweet. Patients who once taken it can take none other. for "Hazard and Caswell's Cod Liver manufactured by Caswell, Hazard & New York. Sold by all druggists.

Good Chance for Investment.—We the attention of parties wishing to en in the wholesale and retail grocery busi to an advertisement on the fifth pag to-day's paper. The store is doing a business and is offered for sale on acc of the present owners ret ring from ness.

Pure Fruit Syrups, viz: Pine A Orange, Strawberry, Raspberry, B berry, Sarsaparilla, Lemon and Raspb Vinegar, at the lowest prices at 112 Fe street, Allegheny city.
jy25:1w GEORGE BEAV

Likeness of Grant.—Full-sized portr Grant, on colored card board, the bes cheapest likeness to be had, for twenty cents, at No. 84 Fifth street. d

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAK No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburg COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, a ery description of Funeral Furnishing Good nished. Rooms open day and night. Hear Carriages furnished.
REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., R W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Ja Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UND TAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, cor SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVE Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROO constantly supplied with real and imitation wood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at pric rying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for ment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; al kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Offic at all hours, day and night.

ROBERT T. RODNEY, UND TAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 STREET, Allegheny, and No. 80 DIA SQUARE, (by John Wilson & Bros.,) keeps on hands the best Metal, Rosewood, Walnu imitation Rosewood Coffins. Walnut Coffins $35 upwards. Rosewood Coffins $20 upwar other Coffins in proportion. Carriages and H furnished at low rates. Crape, Gloves, Pla Engraving furnished gratis. Office open da night.

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